

# Ruckus SmartCell Insight™ User Guide

Supporting SmartCell Insight<sup>™</sup> 5.1.2

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# **About this Document**

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	Related Documentation
	Documentation Feedback

### **Overview**

This  $SmartCell\ Insight\ User\ Guide\$ provides instructions about how the Ruckus Wireless  $^{\text{\tiny{M}}}$  SmartCell Insight (SCI) application works, the reports that it generates, and how to use these reports.

This guide is written for service operators and system administrators who are responsible for managing, configuring, and troubleshooting Wi-Fi networks. This guide assumes basic working knowledge of local area networks, wireless networking, and wireless devices.

#### NOTE

Refer to the release notes shipped with your product to be aware of certain challenges when upgrading to this release.

Most user guides and release notes are available in Adobe Acrobat Reader Portable Document Format (PDF) or HTML on the Ruckus Wireless Support Web site at https://support.ruckuswireless.com/contact-us.

### **Document Conventions**

The following two tables list the text and notice conventions that are used throughout this guide.

#### **TABLE 1** Text conventions

Convention	Description	Example
monospace	Represents information as it appears on screen	[Device name]>
monospace bold	Represents information that you enter	[Device name]> set ipaddr 10.0.0.12 ruckus# show running-configap-heartbeat
default font bold	UI components such as screen or page names, keyboard keys, software buttons, and field names CLI command names and keywords	On the <b>Start</b> menu, click <b>All Programs</b> .  ruckus# show running-config ap-heartbeat
italics	Publication titles  CLI command modifiers and variables.	Refer to the SmartZone <sup>TM</sup> (SZ) 100 and Virtual SmartZone Essentials (vSZ-E) Command Reference for more information <b>ap-</b> mac

#### **TABLE 2** Notice conventions

Notice Type	Description
NOTE Information that describes important features or instructions	

#### **TABLE 2** Notice conventions (continued)

Notice Type	Description
CAUTION	Information that alerts you to potential loss of data or potential damage to an application, system, or device
WARNING	Information that alerts you to potential personal injury

# **Related Documentation**

For a complete list of documents that accompany this release, refer to the Release Notes.

### **Documentation Feedback**

Ruckus Wireless is interested in improving its documentation and welcomes your comments and suggestions.

You can email your comments to Ruckus Wireless at: docs@ruckuswireless.com

When contacting us, please include the following information:

- Document title
- Document part number (on the cover page)
- Page number (if appropriate)

# **SmartCell Insight Overview**

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# **SmartCell Insight Introduction**

SmartCell Insight (SCI) is a big data analytics and reporting platform that enables efficient management of wireless networks. SCI provides visibility into network performance, operation, and planning of Ruckus wireless networks.

SCI also provides predictive analytics through automated machine learning, without requiring manual configuration.

SCI uses scale-out architecture with support for clustering. A single instance of SCI can collect, process, correlate and aggregate data from more than 100,000 access points.

SCI helps manage and optimize a wireless network by providing analytics, reporting, and key performance indicators (KPIs) about devices, users, applications, access points, controllers, and more. SCI has several pre-built dashboards/reports, in addition to the ability to slice-and-dice data in Data Explorer to create custom reports.

SCI supports Ruckus SmartZone and Ruckus ZoneDirector controllers.

#### NOTE

All values in the reports, except AP counts, are approximate values unless otherwise stated.

### **Definition of Terms**

The following are terms used in SCI.

#### **TABLE 3** Definition of Terms

Term	Definition	
User Traffic		
User Traffic	Traffic volume, which is transmitted and received in IEEE 802.11 MAC Service Data Unit (MSDU) data frames. This includes all unicast, multicast and broadcast traffic. User Traffic = Rx User + Tx User	
Rx User Traffic volume, which is received by AP (Access Point) in IEEE 802.11 MAC Service Data Unit (MSDU) data frames. This includes all unicast, multicast and broadcast traffic.		
Tx User	Traffic volume, which is transmitted by AP (Access Point) in IEEE 802.11 MAC Service Data Unit (MSDU) data frames. This includes all unicast, multicast and broadcast traffic	
Management Traffic		
Management Traffic	Traffic volume, which is transmitted and received in IEEE 802.11 control and management frames. This includes all unicast, multicast and broadcast traffic. Abbreviations <i>Mgmt</i> or <i>Mgt</i> are frequently used in the user interface. Mgmt Traffic = Rx Mgmt + Tx Mgmt	
Rx Mgmt	Traffic volume, which is received by AP (Access Point) in IEEE 802.11 control and management frames. This includes all unicast, multicast and broadcast traffic.	

#### **TABLE 3** Definition of Terms (continued)

Term	Definition
Tx Mgmt Traffic volume, which is transmitted by AP (Access Point) in IEEE 802.11 control and management frames. Tall unicast, multicast and broadcast traffic	
Total Traffic	
Total Traffic	Is the sum of the user traffic and management traffic.
Rx Total	Is the sum of the Rx user traffic and management traffic.
Tx Total	Is the sum of the Tx user traffic and management traffic.
Relationship between	various traffic metrics
Total Traffic =	User Traffic + Management Traffic = Rx Total + Tx Total
<ul><li>Rx Total = Rx</li></ul>	User + Rx Managemet
• Tx Total = Tx	User + Tx Managemet
<ul> <li>User Traffic =</li> </ul>	Rx User + Tx User
Managemet Traffic = Rx Managemet + Tx Managemet	
Average Traffic Rate	Traffic volume divided by the selected time period, displayed in bits per second. For example, if the traffic volume for a 15 minutes period is 100GB, the average traffic rate is 889Mbps.
Unique Client	A Wi-Fi client, uniquely identified by its MAC address.
	<b>NOTE</b> All Radios unique count will not be larger than the sum of the 2.4GHz and 5GHz radios. This is because a Wi-Fi client could connect to both radios within the selected time granularity, and All Radios unique count will consider this client as a single count.
Session	In SCI, session refers to IEEE 802.11 session. This is an OSI Layer 2 session that is established when a Wi-Fi client associates to an access point and it ends when the client disassociates from the access point.
	NOTE This is NOT the same as OSI Layer 7 application layer sessions, like a HTTP session, telnet session, etc. More often than not, a single IEEE 802.11 session cannot support multiple application layer sessions, and the creation and termination of IEEE 802 sessions are often transparent to the user at the application layer.

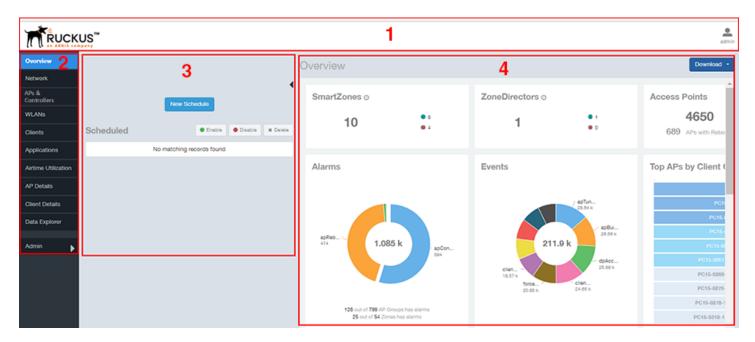
# **Navigating the SCI User Interface**

The SCI user interface consists of four major sections: a header panel at the top, a navigation bar to the left of the screen, an expandable Schedules panel, and the main content panel.

Use the navigation bar on the left side of the screen to access any of the built-in reports, customize the way you view your data using the Data Explorer, or configure administrator settings.

The following image illustrates the four main sections of the SCI user interface. Refer to the table below for descriptions of each web interface element.

#### FIGURE 1 SCI web interface elements



**TABLE 4** SCI web interface elements

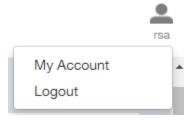
No.	Name	Description
1	Header Panel	Displays the currently logged in user profile. Click the user icon to update the profile or change the password as required.
2	Navigation Bar	Contains links that take you to the various dashboards and the Data Explorer cubes and Admin console.
3	Schedules Panel	Allows you to create schedules for generating and delivering reports.
4	Content Panel	This large section contains the content of the page you are currently viewing.

### **Header Panel**

The header panel contains information about the user.

When you click the user icon \_\_\_ a pop-up appears with two options.

#### FIGURE 2 User Information pop-up



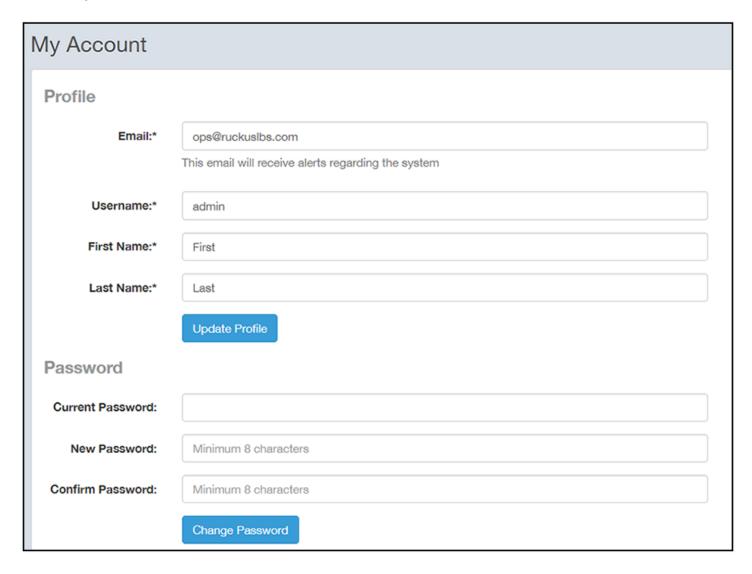
#### SmartCell Insight Overview

Header Panel

#### Click the:

- My Account link to launch the My Account screen and enter user information.
- Logout link to log out of SCI.

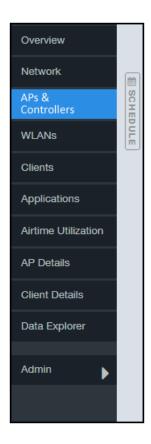
#### FIGURE 3 My Account



You can add profile information such as email ID for the user, and click the **Update Profile** button to save the change. You can also enter, change and confirm your password, and click the **Change Password** button to save the changes.

# **Using the Navigation Bar**

Use the navigation bar to access all dashboards of the SCI, as shown in the following figure.



The main actions you can take from the navigation bar include:

- Using the **Admin** console. The Admin console is where you add controllers to your network. The admin console also shows the health of the system and checks for updates. Links to view the status of external sources that SCI uses, such as Hadoop, Spark and Druid, are also provided.
- Using Data Explorer. Data Explorer is a custom reporting tool that allows you to manipulate an OLAP (Online Analytical Processing) cube to address the needs of a wide variety of users. Refer to Data Explorer and Data Cubes on page 97 for details.
- Generating reports. The remaining dashboards in SCI can be used to generate reports.
  - To filter the content displayed, click either the **AP SSID Radio** filter or the **Time Period** filter. For more information about using filters to generate specific reports, refer to the Working With Filters on page 25
  - To download a copy of the content currently displayed on the screen, click **Download**, and select **CSV** or **PDF** as the file type.

## **Using the Scheduler**

The Scheduler allows you to create schedules to generate reports to be sent out to recipients.

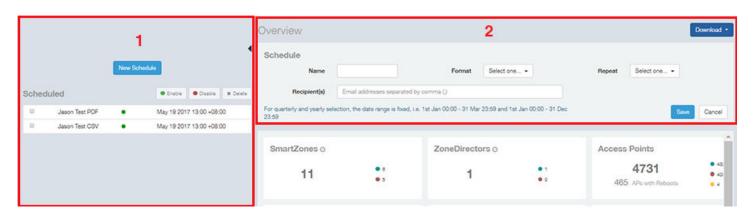
To invoke the Scheduler, click the thin "Schedule" frame just to the right of the navigation bar in any of the report dashboards. The example below is from the Overview dashboard.

#### FIGURE 4 Schedule frame to click to invoke Scheduler



The Scheduler allows you to create reports at set dates and times. The area numbered 1 in the figure below contains the Schedules frame. The black arrow head at the top right hand corner of the Schedules frame works like a toggle switch, and allows you to expand or collapse the frame. Select the **New Schedule** button on the top of the Scheduler to create a new schedule. The **Create Schedule** screen appears, as shown in the area numbered 2 in the figure below.

#### FIGURE 5 Scheduler on the Overview Dashboard



- Name: Enter the name of the schedule.
- Format: Select the format of the report from the drop down list, either PDF or CSV.
- Repeat: Select a time frame for the schedule, whether Daily, Weekly, Monthly, Quarterly, or Yearly. If you select Daily, you also need to set the hour from the Hour drop down list. If you select Weekly, you also need to set the Day of Week and Hour. If you select Monthly, you also need to set the Day of Month and Hour. If you set Quarterly or Yearly, the date range is fixed before hand.
- **Recipient(s)**: Enter the email addresses of one or more recipients. If you have more than one email address to enter, separate the email addresses with a comma.

Click **Save** to save the schedule details. A new schedule is created and listed in the Schedule frame numbered 1 in the figure above.

#### NOTE

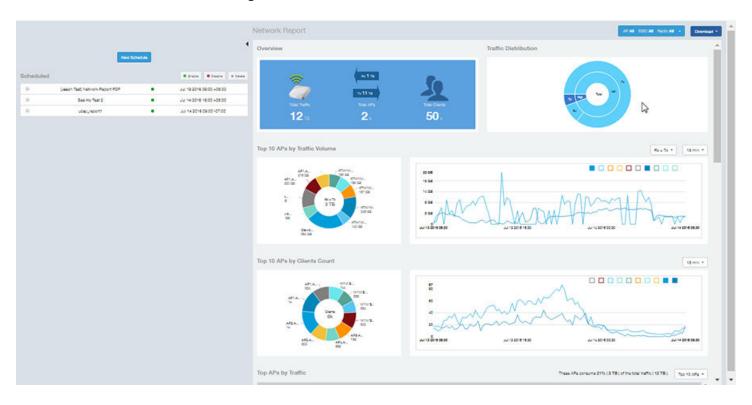
The Scheduler creates reports one hour after the specified time regardless of whether data exists.

The Schedule frame contains the list of created schedules, and above this list of schedules, the **Enable**, **Disable**, and **Delete** buttons. Select the schedule from the list and click the:

- Enable button to activate the schedule.
- **Disable** button to deactivate the schedule.
- **Delete** button to remove the schedule.

The schedule frame is integrated into all the report dashboards. All the filters and functionality of the dashboards can be used to create reports to be sent at specific dates and times to recipients. A sample Network dashboard is shown in the figure below. Refer to the specific dashboard for the description of how the dashboard and filters work.

#### FIGURE 6 Network Dashboard Containing Schedules



# **Overview Dashboard**

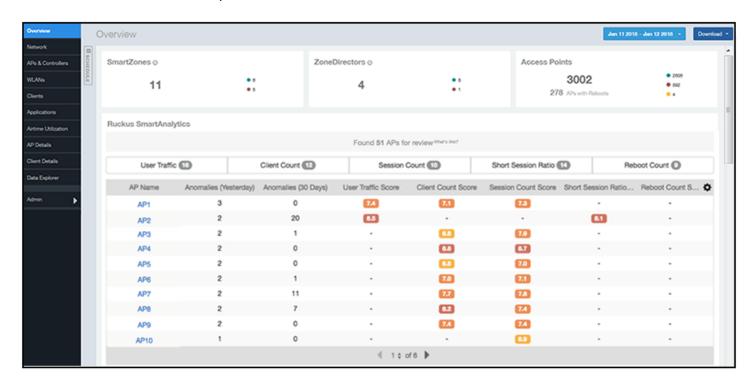
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# **Using the Overview Dashboard - Content Panel**

The Overview dashboard is the main dashboard that is displayed when you log in to SCI. It provides an overview of some important statistics of your WiFi network, shown in the figures below.

The purpose of this section is to describe the areas of the content panel of the Overview dashboard.

#### FIGURE 7 Overview Dashboard - Top Portion



The areas shown in this portion of the Overview Dashboard are:

- SmartZones Displays the number of SmartZone controllers being used in your WiFi network. The green and red dots depict how many of these controllers are active and inactive. For more information on the controllers that you have registered, go to the Admin Console > Settings portion of SCI.
- ZoneDirectors Displays the number of ZoneDirector controllers being used in your WiFi network. The green and red dots depict how many of these controllers are active and inactive. For more information on the controllers that you have registered, go to the Admin Console > Settings portion of SCI.
- Access Points Shows the number of APs in the network. Green and red status indicates if they are up or down, and yellow indicates other statuses, such as "Provisioned," "Discovery," and "Rebooting."

• Ruckus SmartAnalytics - For information about how to use Smart Analytics, refer to Using Ruckus Smart Analytics on page 19.

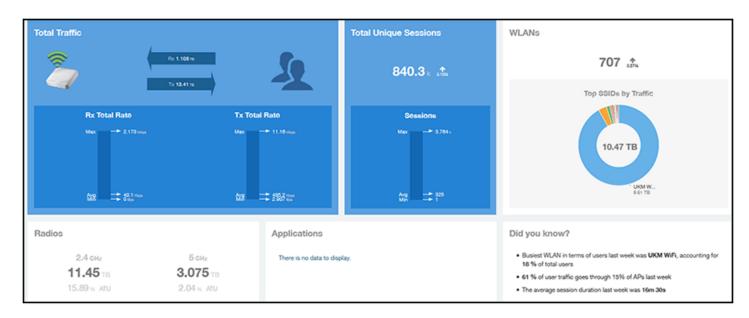
#### FIGURE 8 Overview Dashboard - Middle Portion



The areas shown in this portion of the Overview Dashboard are:

- Alarms Displays the most frequently occurring alarms in the network. Hover over a color or name to display the full name of the alarm. Go to the Data Explorer dashboard for more information about events.
- Events Displays the most frequently occurring events in the network. Hover over a color or name to display the full name of the event. Go to the Data Explorer dashboard for more information about events.
- Top APs by Client Count Displays the APs being accessed by the most clients. This information is also represented in more detail in the Network Dashboard.

#### FIGURE 9 Overview Dashboard - Lower Portion



The areas shown in this portion of the Overview Dashboard are:

- Total Traffic Shows statistics about traffic received and transmitted by the access points, including the maximum and minimum rates of traffic. Go to the Network dashboard for more information about traffic.
- Total Unique Sessions Shows the number of IEEE 802.11 sessions between all clients and APs on the network. Go to the Data Explorer dashboard for more information about sessions.
- WLANs Displays the top SSIDs by traffic, which is also shown in the WLANs dashboard. Hover over a portion of the pie display to obtain more information about each SSID.
- Radios Displays client data usage, in terabytes, for both the 2.4 GHz and 5.0 GHz networks. For more information about radios, go to the Airtime Utilization dashboard.
- Applications Shows the applications being used more frequently by the clients in the network. For more information about applications usage, go to the Applications dashboard.
- "Did you know?" Provides a short bulleted list about your system, such as the average duration of a session for a week, or the busiest SSID. The "Did you know?" section is updated every time you return to the Overview dashboard.

### **Using Ruckus Smart Analytics**

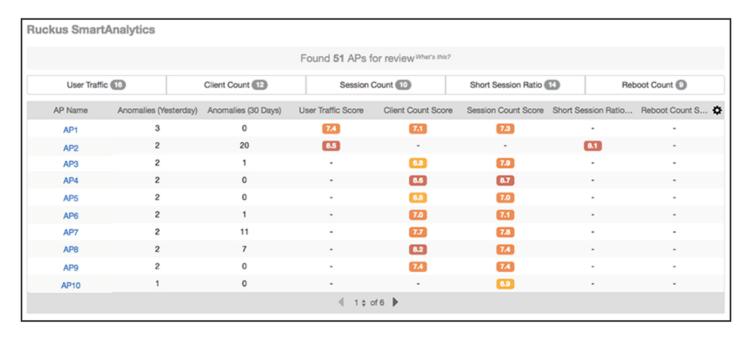
Ruckus Smart Analytics uses advanced analytics techniques to identify APs that are exhibiting different-from-normal behavior, and flags them for review.

If an AP is flagged for review, it does not necessarily mean that there is a problem with the AP. It just means that Ruckus Smart Analytics detected outside-of-normal behavior for that AP. An AP is flagged for review under the following conditions:

- User Traffic: An AP is flagged for review when the User Traffic is unusually high or low compared to the expected trends
- Client Count: An AP is flagged for review when the Client Count is unusually high or low compared to the expected trends
- Session Count: An AP is flagged for review when the Session Count is unusually high or low compared to the expected trends
- Short Session Ratio: An AP is flagged for review when the ratio of short sessions per total sessions becomes unusually high.
- Reboot Count: An AP is flagged for review when the number of times the AP has been rebooted is unusually high.

The following figure shows an example of Ruckus Smart Analytics output, which appears only on the Overview dashboard:

#### FIGURE 10 Default Display Example of Ruckus SmartAnalytics



After the first few days, the system begins showing results, but the accuracy of the results improves over time, as the system learns more about the AP user traffic, client and session patterns. The results are usually accurate after one month, when the system completes learning and understands the short-term, medium-term and long-term trends for each of these metrics for each AP. The list of APs for review is refreshed every 24 hours.

#### **NOTE**

At the top of the SmartAnalytics display, shown above, each anomaly type (User Traffic, Client Count, Session Count, Short Session Ratio, and Reboot Count) has a number in grey. These numbers indicate the total number of access points flagged for possible problems for the corresponding anomaly type.

### **Actions You Can Perform on the Smart Analytics Display**

The default display of the Ruckus SmartAnalytics information shows all possible anomalies for all access points that you have currently selected. You can do the following:

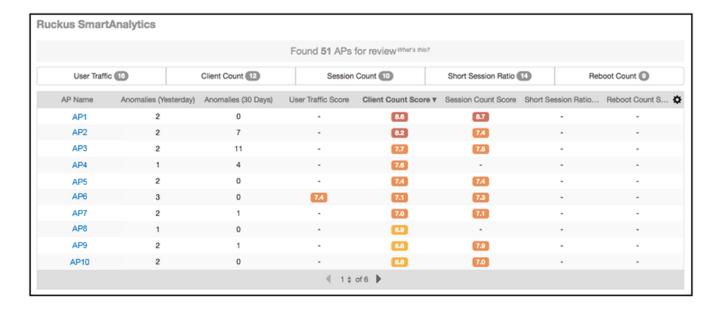
- To interpret the color coding and associated scores, note that the closest the score is to 10, the more likely there is to be an issue with the AP for the corresponding anomaly type:
  - Deep red = a score in the range of 9 to 10
  - Orange red = a score in the range of 8 to 9
  - Amber = a score in the range of 7 to 8
  - Deep yellow = a score in the range of 6 to 7
  - Bright yellow = a score in the range of 5 to 6
- Click on any AP to go to the AP Details dashboard for that AP, where you can then view anomaly charts for details, as shown in How to View Details from the Ruckus Smart Analytics Display.
- Use the gear icon on the upper right of the SmartAnalytics display to customize the output.
- Click on any of the Anomaly tabs to display the output for only the tabs you select. For example, if you want to view only the access points that have a possible anomaly with reboot count, highlight the Reboot Count tab only. The following

figure shows a sample display for this scenario (note that the Reboot Count tab has been selected and appears in gray below):

FIGURE 11 Ruckus SmartAnalytics Output When Filtering on Reboot Count Only



• To sort anomalies by one of the scores, click on the desired column, then use the arrow that appears. The screen below shows sorting on Client Score Count, with the highest score on top.



### How to View Details from the Ruckus Smart Analytics Display

From the Ruckus Smart Analytics output, you can click on an AP/MAC Address link, which takes you to the AP Details Dashboard, where graphical representations of each anomaly type for that AP are shown (see the illustrations below for examples).

#### Overview Dashboard

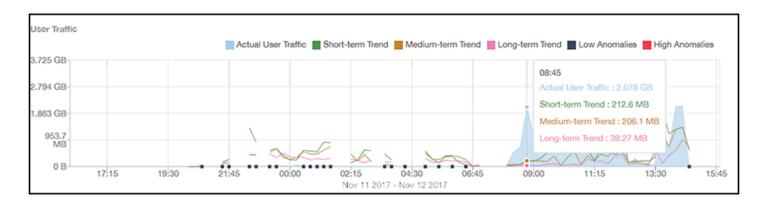
Using Ruckus Smart Analytics

The following figures show examples of each anomaly type, with extra detail provided when you place your cursor over a portion of the chart.

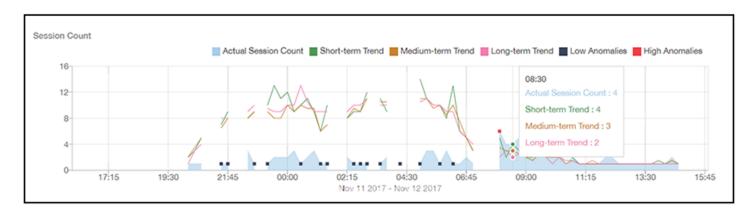
#### FIGURE 12 Client Count



#### FIGURE 13 User Traffic



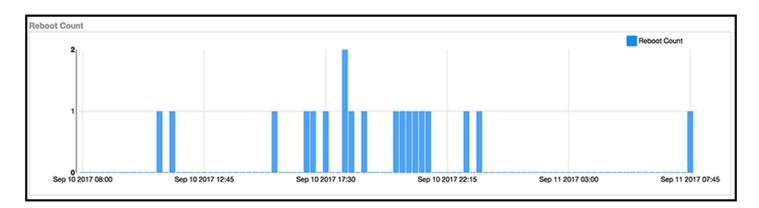
#### **FIGURE 14** Session Count



#### **FIGURE 15** Short Session Ratio



#### FIGURE 16 Reboot Count



# **Filters**

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# **Working With Filters**

Filters are built into the report dashboards so that you can segregate and drill down into the data.

By selecting APs and setting a date range, you can examine specific subsets of data for any AP or group of APs for any time period in any of your wireless networks. For example, if you want to see just the total traffic and client counts for a certain AP on a certain day, you could use the Network Overview report, and simply select that AP and date only.

The same filters are available on most dashboards:

- AP/Radio Filter (on some screens, AP/SSID/Radio filter)
- Date Filter
- Saved Filters. For information on how to use Saved Filters, refer to Using Saved Filters on page 31.

Once you have filtered the data, you can use the **Download** button to download the current dashboard reports in CSV or PDF format.

FIGURE 17 AP/Radio Filter, Date Filter, Saved Filters, and Download button

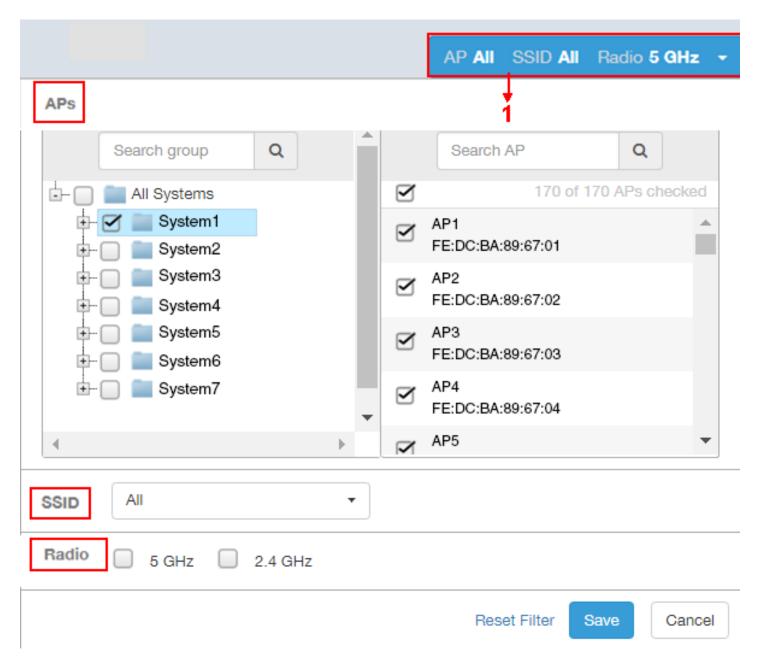


# AP, SSID and Radio filter

Use these filters to generate SCI dashboards.

**Custom AP, SSID and Radio Filter**: The user can select APs, SSID and Radio (numbered **1** in the figure below) to view and analyze data.

#### FIGURE 18 Custom AP and Radio Filter



- The APs area contains a nested list of APs, You need to click on one of the system names and continue to expand the list to drill down to the APs. The hierarchy of the list is: System > Controller > Domain > Zone > AP group > AP. You can select the AP, or/and controller, or/and zone as per your requirement. If you select a particular zone or AP group, the total number of APs is displayed. You can search the APs by AP name, and AP MAC. You can also search by controller, zone, AP group, and even a partial string.
- The SSID dropdown lists contains a nested list of SSID. You can select the SSID and by default all SSID is selected. You can select or deselect all SSID or a particular SSID.

#### NOTE

SSID option is seen on the nework, WLAN, client and application dashboards.

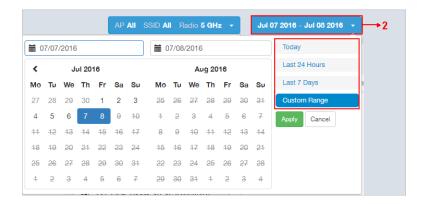
Radio select 5 or 2.4 or both GHz.

Follow these steps to:

- 1. Choose the AP, SSID and Radio filters
- 2. Click the **Save** button to save your selections
- 3. Use the **Reset Filter** button to clear the previous selections.

**Date Filter** 

FIGURE 19 Custom Date Filter



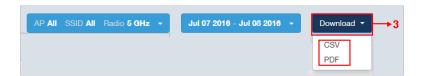
**Custom Date** Select a date range to update the dashboard. You can plot time for a certain period which could be today, last 24 hours, last 7 days, or a custom range (default value). This filter is numbered as **2** in the figure above.

Click on **Apply** to save the specified filters and to update the dashboard.

### **Download**

Use the download option to export the report in either CSV or PDF format.

#### FIGURE 20 Download option



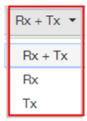
This filter (numbered **3** in the figure above) is available on most dashboards.

Click on the format required. The report is downloaded, which needs to be opened and saved to the selected drive.

### **Rx+Tx Filter**

Use Rx+Tx filters to choose operating ranges in various dashboards.

#### FIGURE 21 Rx+Tx filter



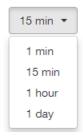
Select the Rx+Tx (default value), Rx, or Tx operating ranges. This filter can be used in the Network, WLAN and Application dashboards.

### **Time Filter**

Time filter for various dashboards allows you to specify the level of granularity.

The smaller the amount of time you specify, the more detail will appear in the corresponding dashboard.

#### FIGURE 22 Time filter



Specify the time frame of 1 minute, 15 minutes (default value), 1 hour or 1 day for applicable dashboards.

### **AP Filters**

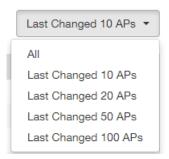
AP filters for various dashboards.

FIGURE 23 Top 100 APs



Specify the APs filter of top 10 (default value), 20, 50, or 100 for applicable dashboards.

#### FIGURE 24 Last Changed 10 APs



Specify the changed APs to display; the default is 10.

### **SSID Filter**

SSID filter for WLAN dashboard.

FIGURE 25 SSID filter



Specify the SSID filter of top 10 (default value), 20, 50, or 100 SSIDs for WLAN traffic and client sections.

### **Client Filter**

Use the Client filter for determining client usage.

FIGURE 26 Client filter



Specify the client filter of top 10 (default value), 20, 50, or 100 for client and trends section in the Client dashboard.

# **Application Filter**

Application filter for the Applications dashboard:

FIGURE 27 Application filter



Specify the application filter of top 10 (default value), 20, 50, or 100 for the Applications dashboard sections of traffic and client reports.

### **Alarms Filter**

Specify the last 10 (default value), 20, 50, or 100 alarms to display on applicable dashboards.

FIGURE 28 Alarms Filter



### **Events Filter**

Specify the last 1,000 (default value), 2000, or 5,000 events to display on applicable dashboards.

FIGURE 29 Events Filter



### **Sessions Filter**

Specify the last 1,000 (default value), 2000, or 5,000 sessions in applicable dashboards.

FIGURE 30 Sessions Filter



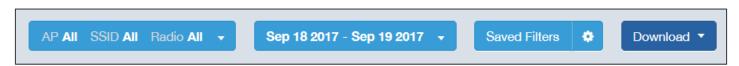
# **Using Saved Filters**

SCI allows you to create custom filters and then save them for future use on a per-report basis.

For all dashboards that support filters, you can create any number of customized filters from which to run reports. This can be useful if you want to use a specific filter repeatedly for a specific set of APs, for example.

The bar at the top of a dashboard that support filters is shown below:

FIGURE 31 Radio, Date and Saved Filters and Download bar



#### **Filters**

Using Saved Filters

The following steps show an example of how to create and save a new filter:

1. Open a dashboard for which you want to create a filter. For example, if you want to create a saved filter for the Network dashboard, the upper portion of that dashboard is shown below.

FIGURE 32 Network Dashboard Example of Creating a Saved Filter - Before Changes



2. Make the desired selections to any filter. In the example figure below, no changes are made to the Radio or Date filters, but in the Top 10 APs by Traffic Volume filters, the Traffic and time-increment drop-downs have been changed to Rx Total and 1 day, respectively.

AP All SSID All Radio All ▼ Sep 18 2017 - Sep 19 2017 ▼ Saved Filters ❖ Download

Traffic Distribution

Tx
(3.195 TB)

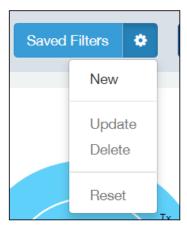
Tx
(2.683 TB)

Rx Total ▼ 1 day ▼

FIGURE 33 Network Dashboard Example of Creating a Saved Filter - After Desired Filter Selections

3. To save these settings so that they can be used again at a later time, click the wheel icon as shown below, and you are presented with a popup.

FIGURE 34 Popup Window to Take Actions on Filters



4. Select New. A popup appears. Enter a name for the filter, as shown in the example below, and click **Create**.

FIGURE 35 Entering a Name for the New Saved Filter



5. Check that the newly created saved filter is now in effect on this dashboard. For the example shown, the Network Dashboard should now appear as follows, with the selections of Rx Total and 1 day in effect, and the name of the saved filter shown next to the wheel icon:

FIGURE 36 Network Dashboard Example of Creating a Saved Filter - After Saving the Filter



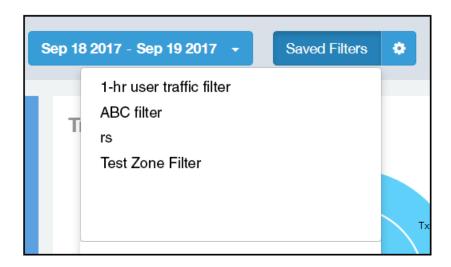
#### NOTE

A saved filters apply only to the dashboard on which it was created. You cannot import a saved filter on another dashboard.

#### **Actions You Can Take on a Saved Filter**

Whenever you go to a dashboard that supports filters, you can click on **Saved Filters** in the Radio, Date and Saved Filters and Download bar. If there are any saved filters, they will display, as shown in the following example figure:

#### FIGURE 37 Example List of Saved Filters



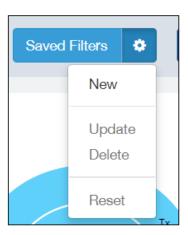
You can click on any of the saved filters and generate a report.

#### NOTE

The "Saved Filters" text will be replaced by the name of any filter that you open. But you can still click in the same area, and the list of saved filters is displayed.

If you click on the wheel icon, the following possible actions are allowed on a filter:

#### FIGURE 38 Actions You can Take on Filters



Descriptions of each action are:

• New: Allows you to create a new saved filter, as shown in the example earlier in this section.

#### **Filters**

Using Saved Filters

- Update: Allows you to make changes to an existing saved filter, including changing the filter name if desired. Make any changes you wish to the filter selections, then select Update. A popup appears next, where you click **Update** again to save your changes.
- Delete: Deletes an existing saved filter.
- Reset: Displays default settings for all filters. To return to a saved filter, simply click on **Saved Filters** again in the Radio, Date and Saved Filters and Download bar.

# **Network Report Dashboard**

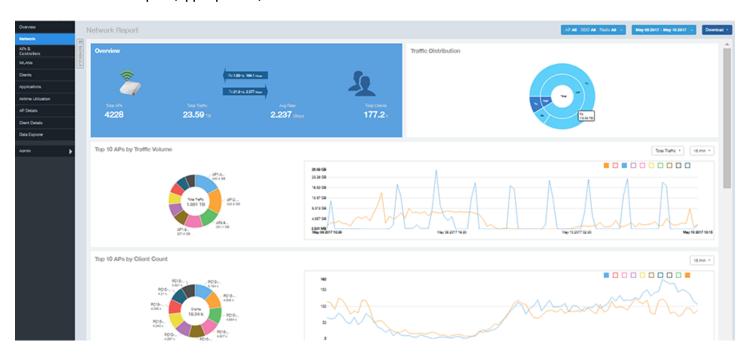
•	Network Report	37
	Network - Overview	
	Network - Traffic Distribution	
	Network - Top 10 APs by Traffic Volume	
	Network - Top 10 APs by Client Count	
	Network - Top APs by Traffic Volume (Table)	
	Network - Top APs by Client Count (table)	
	Network - Traffic Trend	
		42

# **Network Report**

The Network report provides details of traffic, clients, and trends by APs, SSIDs, radio, or clients over time.

The following figure shows only the upper portion of the Network report that appears when you click **Network** on the navigation bar.

## FIGURE 39 Network Report (upper portion)



The Network report consists of eight sections, and they are described in the table below. Figures showing each of these sections appear later.

1	Overview	Contains the total traffic and the total clients on the network. It also contains the received and transmitted traffic between them.
2	Traffic Distribution	Contains the distribution of traffic in terms of size.

3	Top 10 APs by Traffic Volume	A pie chart and graph contain the top APs with the largest traffic volume in the network, along with the received and transmitted traffic volumes.
4	Top 10 APs by Client Count	A pie chart and graph contain the top APs by client count in the network, along with the received and transmitted traffic volumes.
5	Top APs by Traffic	A table contains the top APs with the largest traffic volume in the network.
6	Top APs by Client	A table contains the top APs by client count in the network.
7	Traffic Trend	A graph displays the traffic by usage and radio, and also the corresponding average traffic rate.
8	Traffic Over Time	A table tracks the traffic on the network based on time and other components.

## **Network - Overview**

The Network Overview section of the Network report provides a general overview of the entire network.

The Network Overview section displays the following, based on your selection of AP, SSID and Radio and Date Range filters:

- Total traffic and the average traffic rate
- Total traffic received and transmitted and the average traffic rate
- Total number of APs
- Total clients on the network

### FIGURE 40 Network - Overview



## **Network - Traffic Distribution**

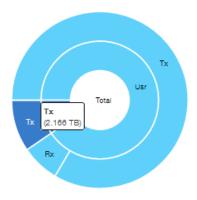
The Traffic Distribution pie chart of the Network report displays the distribution of traffic types.

Use this chart to display management traffic vs. user traffic, for example, based on your selection of APs, SSID, Radio and Date Range filters.

- Tx = Transmitted traffic
- Rx = Received traffic
- Mgmt = Management traffic
- Usr = User traffic
- Total = Total of all traffic

#### FIGURE 41 Network - Traffic Distribution

Traffic Distribution



## **Network - Top 10 APs by Traffic Volume**

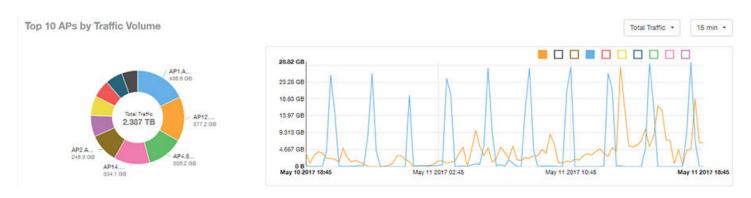
The Top 10 APs by Traffic Volume chart and graph of the Network report display the highest-traffic APs.

Use the drop-down menus to specify the traffic type (Tx, Rx, or Tx+Rx) and the time granularity. Click any of the colored squares to toggle display of the AP in the line graph.

## NOTE

The **Rx+Tx** drop-down menu applies to both the pie chart and the line graph, but the time granularity applies to the line graph only. This applies to all sections in all reports that appear in this format (pie chart + line graph with Rx/Tx + time granularity menus).

## FIGURE 42 Network - Top 10 APs by Traffic Volume



#### NOTE

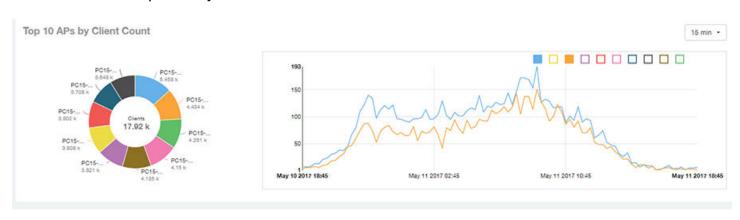
If you hover over the line graph, a pop-up appears containing the selected AP details.

# **Network - Top 10 APs by Client Count**

The Top 10 APs by Client Count pie chart and graph display the APs with the most clients on your network.

Use the drop-down menu to specify the time granularity of 15 minutes, 1 hour or 1 day. If you hover over the line graph a pop-up appears containing the details on the selected data points. Click any of the colored squares to toggle display of the AP in the line graph.

FIGURE 43 Network - Top 10 APs by Client Count



# **Network - Top APs by Traffic Volume (Table)**

The Top APs by Traffic table lists the APs with the highest traffic volume in the network.

Use this table to view a list the top APs with the highest traffic volume, sorted according to the selected columns. Click the gear icon to select which columns to display, or click any column heading to sort by that column.

You can also select whether to display the top 10, 20, 50, or 100 APs by traffic volume from the Top APs filter. The number of rows per page can be defined using the **Rows per page** option in the table settings drop down list.

## FIGURE 44 Network - Top APs by Traffic

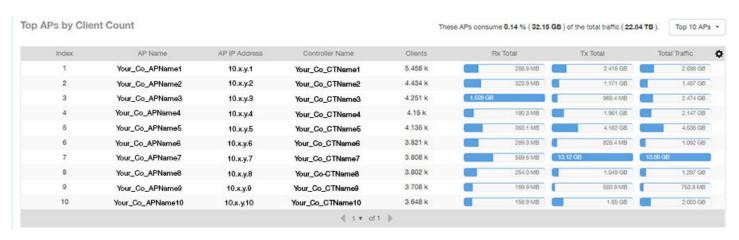


# **Network - Top APs by Client Count (table)**

The Top APs by Client Count table of the Network report displays the APs with the most clients in the network.

Click the gear icon to view the list of table columns, or click any column heading to sort by that column. You can also select the top 10, 20, 50, or 100 APs by client count. The number of rows in a page is defined by the Rows per Page list in the table settings drop-down list.

### FIGURE 45 Network - Top APs by Client



## **Network - Traffic Trend**

The Traffic Trend graphs of the Network report display the traffic by usage and radio over time.

If you hover over the line graph, a pop-up appears containing the selected AP details.

**Traffic by Usage**: You can select the traffic by usage details from the check boxes listed in the legend on top of the graph, - namely by user, total received traffic, total transmitted traffic, the total received and transmitted traffic, and the management traffic. You can also select a date range to view this date on the line graph. You can also specify the time granularity increment.

**Traffic by Radio**: You can select the traffic by radio details from the check boxes listed in the legend on top of the graph - namely by 5GHz, 2.4GHz, or/and view the total traffic by radio details. You can also select a date range to view this date on the line graph. This also applies to the corresponding average traffic rate graphs.

#### FIGURE 46 Network - Traffic Trend



## **Network - Traffic Over Time**

The Traffic Over Time table of the Network report allows you to compare traffic over multiple time periods.

Click the gear icon to select/deselect columns to display, or click any column heading to sort by that column.

## FIGURE 47 Network - Traffic Over Time



# **APs & Controllers Report Dashboard**

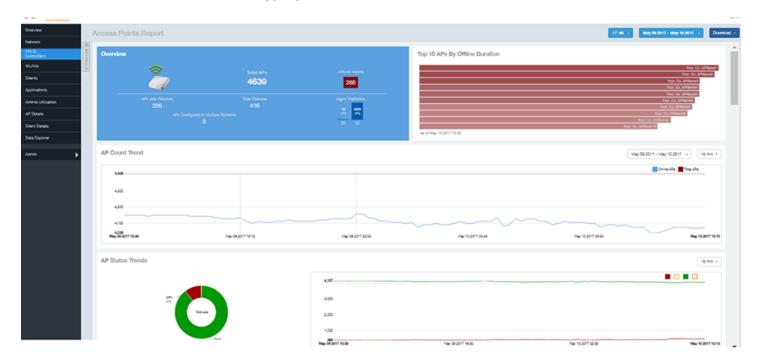
•	APs & Controllers Report	43
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•	APs & Controllers - Count Trend	
•	APs & Controllers - Status Trends	47
•	APs & Controllers - Top 10 AP Models	
•	APs & Controllers - Top 10 AP Software Versions	
•	APs & Controllers - Top 10 AP Reboot Reasons	
•	APs & Controllers - Top 10 APs by Reboot Counts	
	APs & Controllers - Top 10 AP Alarm Types	
	APs & Controllers - Top AP Models (table)	
	APs & Controllers - Top AP Software Versions (table)	
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•	APs & Controllers - AP Details for Online/Offline Status	
	APs & Controllers - AP Details for Other Statuses	
	APs & Controllers - Resource Utilization.	
	APs & Controllers - License Utilization	
	KRACK Assessment	

# **APs & Controllers Report**

The APs & Controllers report provides details on AP inventory, AP reboots, AP software version, AP models and AP Alarms.

The following figure shows only the upper portion of the Access Points dashboard that appears when you click **APs & Controllers** on the navigation bar.

## FIGURE 48 APs & Controllers Dashboard (upper portion)



The APs & Controllers report consists of 18 sections, which are listed in the table below. Figures showing each of these sections appear later.

**NOTE**All counts shown in bar charts, pie charts and tables are exact counts. The counts in trend charts are approximate.

1	Overview	Contains an overview of the AP inventory – how many APs are connected, how many reboots, and so on.
2	Top 10 APs By Offline Duration (graph)	Contains the APs that have been disconnected over a specified duration. The APs are ordered from longest offline duration to shortest offline duration.
3	AP Count Trend	A pie chart and graph show the number of available APs on the network based on the total number of APs and its online status.
4	AP Status Trends	A line chart shows the trend of various AP statuses such as online, offline, provisioned, discovery and so on.
5	Top 10 AP Models	A pie chart and graph contain the top APs models by count in the network, along with the trend of APs models over a specified time frame.
6	Top 10 AP Software Versions	A pie chart and graph contain the top APs software versions by AP count in the network, along with the trend of APs software versions over a specified time frame.
7	Top 10 AP Reboot Reasons	A pie chart and graph list the most common reasons why the APs in your network have restarted over a specified time frame.
8	Top 10 APs by Reboot Counts	A pie chart and graph contain the top APs that restarted, along with the APs based on the number of restart over a specified time frame.
9	Top 10 AP Alarm Types	A pie chart and graph contain the Top 10 Alarm types that have been generated, along with number of occurrences generated over a specified time frame.
10	Top AP Models	A table lists the distribution of AP models in the network.
11	Top AP Software Versions	A table lists the top AP software versions.
12	Top APs by Offline Duration (table)	A table lists the APs that are offline over a specified duration. The APs are ordered from longest offline duration to shortest offline duration.

13	Top APs by Reboot Count	A table lists the APs that have restarted over a specified time.
14	APs Configured in Multiple Systems	A table lists APs that have been associated with multiple controllers.
15	AP Details for Online/Offline Status	A table lists the APs on the network based on its online or offline status with AP name, IP address, location, model, controller and status.
16	AP Details for Other Statuses	A table lists the APs on the network based on AP name, IP address, location, model, controller and status
17	Resource Utilization	A table shows the CPU, memory and disk utilization percentages for each controller in your system.
18	License Utilization	A table shows the licenses available and consumed for the APs for each system.
19	KRACK Assessment	A table shows the KRACK vulnerability status of all Access Points that are filtered to be displayed.

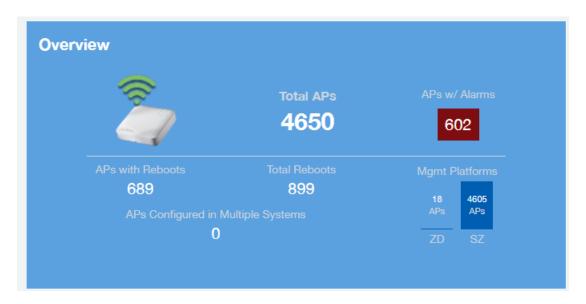
## **APs & Controllers - Overview**

The APs & Controllers overview section provides a general overview of the APs on the network.

This overview section displays the following, based on your selection of AP, Radio and Date Range filters:

- Total APs
- APs with alarms
- APs with reboots
- Total reboots
- Management Platforms
- APs configured in multiple controllers

## FIGURE 49 APs & Controllers - Overview

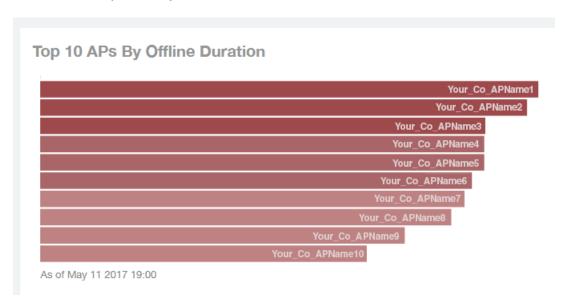


# APs & Controllers - Top 10 APs by Offline Duration

The Top 10 APs by Offline Duration chart of the APs & Controllers report displays the top 10 APs in the network that have been disconnected for the longest duration.

Use the drop-down menu to specify the time granularity. If you hover over the line graph, a pop-up appears containing the details on the selected data points.

FIGURE 50 APs & Controllers - Top 10 APs by Offline Duration

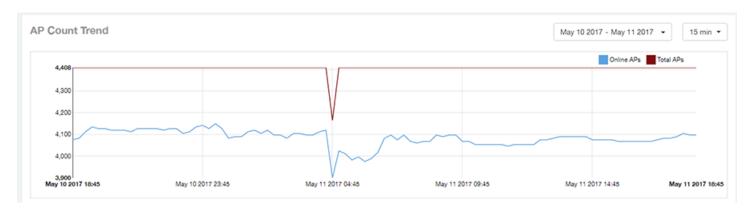


## **APs & Controllers - Count Trend**

The Count Trend graph of the APs & Controllers report depicts how many access points in your network are being utilized over time.

To show access points being used over certain time periods, use the drop-down menu to specify the time granularity. If you hover over the line graph and pie chart, a pop-up appears containing the details on the selected data points. Click any of the colored squares to toggle the display of the AP in the line graph.

#### FIGURE 51 APs & Controllers - Count Trend



## **APs & Controllers - Status Trends**

The Status Trends pie chart and graph of the APs & Controllers report display the top APs by connection and uptime status, such as online, offline, provisioned, discovery and other classifications.

Use the drop-down menu to specify the time granularity. If you hover over the line graph and pie chart, a pop-up appears containing the details on the selected data points. Click any of the colored squares to toggle display of the AP in the line graph.

#### FIGURE 52 APs & Controllers - Status Trends

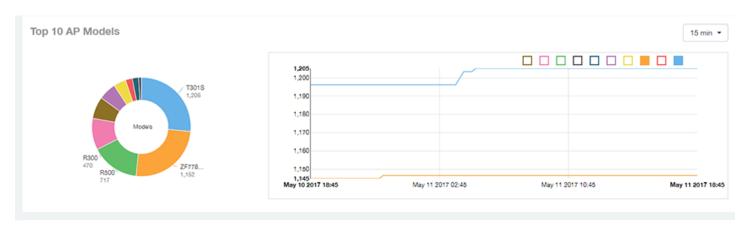


## **APs & Controllers - Top 10 AP Models**

The Top 10 AP Models pie chart and line graph of the APs & Controllers report display the model type that is most often used in your network.

Use the drop-down menu to specify the time granularity. If you hover over the line graph and pie chart, a pop-up appears containing the details on the selected data points. Click any of the colored squares to toggle display of the AP in the line graph.

### FIGURE 53 APs & Controllers - Top 10 AP Models

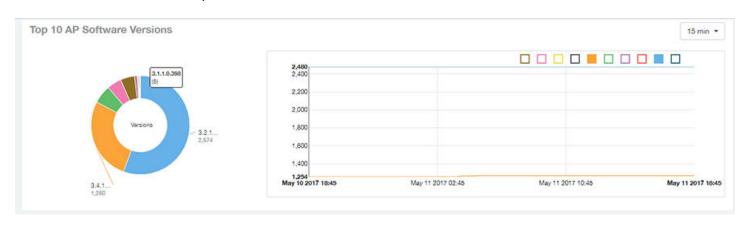


## **APs & Controllers - Top 10 AP Software Versions**

The Top 10 AP Software Versions pie chart and graph of the APs & Controllers report display the top 10 APs based on which software versions are most frequently used in your network.

Use the drop-down menu to specify the time granularity. If you hover over the line graph or the pie chart, a pop-up appears containing the details on the selected data points. Click any of the colored squares to toggle display of the AP in the line graph.

#### FIGURE 54 APs & Controllers - Top 10 AP Software Versions

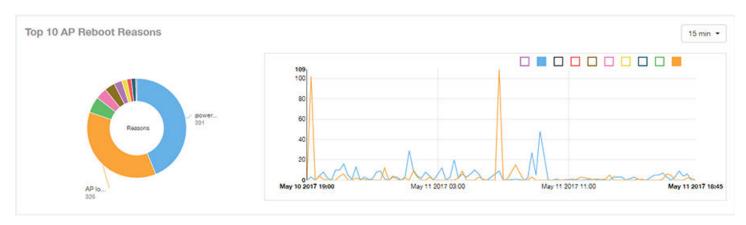


# **APs & Controllers - Top 10 AP Reboot Reasons**

The Top 10 AP Reboot Reasons pie chart and graph of the APs & Controllers report display the 10 most common reasons why APs in your network have rebooted.

Use the drop-down menu to specify the time granularity. If you hover over the line graph and pie chart, a pop-up appears containing the details on the selected data points. Click any of the colored squares to toggle display of the AP in the line graph.

## FIGURE 55 APs & Controllers - Top 10 AP Reboot Reasons

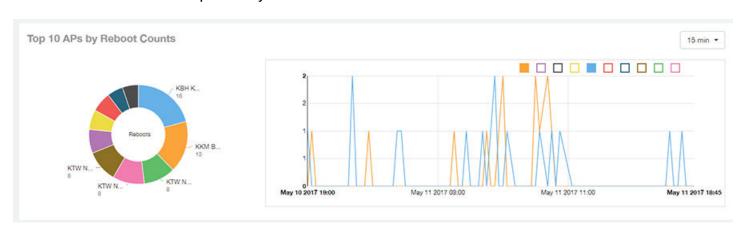


# **APs & Controllers - Top 10 APs by Reboot Counts**

The Top 10 APs by Reboot Counts pie chart and line graph of the APs & Controllers report display the top 10 APs in your network that have rebooted most frequently.

Use the drop-down menu to specify the time granularity. If you hover over the line and pie graph, a pop-up appears containing the details on the selected data points. Click any of the colored squares to toggle display of the AP in the line graph.

### FIGURE 56 APs & Controllers - Top 10 APs by Reboot Counts

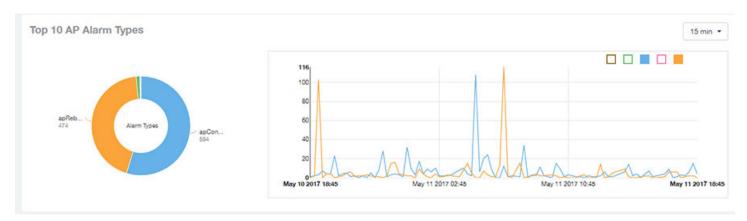


## **APs & Controllers - Top 10 AP Alarm Types**

The Top 10 AP Alarm Types pie chart and line graph of the APs & Controllers report display the 10 alarm types most that have most frequently occurred to access points in your network.

Use the drop-down menu to specify the time granularity. If you hover over the line graph, a pop-up appears containing the details on the selected data points. Click any of the colored squares to toggle display of the AP in the line graph.

## FIGURE 57 APs & Controllers - Top 10 AP Alarm Types

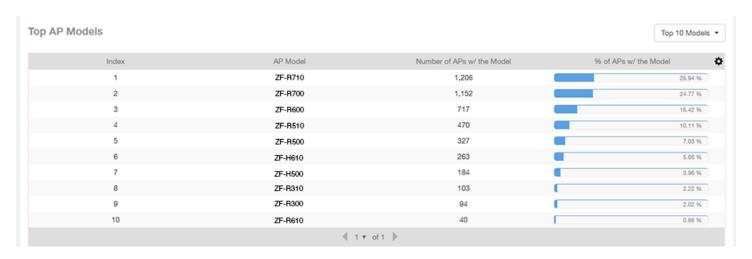


# **APs & Controllers - Top AP Models (table)**

The Top AP Models table of the APs & Controllers report displays the model type being used most often by the APs in your network.

Click the gear icon to select the list of columns to display. The table is sorted on the top AP model by default. Click any column heading to sort by that value. You can also select the top 10 (default value), 20, 50, or 100 clients to display, or display all AP models. The number of rows per page is defined by the **Rows per Page** option in the table settings menu.

## FIGURE 58 APs & Controllers - Top AP Models



# APs & Controllers - Top AP Software Versions (table)

The Top AP Software Versions table of the APs & Controllers report displays the AP software versions most frequently used in your network and the number of APs using each version.

Click the gear icon to select the list of columns to display. The table is sorted on the top AP software version by default. Click any column heading to sort by that value. You can also select the top 10 (default value), 20, 50, or 100 clients to display, or display all AP models. The number of rows per page is defined by the **Rows per Page** option in the table settings menu.

## FIGURE 59 APs & Controllers - Top AP Software Versions

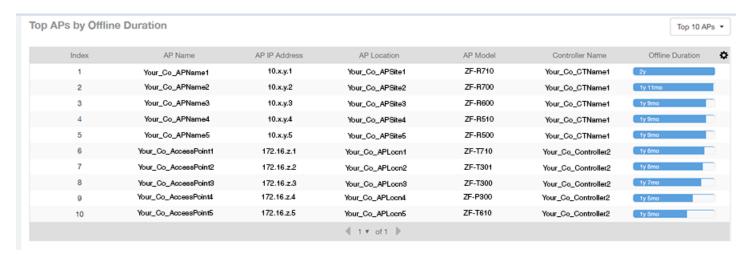


# APs & Controllers - Top APs by Offline Duration (table)

The Top APs by Offline Duration table of the APs & Controllers report displays the top APs based on which ones have been offline for the longest duration, with details of AP name, IP address, location, model, controllers and duration in a tabular format.

Click the gear icon to select the list of columns to display. The table is sorted on the top AP model by default. Click any column heading to sort by that value. You can also select the top 10 (default value), 20, 50, or 100 clients to display, or display all AP models. The number of rows per page is defined by the **Rows per Page** option in the table settings menu.

## FIGURE 60 APs & Controllers - Top APs by Offline Duration

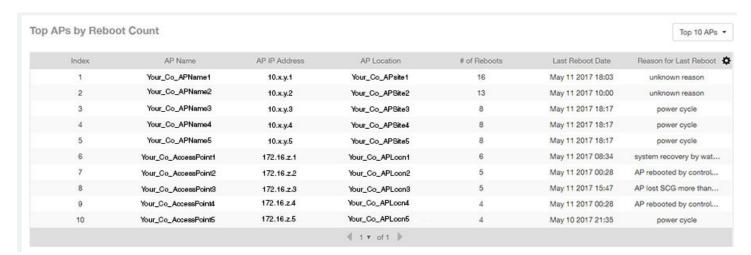


# **APs & Controllers - Top APs by Reboot Count**

The Top AP by Reboot Count table of the APs & Controllers report displays the APs that have rebooted the most times, and includes AP name, IP address, location, number of reboots, last reboot date and reason.

Click the gear icon to select the list of columns to display. The table is sorted on the top AP name by default. Click any column heading to sort by that value. You can also select the top 10 (default value), 20, 50, or 100 clients to display, or display all AP models. The number of rows per page is defined by the **Rows per Page** option in the table settings menu.

### FIGURE 61 APs & Controllers - Top AP by Reboot Count



# APs & Controllers - APs Configured in Multiple Systems

The APs Configured in Multiple Systems table of the APs & Controllers report shows you information about APs that have been associated with more than one controller.

In the Controller Name field, all controllers that the AP has been associated with are listed, separated by commas. The last known controller that this AP has been associated with is listed in the Last Controller Name column.

Click the gear icon to select the list of columns to display. Click any column heading to sort by that value. You can also select the top 10 (default value), 20, 50, or 100 APs to display, or display all APs. The number of rows per page is defined by the **Rows per Page** option in the table settings menu.

FIGURE 62 APs & Controllers - APs Configured in Multiple Systems

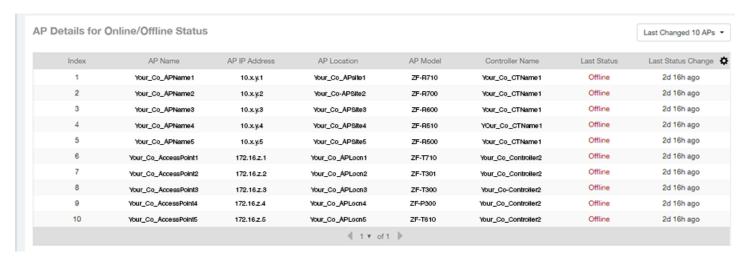


# **APs & Controllers - AP Details for Online/Offline Status**

The AP Details for Online/Offline Status table of the APs & Controllers report displays its status details based on AP name, IP address, location, model name, controller name, last status and last status change.

Click the gear icon to select the list of columns to display. The table is sorted on the top AP model by default. Click any column heading to sort by that value. You can also select the top 10 (default value), 20, 50, or 100 clients to display, or display all AP models. The number of rows per page is defined by the **Rows per Page** option in the table settings menu.

#### FIGURE 63 APs & Controllers - AP Details for Online/Offline Status

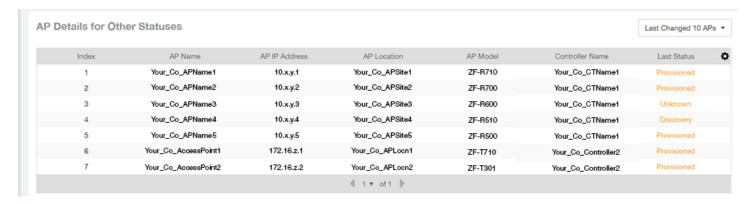


## **APs & Controllers - AP Details for Other Statuses**

The AP Details for Other Statuses table of the APs & Controllers report displays the details for APs that are currently in a status other than online or offline.

Click the gear icon to select the list of columns to display. The table is sorted on the top AP model by default. Click any column heading to sort by that value. You can also select the top 10 (default value), 20, 50, or 100 APs to display, or display all AP models. The number of rows per page is defined by the **Rows per Page** option in the table settings menu.

#### FIGURE 64 APs & Controllers - AP Details for Other Statuses

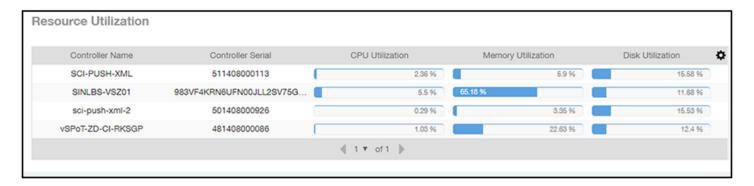


## **APs & Controllers - Resource Utilization**

The Resource Utilization table of the APs & Controllers report displays the CPU, memory and disk utilization percentages for each controller in your system.

Click the gear icon to select the list of columns to display. Click any column heading to sort by that value. You can also select the top 10 (default value), 20, 50, or 100 controllers to display, or display all controller names. The number of rows per page is defined by the **Rows per Page** option in the table settings menu.

#### FIGURE 65 APs & Controllers - Resource Utilization

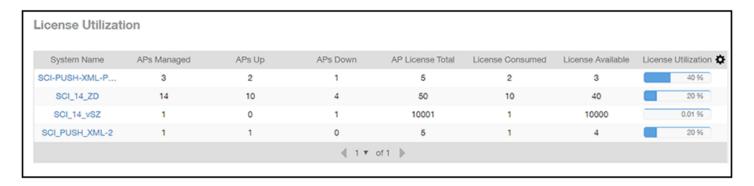


## **APs & Controllers - License Utilization**

The License Utilization table of the APs & Controllers report displays the number of available and consumed licenses for the APs for each system.

Click the gear icon to select the list of columns to display. Click any column heading to sort by that value. You can also select the top 10 (default value), 20, 50, or 100 systems to display, or display all system names. The number of rows per page is defined by the **Rows per Page** option in the table settings menu.

## FIGURE 66 APs & Controllers - License Utilization

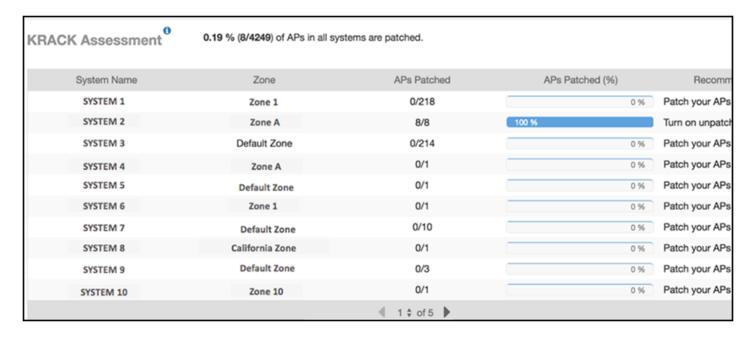


## **KRACK Assessment**

The KRACK Assessment table of the APs & Controllers report shows the KRACK vulnerability status of all Access Points that are filtered to be displayed.

The following is an example of the Krack Assessment section of the Access Points dashboard.

## FIGURE 67 KRACK Assessment Example section



You can follow the recommendations displayed to patch your Access points. Refer to the following site for information and instructions: https://support.ruckuswireless.com/krack-ruckus-wireless-support-resource-center

# **WLANs Report Dashboard**

•	WLANs Report	.57
	WLANs - Overview.	
	WLANs - SSID Changes Over Time	
	WLANs -Top Ten SSIDs by Traffic	
	WLANs -Top Ten SSIDs by Client Count	
	WLANs -Active SSIDs Trend.	
	WLANs -Top SSIDs by Traffic (table)	
	WI ANS -Top SSIDs by Client Count (table)	62

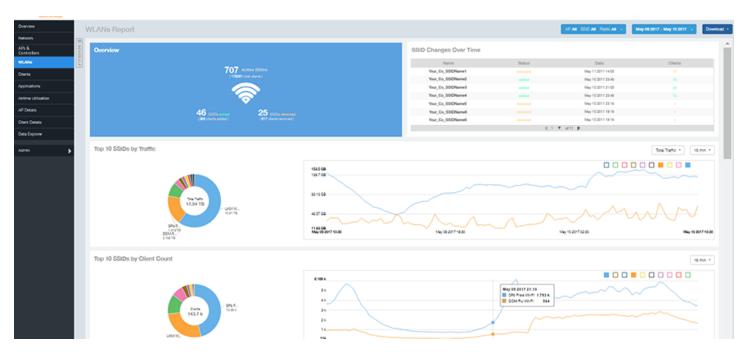
## **WLANs Report**

The Wireless LANs report contains information about the SSIDs added as well as which are active or have been removed.

The report also includes details about SSID changes over time, SSIDs by received and transmitted traffic, client count over a time range and trend of the SSIDs based on traffic count and volume. The WLANs report allows you to filter the information based on APs, SSID and Radio, day and date and Rx+Tx filters. You can also customize the table reports be selecting the list of available components for each category.

The following figure shows only the upper portion of the WLANs dashboard that appears when you click **WLANs** on the navigation bar.

## FIGURE 68 WLANs Report (upper portion)



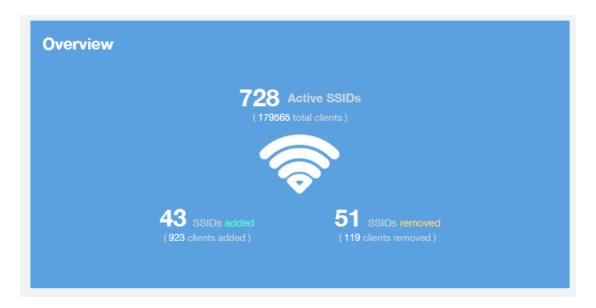
The WLANs report consists of seven sections, which are listed in the table below. Figures showing each of these sections appear later.

1	Overview	This report section contains the total number of active SSIDs, added and removed.
2	SSID Changes Over Time	A chart contains the SSID status, its last modified date and the number of clients associated to the SSID.
3	Top 10 SSIDs by Traffic	A pie chart and graph contain the top 10 SSIDs by traffic volume for received and transmitted traffic.
4	Top 10 SSID by Client Count	A pie chart and graph contain the top 10 SSIDs to show the most congested networks in terms of client count.
5	Active SSIDs Trends	The active SSID trend displays the traffic by SSID count and traffic volume.
6	Top SSIDs by Traffic (table)	This tabular report contains the top SSIDs with the largest traffic volume in the network as per the selected components.
7	Top SSIDs by Client (table)	The tabular report contains the top SSIDs by client count in the network as per the selected components.

## **WLANs - Overview**

Thie Overview section of the WLANs report shows the total number of active SSIDs, and the number of added and removed SSIDs over the selected period.

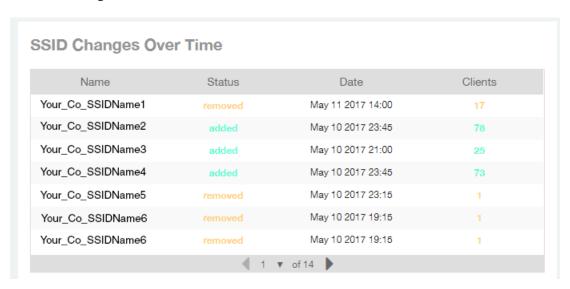
## FIGURE 69 WLANs - Overview



## **WLANs - SSID Changes Over Time**

The SSID Changes Over Time display of the WLANs report shows the most recent SSID changes.

### FIGURE 70 WLANs - SSID Changes Over Time

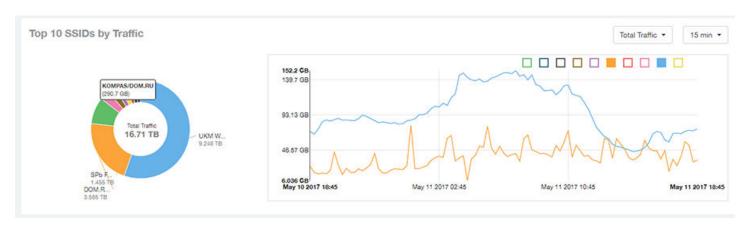


## WLANs -Top Ten SSIDs by Traffic

Use the Top 10 SSIDs by Traffic pie chart and graph of the WLANs report to view which wireless networks are generating the most traffic, to compare usage of the top WLANs over different time periods, and to compare Tx and Rx statistics independently.

Click any of the colored squares to toggle display of the corresponding SSID. You can use the Total Traffic drop-down menu to choose whether to display transmitted data only, received data only, or total traffic.

## FIGURE 71 WLANs - Top Ten SSIDs by Traffic



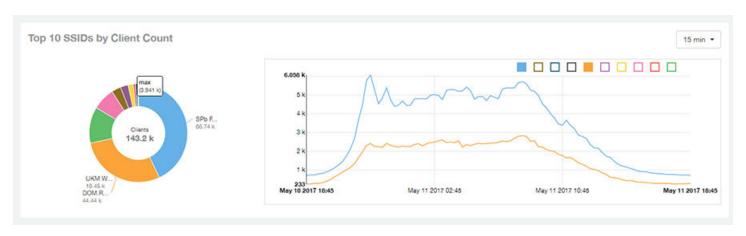
## WLANs -Top Ten SSIDs by Client Count

Use the Top 10 SSIDs by Client Count pie chart and graph of the WLANs report to view which wireless networks are most congested in terms of client count, and to compare client counts over different time periods.

Click any of the colored squares to toggle the display of the corresponding SSID.

If you hover over the line graph a pop-up appears containing the selected SSID names and client counts at the chosen data point.

## FIGURE 72 WLANs - Top Ten SSIDs by Client Count



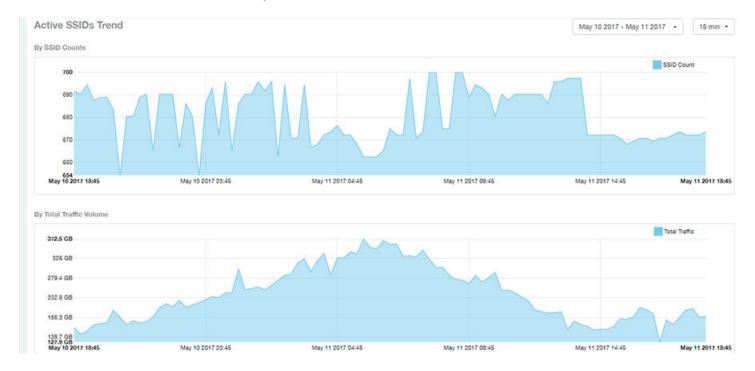
## **WLANs -Active SSIDs Trend**

The Active SSIDs Trend graphs of the WLANs report contains two graphs: total number of SSIDs over time, and total traffic volume over time.

These graphs allow you to quickly view how many WLANs are active and what the total traffic volume is over time.

Hover over the graphs to display the total SSID count or total traffic volume at any specific data point.

## FIGURE 73 WLANs - Active SSIDs Trend Graphs



# WLANs -Top SSIDs by Traffic (table)

The Top SSIDs by Traffic table of the WLANs report lists the top 10, 20, 50 or 100 SSIDs in the network by traffic volume.

You can sort the table by Total Traffic, Clients, AP count, or alphabetically by SSID name. Additionally, you can customize the table by clicking the gear icon and selecting from the list of columns. You can configure the number of rows per a page using the **Rows per Page** option in the table settings drop down menu.

You can also select whether to display only the top 10 (default value), 20, 50, or 100 SSIDs by traffic volume, or list all SSIDs.

## FIGURE 74 WLANs - Top SSIDs by Traffic



# **WLANs -Top SSIDs by Client Count (table)**

The Top SSIDs by Client Count table of the WLANs report lists the top SSIDs by client count.

You can sort the table by Total Traffic, Clients, AP count, or alphabetically by SSID name. Additionally, you can customize the table by clicking the gear icon and selecting from the list of columns. You can configure the number of rows per a page using the **Rows per Page** option in the table settings drop down menu.

You can also select whether to display only the top 10 (default value), 20, 50, or 100 SSIDs by client count, or list all SSIDs.

### FIGURE 75 WLANs - Top SSIDs by Client Count



# **Clients Report Dashboard**

•	Clients Report	. 63
	Clients - Overview	
	Clients - Top 10 Unique Clients by Traffic	
	Clients - Clients Details	
	Clients - Unique Clients Trends Over Time (graph)	
	Clients - Unique Clients Trend Over Time (Table)	
	Clients - Top 10 OS by Client Count	
	Clients - Top 10 Manufacturers by Client Count	
	Clients - Top 10 Authentication Methods by Client Count	. 68

# **Clients Report**

The Clients report provides you with the details of traffic and trends over time from the client perspective.

The Clients report provides an overview of the total traffic, both received and transmitted, and the total number of clients over time. It also contains details of the top unique clients by traffic, both received and transmitted, and unique client trends over time, by client count and by traffic.

The following figure shows only the upper portion of the Clients report that appears when you click **Clients** on the navigation bar.

## FIGURE 76 Clients Report (upper portion)



The Clients report consists of eight sections, which are listed in the table below. Figures showing each of these sections appear later.

1	Overview	Contains the total traffic and the total clients on the network. It also contains the received and transmitted traffic between them.
2	Top 10 Unique Clients by traffic	Contains the list of top 10 clients in terms of size of traffic.
3	Top 10 OS by Client Count	Contains information about the 10 operating systems being used the most by the clients in your network.
4	Top 10 Manufacturers by Client Count	Contains information about the 10 manufacturers of wireless equipment most represented in your network.

5	Top 10 Authentication Methods by Client Count	Contains information about the top 10 methods most commonly used in your system to authenticate users.
6	Client details	Contains the client information and display the quantity of traffic consumed by the listed clients.
7	Unique Clients Trend over time (graph)	Displays the unique clients trend over time for client count and for traffic.
8	Unique Clients Trend over time (table)	Lists the unique clients trend over time.

## **Clients - Overview**

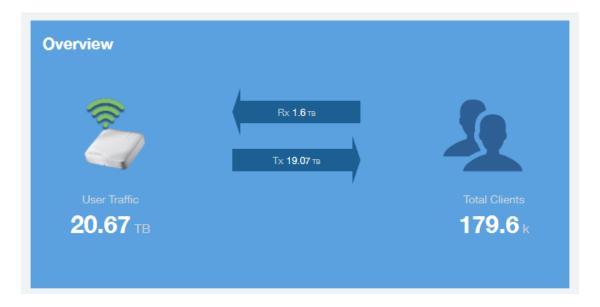
The Overview section of the Clients report provides information about the total traffic, both received and transmitted, and the total number of clients over the selected time period.

The Overview section contains the following:

- Total user traffic
- Total received and transmitted user traffic
- Total clients on the network

This is based on your selection of AP/Radio and Date Range filters.

#### FIGURE 77 Overview



# **Clients - Top 10 Unique Clients by Traffic**

The Top 10 Unique Clients by Traffic chart of the Clients report provides you with information about the top 10 unique clients by traffic, which you can filter on received traffic, transmitted traffic, and total traffic.

FIGURE 78 Clients - Top 10 Unique Clients by Traffic

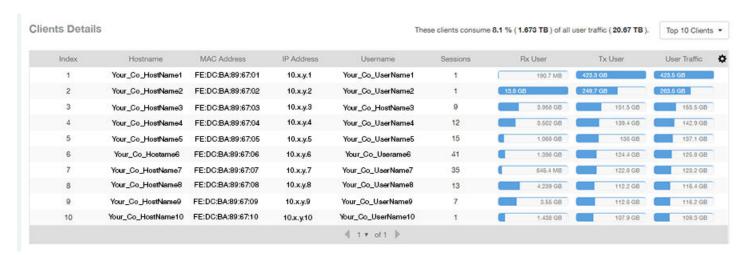


## **Clients - Clients Details**

The Clients Details table of the Clients report shows a list of clients with the highest traffic volume in the network as per the selected components.

Click the gear icon to select the list of components from the table. By default, the table is sorted by total traffic (Rx + Tx). Click on a column heading to sort by that value. You can also select the top 10 (default), 20, 50, or 100 clients to display. The number of rows per page is defined by the **Rows per Page** option in the table settings menu.

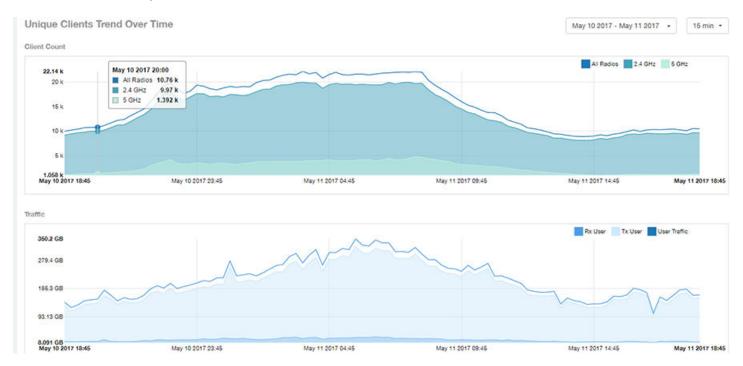
#### FIGURE 79 Clients - Clients details



# **Clients - Unique Clients Trends Over Time (graph)**

Use the Unique Clients Trend graphs of the Clients report to view a breakdown of unique clients by radio type over time.

## FIGURE 80 Clients - Unique Clients Trend Over Time Chart



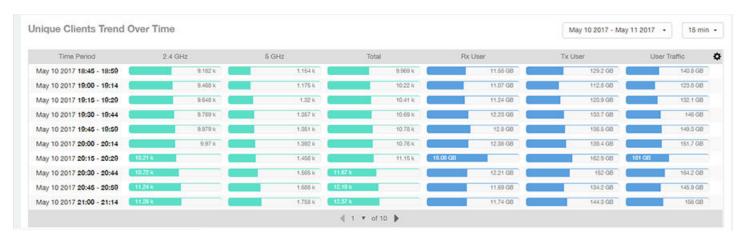
# **Clients - Unique Clients Trend Over Time (Table)**

The Unique Clients Trend Over Time table of the Clients report displays the total numbers of unique clients over the specified time intervals, as well as unique client count per radio, and client traffic (Tx, Rx, total) for a given time period.

The unique clients trend can be used to identify which time periods have the highest number of new clients connecting to the

networks, or to compare transmit/receive traffic over different time periods throughout the day. Click the gear icon to select the list of columns to display. The table is sorted on the total traffic by default. Click any column heading to sort by that value. You can also select the top 10 (default value), 20, 50, or 100 clients to display, or display all clients. The number of rows per page is defined by the **Rows per Page** option in the table settings menu.

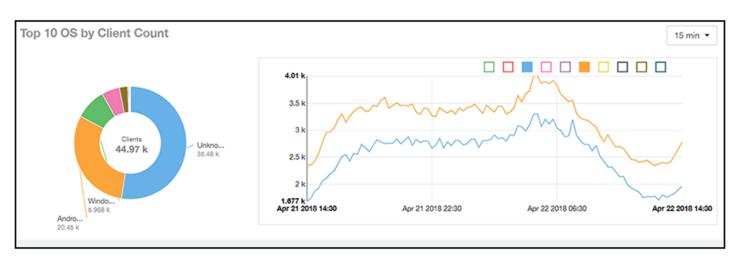
FIGURE 81 Clients - Unique Clients Trend Over Time Table



# **Clients - Top 10 OS by Client Count**

The Top 10 OS by Client Count chart and graph of the Clients report provides you with information about the 10 operating systems being used the most by the clients in your network.

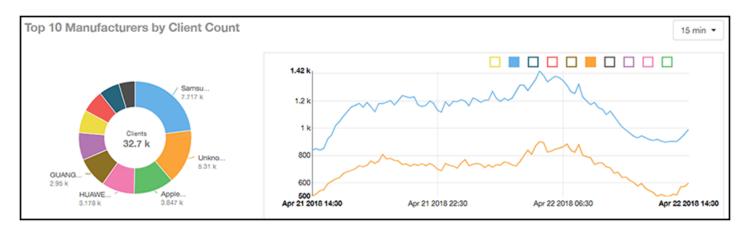
FIGURE 82 Clients - Top 10 OS by Client Count



# **Clients - Top 10 Manufacturers by Client Count**

The Top 10 Manufacturers by Client Count chart and graph of the Clients report provides you with information about the 10 manufacturers of wireless equipment most represented in your network.

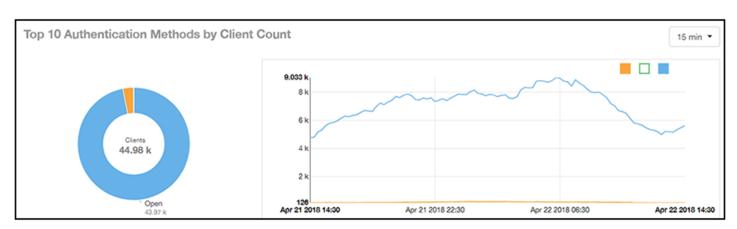
FIGURE 83 Clients - Top 10 Manufacturers by Client Count



# **Clients - Top 10 Authentication Methods by Client Count**

The Top 10 Authentication Methods chart and graph of the Clients report provides you with information about the top 10 methods most commonly used in your system to authenticate users.

FIGURE 84 Clients - Top 10 Authentication Methods



# **Applications Report Dashboard**

•	Applications Report	69
	Applications - Overview	
	Applications - Top 10 by Traffic Volume	
	Applications - Top 10 by Client Count	
•	Applications - Top Applications by Traffic (table)	
	Applications - Top Applications by Client Count (table).	

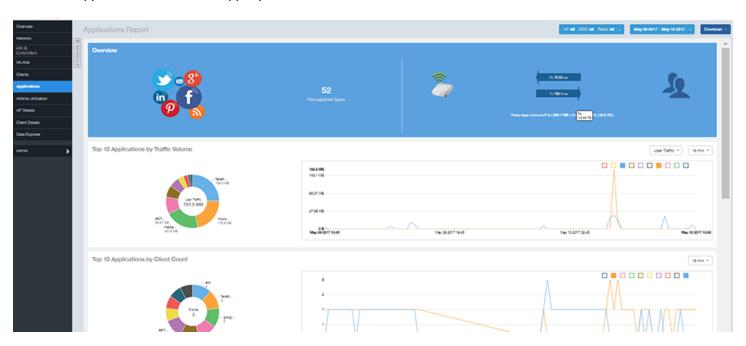
# **Applications Report**

The Applications report provides the details of the applications accessed by the user.

The Applications report contains the details of the applications accessed by the user and predefined by SCI. The overview contains the list of recognized applications. The rest of the report contains the top 10 applications by traffic volume received and transmitted over time, client count, traffic, and clients.

The following figure shows only the upper portion of the Applications dashboard that appears when you click **Applications** on the navigation bar.

## FIGURE 85 Applications Dashboard (upper portion)



The Applications report consists of five sections, which are listed in the table below. Figures showing each of these sections appear later.

Overview	Contains the list of applications that SCI recognizes, and displays the percentage of
	traffic consumed by these applications

2	Top 10 Applications by Traffic Volume	Contains the list of top 10 applications in terms of volume of traffic.
3	Top 10 Applications by Client Count	Contains the application information and displays the quantity of traffic consumed by the listed applications.
4	Top Applications by Traffic	Displays the top applications by traffic and the percentage consumed of the total traffic.
5	Top Applications by Client Count	Displays the top applications by clients and the percentage consumed of the total traffic by the applications.

# **Applications - Overview**

The Overview section of the Applications report provides an overview of all applications recognized by the application-recognition engine and the traffic volumes that these applications consume.

This Overview report contains the following:

- The number of recognized applications
- Total traffic
- Total number of APs, which also contains the received and transmitted traffic between them
- Total clients on the network

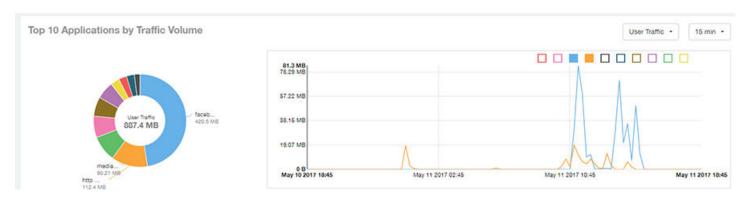
## FIGURE 86 Applications - Overview



# **Applications - Top 10 by Traffic Volume**

The Top 10 Applications by Traffic Volume pie chart and graph of the Applications report display the top applications with the largest traffic volume in the network, along with the received and transmitted traffic volumes.

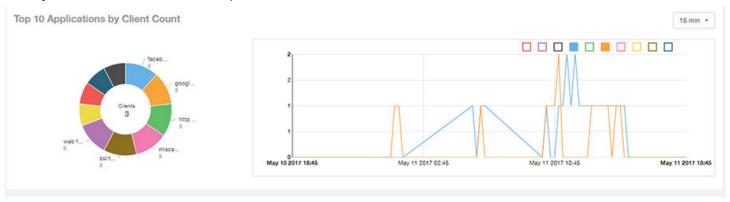
#### FIGURE 87 Applications - Top 10 Applications by Traffic Volume



The pie chart and graph contain the top applications with the largest traffic volume in the network, along with the received and transmitted traffic volumes. You can view the received and transmitted traffic volumes based on the Rx+Tx Filter on page 28. To view the top 10 applications, choose from the legend available on the top of the graph. Each applications will appear as a separate graph line. If you hover over the line graph a pop-up appears containing the selected details.

# **Applications - Top 10 by Client Count**

The Top 10 by Client Count pie chart and graph of the Applications report show the applications that are most frequently being used by the clients in the network over specified time intervals.



# **Applications - Top Applications by Traffic (table)**

The Top Applications by Traffic table of the Applications report displays the top (10, 20 or 50) applications by the amount of traffic generated over the time period selected.

## FIGURE 88 Applications - Top Applications by Traffic



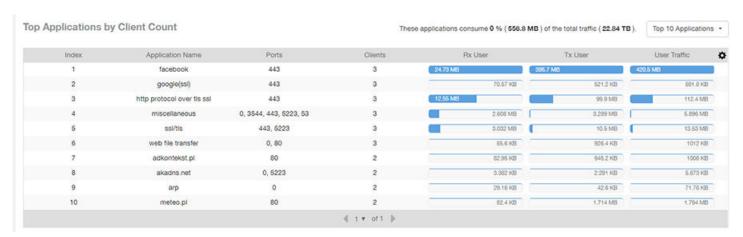
# **Applications - Top Applications by Client Count (table)**

Use the Top Applications by Client Count table of the Applications report to view which applications are being used by the most clients on the network.

You can sort the table by any column by clicking on the column heading. Additionally, you can customize the table by clicking the gear icon and selecting from the list of columns to display.

You can also select whether to display only the top 10 (default value), 20, 50, or 100 applications, or list all applications. Configure the number of rows per a page using the **Rows per Page** list in the table settings drop down menu.

### FIGURE 89 Applications - Top Applications by Client Count



# **Airtime Utilization Report Dashboard**

•	Airtime Utilization Report	. 73
	Airtime Utilization - Overview.	
	Top 10 APs By Airtime Utilization	
	Top APs by Airtime Utilization for 2.4 Ghz	
	Airtime Utilization - Top APs by Airtime Utilization for 5 GHz	
	Airtime Utilization Trend	
	Airtime Utilization - Over Time	77

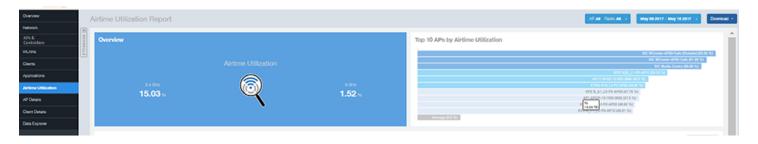
# **Airtime Utilization Report**

The Airtime Utilization report provides an overview of airtime utilization.

The Airtime Utilization report lists the APs by airtime utilization for radio (2.4 and 5 GHz). It also lists the airtime utilization trend over time based on APs and radio.

The following figure shows the upper portion of the Airtime Utilization dashboard that appears when you click **Airtime Utilization** on the navigation bar.

#### FIGURE 90 Airtime Utilization Dashboard (upper portion)



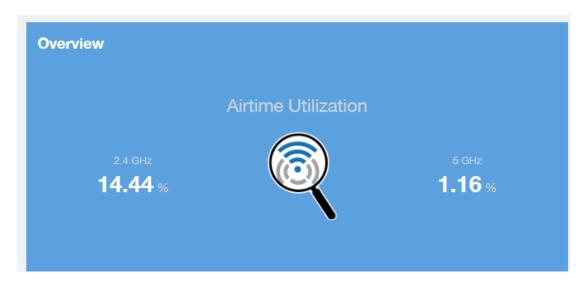
The Airtime Utilization report consists of the six sections listed in the table below.

1	Overview	The overview report section contains the total number of APs based on the radio category.
2	Top 10 APs by Airtime Utilization	This tabular report pertains to top ten APs airtime utilization, represented as percentage. This is based on your selection of APs, Radio and Date Range filters.
3	Top APs by Airtime Utilization for 2.4 GHz	This tabular report pertains to top APs airtime utilization based on the radio category of 2.4 GHz.
4	Top APs by Airtime Utilization for 5 GHz	This tabular report pertains to top APs airtime utilization based on the radio category of 5 GHz.
5	Airtime Utilization Trend	This graph pertains to the utilization trend of APs based on the radio category of 2.4 and 5 GHz.
6	Airtime Utilization Over Time	The tabular report contains the utilization trend of APs as per the selected components.

### **Airtime Utilization - Overview**

The Overview section of the Airtime Utilization report displays the aggregate utilization rates for all of the 2.4 and 5 GHz radios on all APs for the selected time period.

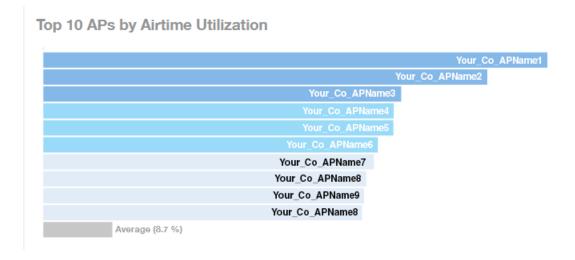
#### FIGURE 91 Airtime Utilization - Overview



# **Top 10 APs By Airtime Utilization**

Use the Top APs by Utilization chart to view which APs have the highest airtime utilization percentage rates.

#### FIGURE 92 Top 10 APs by Airtime Utilization



# Top APs by Airtime Utilization for 2.4 Ghz

The Top APs by Airtime Utilization for 2.4 GHz report displays which APs have the highest utilization on the 2.4 GHz radio.

Use this report to view a list the top APs with the highest airtime utilization sorted according to the selected columns. Click the gear icon to select which columns to display, or click any column heading to sort by that column.

You can also select whether to display the top 10, 20, 50, or 100 APs by airtime utilization from the Top APs filter. The number of rows per page can be defined using the **Rows per page** option in the table settings drop down list.

#### FIGURE 93 Top APs by Airtime Utilization for 2.4 GHz



# Airtime Utilization - Top APs by Airtime Utilization for 5 GHz

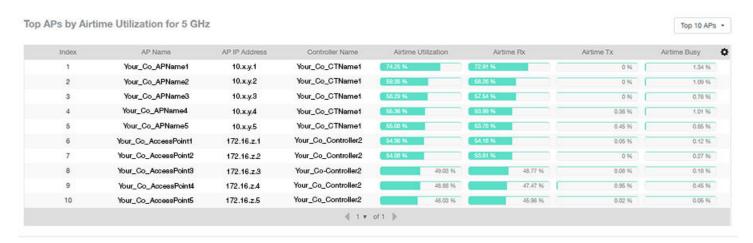
The Top APs by Airtime Utilization for 5 GHz table of the Airtime Utilization report displays which APs have the highest utilization on the 5 GHz radio.

Use this report to view a list the top APs with the highest airtime utilization sorted by the selected columns. Click the gear icon to select which columns to display, or click any column heading to sort by that column.

You can also select whether to display the top 10, 20, 50, or 100 APs by airtime utilization from the Top APs filter. The number of rows per page can be defined using the **Rows per page** option in the table settings drop down list.

Ruckus SmartCell Insight™ User Guide Part Number: 800-72009-001 Rev A

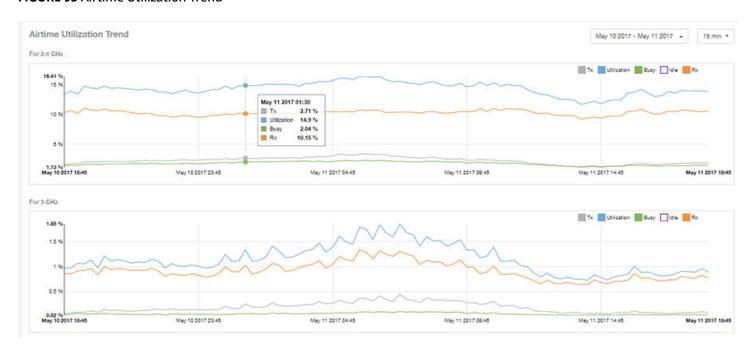
#### FIGURE 94 Airtime Utilization - Top APs by Airtime Utilization for 5 GHz



# **Airtime Utilization Trend**

The Airtime Utilization Trend graph shows the airtime utilization trends for 2.4 and 5 GHz radios in percentages over time.

#### FIGURE 95 Airtime Utilization Trend



## **Airtime Utilization - Over Time**

Use the Airtime Utilization Over Time chart to compare utilization rates between time periods, and to examine specific airtime utilization data, such as time spent busy/idle, transmitting/receiving, and user traffic vs. management traffic.

#### FIGURE 96 Airtime Utilization Over Time



# **AP Details Report Dashboard**

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•	AP Details - Details	82
•	AP Details - Stats	83
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•	AP Details - RSS Trend	
•	AP Details - SNR Trend	
•	AP Details - Airtime Utilization Trend	
•	AP Details - Clients Details	
•	AP Details - Alarms	
	AP Details - Events.	
	AP Details - Anomalies	

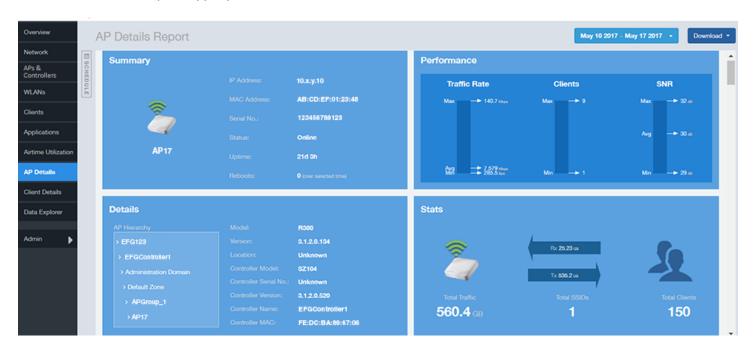
# **AP Details Report**

The AP Details Report provides details about one specific access point.

You can reach this report by either clicking on a hyperlink of an AP name from another dashboard, or by clicking **AP Details** on the navigation bar. If you click **AP Details** to get to the AP Details Report, you then need to enter the MAC address of the AP whose details you want to view.

The following figure shows only the upper portion of the AP Details Report screen:

#### FIGURE 97 AP Details Report (upper portion)



The AP Details report consists of 17 sections and are described in the following table. Figures showing each of these sections appear later.

1	Summary	Contains basic information about the AP. The AP in this example figure above is AP17.	
2	Performance	ance Contains performance data about the access point named AP17 in the example figure above	
3	Details	Contains some details about the example AP17 access point, including showing the nested nierarchy of how the administrator has set up the APs in the network.	
4	Stats	Contains statistics specific to the example AP 17 access point.	
5	Uptime History	line graph shows when this AP has been up or down over different time periods.	
6	Traffic Trend	Two type of line graphs depict traffic by usage, and two line graphs depict traffic by radio type for this AP.	
7	Unique Clients Trend Over Time	Two line graphs depict unique clients associated with this AP. One graph shows the number of unique clients and the other shows the traffic generated by unique clients - both over specified time periods.	
8	Top 10 Clients by Traffic Volume	A pie chart and line graph depict the clients that have generated the largest volume of traffic over this AP over a specified period of time.	
9	Top 10 Applications by Traffic Volume	A pie chart and line graph depict the applications that have generated the largest volume of traffic over this AP over a specified time period.	
10	Top SSIDs by Traffic	A table lists the SSIDs that have generated the most traffic associated with this AP over a specified time period. An SSID is a logical group of APs. An AP can belong to multiple SSIDs.	
11	Sessions	A table provides details for whatever number of client sessions that you specify for this AP.	
12	RSS Trend	A line graph depicts the received signal strength trends over time for this AP.	
13	SNR Trend	A line graph depicts the signal-to-noise ratio trends over time for this AP.	

14	Airtime Utilization Trend	Two line graphs depict the airtime utilization for this AP, by radio type, over a specified time period.
15	Clients Details	A table provides details for however many top clients for this AP that you specify.
16	Alarms	A table lists the alarms that have been generated for this AP for the time period that you specify.
17	Events	A table lists the events that have been generated for this AP for the time period that you specify.

# **AP Details - Summary**

The Summary section of the AP Details report displays basic information about a specific AP.

The AP shown in this example is named AP17.

#### FIGURE 98 AP Details - Summary



### **AP Details - Performance**

The Performance section of the AP Details report displays data about the specified AP.

#### FIGURE 99 AP Details - Performance



# **AP Details - Details**

The Details section of the AP Details report contains some details about the specified AP, including its hierarchy in the network.

The AP shown in this example is named AP17. It belongs to a group of access points that the administrator has named APGroup\_1. EFGController1 in this example is one of the controllers being used on a wireless network named EFG123.

#### FIGURE 100 AP Details - Details



## **AP Details - Stats**

The Stats section of the AP Details report displays some traffic statistics about the specified AP.

#### FIGURE 101 AP Details - Summary

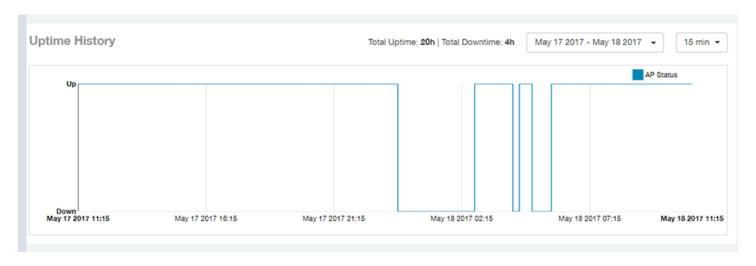


# **AP Details - Uptime History**

The Uptime History line graph of the AP Details report shows when this AP has been up or down over different time periods.

The blue bar indicates when the AP has been up or down. Use the drop-down menus to specify the timeframe and the granularity of the graph.

#### FIGURE 102 AP Details - Uptime History



### **AP Details - Traffic Trend**

The Traffic Trend section of the AP Details report contains four line graphs that provide information about the specified AP: two types of line graphs that depict traffic by usage, and two types of line graphs that depict traffic by radio type for this AP.

Use the drop-down menus to specify the timeframe and the granularity of the graphs.

#### FIGURE 103 AP Details - Traffic Trend

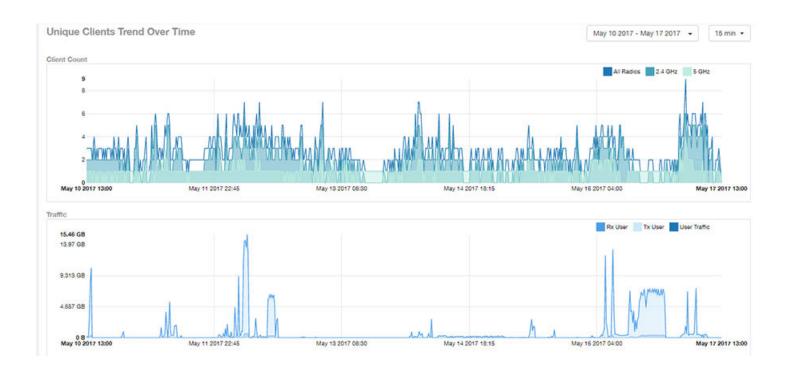


# **AP Details - Unique Clients Trend Over Time**

The Unique Clients Trend Over Time section of the AP Details report contains two line graphs that provide information about unique clients associated with the specified AP over a certain time period.

One graph shows the number of unique clients and the other shows the traffic generated by unique clients.

Use the drop-down menus to specify the timeframe and the granularity of the graphs.



# **AP Details - Top 10 Clients by Traffic Volume**

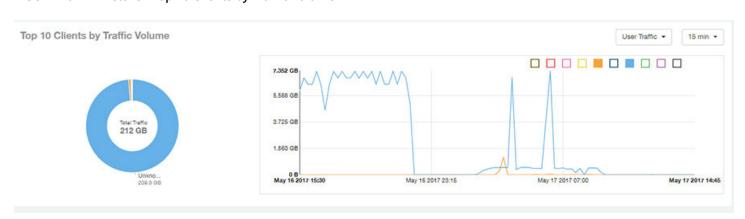
The Top 10 Clients by Traffic Volume pie chart and line graph of the AP Details report depict the clients that have generated the largest volume of traffic over this AP for a specified period of time.

Use the drop-down menus to specify the timeframe and the granularity of the graph. Click any of the colored squares to toggle display of the corresponding clients.

#### NOTE

If you click on one of the clients listed in the pie chart, you will be taken to the Client Details dashboard for that client.

#### FIGURE 104 AP Details - Top 10 Clients by Traffic Volume

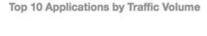


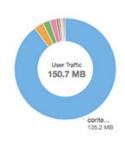
# **AP Details - Top 10 Applications by Traffic Volume**

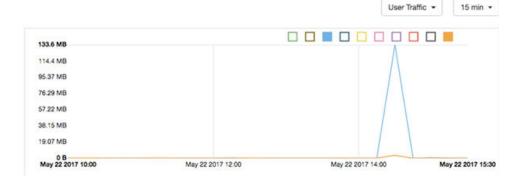
The Top 10 Applications by Traffic Volume pie chart and line graph of the AP Details report depict the applications that have generated the largest volume of traffic over this AP for a specified period of time.

Use the drop-down menus to specify the traffic type and the granularity of the graph. Click any of the colored squares to toggle display of the corresponding applications.

#### FIGURE 105 AP Details - Top 10 Applications by Traffic Volume







# **AP Details - Top SSIDs by Traffic**

The Top SSIDs by Traffic table of the AP Details report lists the SSIDs that have generated the most traffic associated with this AP. An SSID is a logical group of APs. An AP can belong to multiple SSIDs. Use the drop-down menu to specify the number of SSIDs to display.

#### FIGURE 106 AP Details - Top SSIDs by Traffic



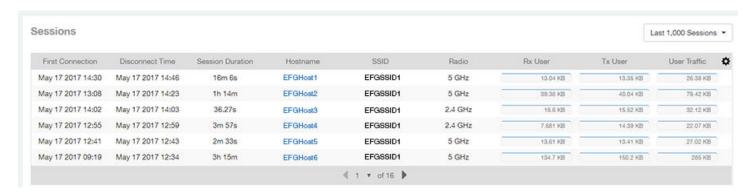
### AP Details - Sessions

The Sessions table of the AP Details report provides details for however many client sessions that you specify for this AP.

Use the drop-down menu to specify how many sessions to display.

If you click on one of the client **hostname** links, you will be taken to the Client Details report for that client.

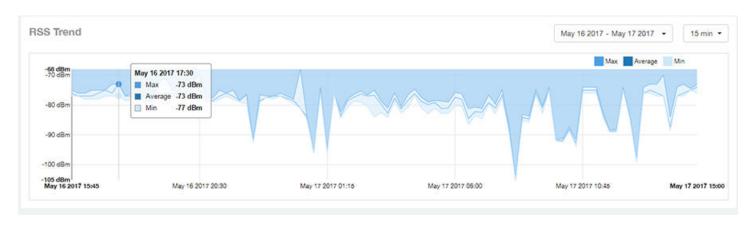
#### FIGURE 107 AP Details - Sessions



### **AP Details - RSS Trend**

The RSS Trend graph of the AP Details report depicts the received signal strength trends over time for this AP. Use the drop-down menus to specify the timeframe and the granularity of the graph.

#### FIGURE 108 AP Details - RSS Trend

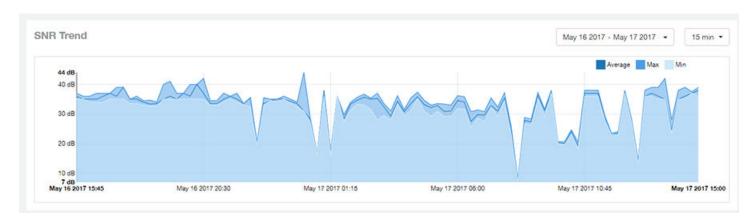


### **AP Details - SNR Trend**

The SNR Trend graph of the AP Details report depicts the signal-to-noise ratio over time for this AP.

You can use the drop-down arrows to select the time frame and granularity for this graph.

#### FIGURE 109 AP Details - SNR Trend

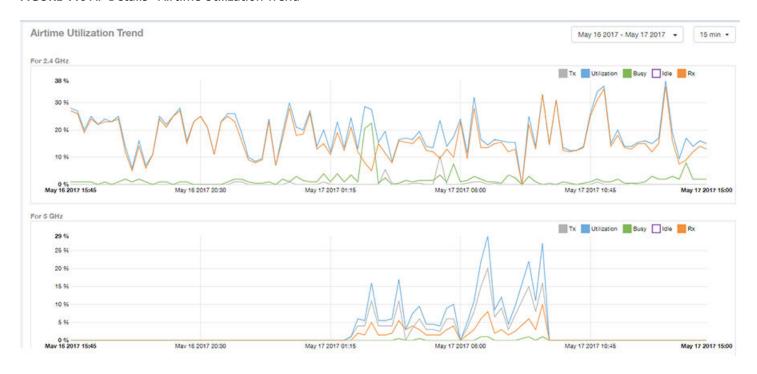


## **AP Details - Airtime Utilization Trend**

The Airtime Utilization Trend line graphs of the AP Details report depict the airtime utilization for this AP, by radio type, over a specified time period.

You can use the drop-down arrows to select the time frame and granularity for this graph.

#### FIGURE 110 AP Details - Airtime Utilization Trend

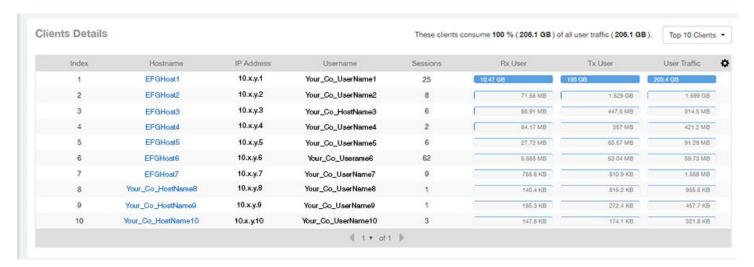


### **AP Details - Clients Details**

The Clients Details table of the AP Details report provides details for however many top clients that you specify for this AP. Use the drop-down menu to specify how many top clients to display.

If you click on one of the client **hostname** links, you will be taken to the Client Details report for that client.

#### FIGURE 111 AP Details - Clients Details



# **AP Details - Alarms**

The Alarms table of the AP Details report lists the alarms generated for this AP for the time period that you specify. Use the drop-down menu to specify how many alarms to display.

You can use the gear icon to choose what columns of information you wish to display.

#### FIGURE 112 AP Details - Alarms

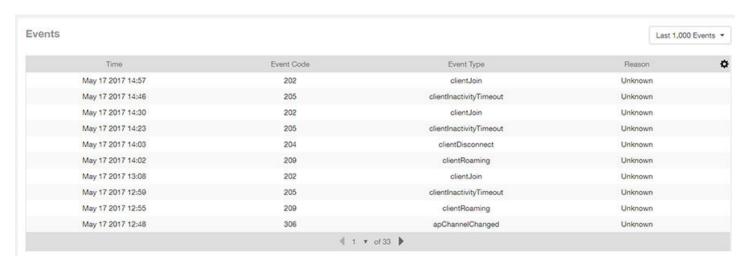


### **AP Details - Events**

The Events table of the AP Details report lists the events generated for this AP for the time period that you specify. Use the drop-down menu to specify how many events to display.

You can use the gear icon to choose what columns of information you wish to display.

#### FIGURE 113 AP Details - Events



### **AP Details - Anomalies**

The anomalies charts provide information about any behavior that might be out of the normal range for this AP, such as high reboot count, unusually high or low user traffic, unusually high or low client count, or unusually high or low session count.

For more information about anomalies, as well as screen shots of each type, refer to the Using Ruckus Smart Analytics on page 19.

# **Client Details Report Dashboard**

•	Client Details Report	. 91
	Client Details - Summary	
•	Client Details - Stats	. 92
•	Client Details - Top 10 Applications by Traffic Volume	.93
	Client Details - Traffic Trend	
•	Client Details - RSS Trend	. 94
•	Client Details - SNR Trend	94
•	Client Details - Sessions	95

# **Client Details Report**

The Client Details report provides details about one specific client.

You can reach this report by either clicking on a hyperlink of a client name from another dashboard, or by clicking **Client Details** on the navigation bar. If you click **Client Details** to get to this screen, you then need to enter the MAC address of the client whose details you want to view.

The following figure shows only the upper two sections of the Client Details report:

#### FIGURE 114 Client Details Report (upper portion)



The Client Details report consists of seven sections and are described in the following table. Figures showing each of these sections appear later.

1	Summary	Contains basic information about the client. The hostname in this example figure above is XYZ123.
2	Stats	Contains basic statistics specific to this client.
3	Top 10 Applications by Traffic Volume	A pie chart and line graph contain the applications run by this client that have the largest traffic volume.
4	Traffic Trend	Two line graphs depict traffic by usage and traffic by radio type for this client.
5	RSS Trend	A line graph depicts the received signal strength trends over time for this client.
6	SNR Trend	A line graph depicts the signal-to-noise ratio trends over time for this client.
7	Sessions	A table provides details for sessions between this client and associated access points.

# **Client Details - Summary**

The Summary section of the Client Details report displays basic information about a specific client .

The hostname for the client shown in this example is XYZ123.

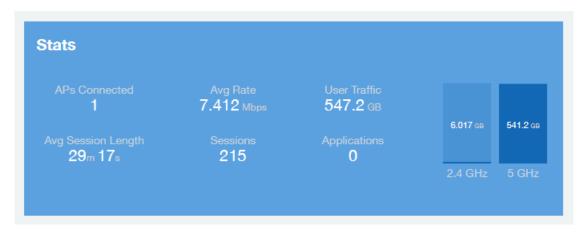
#### FIGURE 115 Client Details - Summary



# **Client Details - Stats**

The Stats section of the Client Details report shows statistics for the specified client.

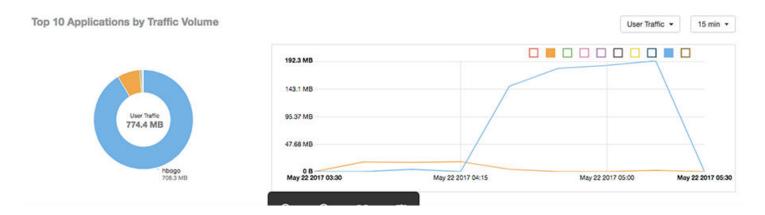
#### FIGURE 116 Client Details Stats



# Client Details - Top 10 Applications by Traffic Volume

The Client Details - Top 10 Applications by Traffic Volume pie chart and graph show the applications run by this client that have the largest traffic volume.

Use the drop-down menus to specify the traffic type and the granularity of the graph. Click any of the colored squares to toggle display of the corresponding applications.

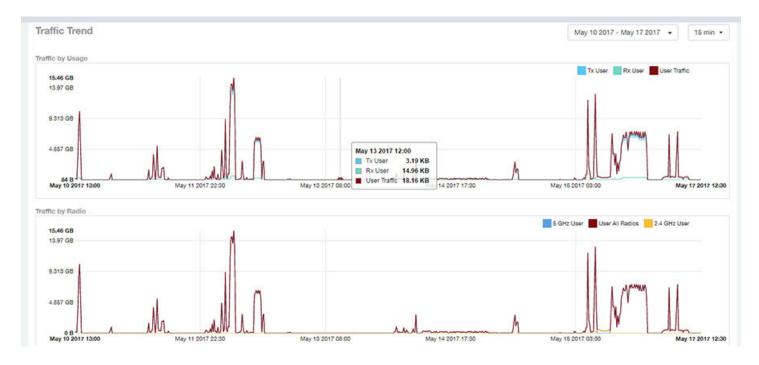


### **Client Details - Traffic Trend**

The Traffic Trend graphs of the Client Details report depict traffic by usage and traffic by radio type for the client.

You can use the drop-down arrows to select the time frame and granularity for the graphs.

#### FIGURE 117 Client Details - Traffic Trend

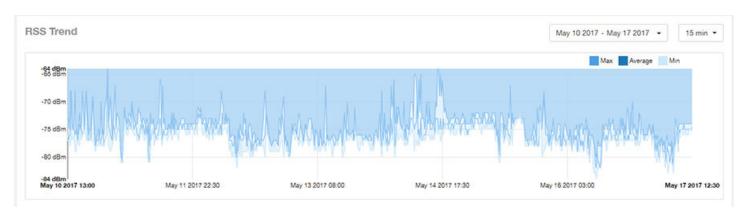


## **Client Details - RSS Trend**

The RSS Trend graph of the Client Details report depicts the received signal strength trends over time for this client.

Use the drop-down menus to specify the timeframe and the granularity of the graph.

#### FIGURE 118 Client Details - RSS Trend

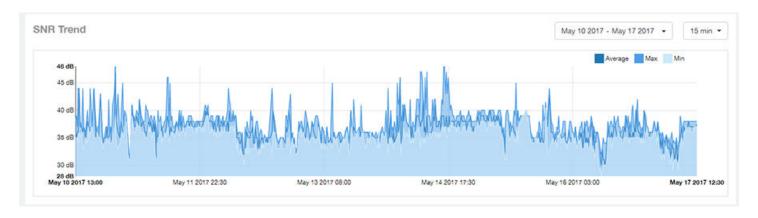


### **Client Details - SNR Trend**

The SNR Trend graph of the Client Details report depicts the signal-to-noise ratio over time for this client.

You can use the drop-down arrows to select the time frame and granularity for this graph.

#### FIGURE 119 Client Details - SNR Trend



## **Client Details - Sessions**

The Sessions table of the Client Details report provides details for sessions between this client and associated access points.

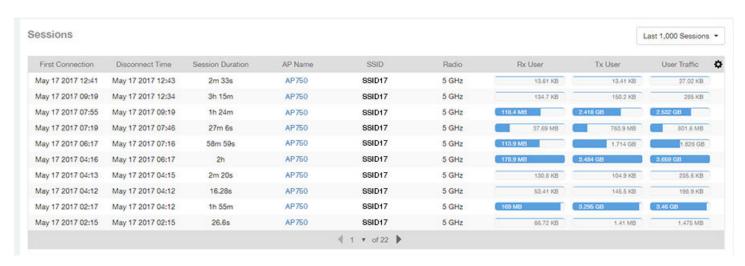
You can use the drop-down arrows to select the number of sessions you want to display.

You can use the gear icon to choose what columns of information you wish to display.

#### **NOTE**

If you click one of the AP Name links, you will be taken to the AP Details report for that AP.

#### FIGURE 120 Client Details Sessions



# **Data Explorer Dashboard**

• Da	ata Explorer and Data Cubes	97
<ul> <li>Ar</li> </ul>	pplications	99
• No	etwork	100
<ul> <li>Ai</li> </ul>	rtime Utilization	101
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• Se	essions	103
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# **Data Explorer and Data Cubes**

The Data Explorer and its individual cubes allows you to view, filter, and manipulate data in many different ways.

### **Data Exploration**

Data exploration is the act of exploring the minute details of an OnLine Analytical Processing (OLAP) cube.

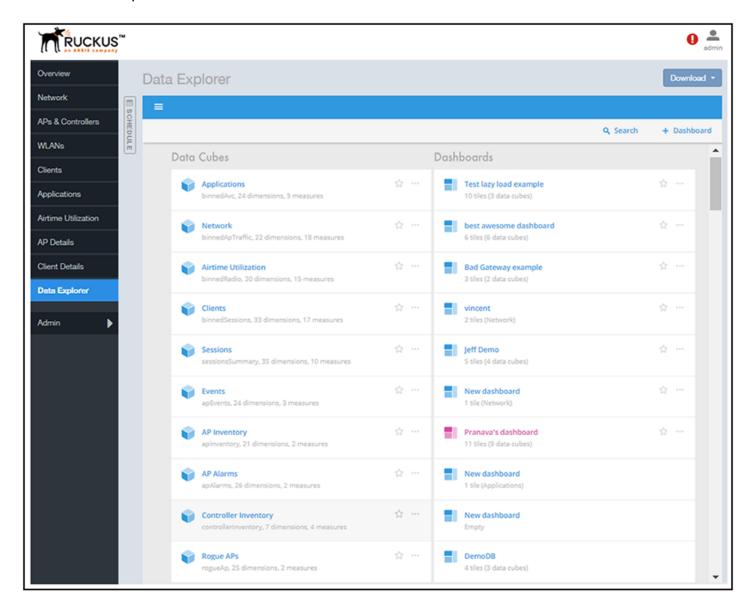
Consider your data to be a three-dimensional cube which you would like to explore, both inside out and outside in, so that you could glean more insights from your data. Of course, most real world data sets will have more than three dimensions, but the concepts from a 3D cube can be directly extended to a multi-dimensional hyper-cube.

With an OLAP cube, there are five operations that you can perform:

- 1. **Slice:** Think of slicing a piece of cheese you make a single cut to the cheese to expose the insides. A typical slice operation is the time slice. Instead of looking at all the data from Day 1, you slice the data to just the last 30 days.
- 2. **Dice:** Think of dicing a piece of cheese you make multiple cuts and mash the cheese into much smaller pieces. A typical dice operation is after slicing the cube to just the last 30 days, you "cut" it further by filtering by the controller name and AP group. After the above slice and dice is a smaller piece of the original OLAP cube.
- 3. **Drill Up/Down:** In order to delve into the details, you drill down into a specific AP in the above AP Group, and further drilling down to a specific client hostname. Conversely, you could also search for client MAC in the beginning and drill up to see which AP and controller it belongs to.
- 4. **Roll Up:** This operation typically involves certain numbers, also known as measures which will be explained in detail below. In short, after doing your slice, dice and drill down, you would like to "roll up" the numbers to find out the total transmit traffic for the selected APs.
- 5. **Pivot:** Pivot is simply an operation that allows you to view the data from a different perspective. For example, you have a table showing a list of controllers and the APs belonging to each controller. You may pivot the table to show a list of APs and the controllers they belong to. Think of pivoting as changing the hierarchy between the dimensions.

Thus, as you use the custom reporting, refer to these five operations.

#### FIGURE 121 Data Explorer and Data Cubes



The SCI Data Explorer allows you to explore the data under various categories, using your own permutations and combinations, unlike the other canned reports available. The Data Explorer contains the following data cubes:

- Applications on page 99
- Network on page 100
- Airtime Utilization on page 101
- Clients on page 102
- Sessions on page 103
- Events on page 103
- AP Inventory on page 104
- AP Alarms on page 105

- Controller Inventory on page 106
- Rogue APs on page 106

#### NOTE

The Schedule tab is for use only with dashboards you create, not with data cubes themselves.

### **Using Filters**

For information on how use data cube filters, which are common to all the data cubes, refer to Data Cube Filters on page 107

### **Dashboards**

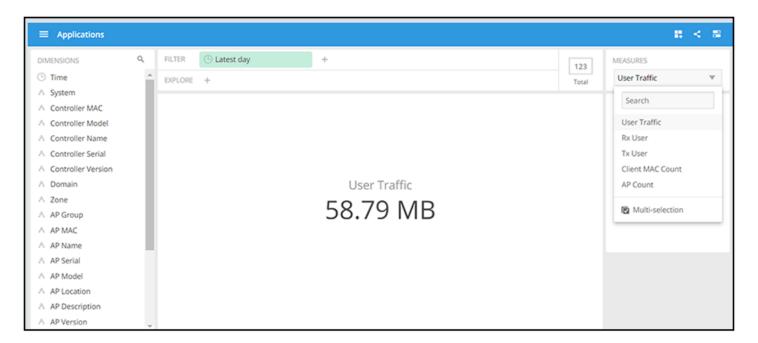
You can create and save dashboards, which allow you to customize reports by using data from any or all of the nine data cubes. Refer to the following sections for information on these dashboards:

- Creating a Data Explorer Dashboard on page 124
- Actions You Can Perform on an Existing Dashboard on page 129

# **Applications**

The Applications cube allows you to explore the application data your system uses.

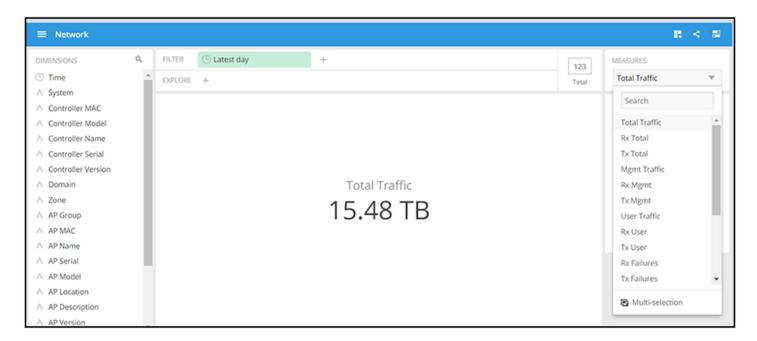
#### FIGURE 122 Data Explorer - Applications



### **Network**

The Network cube allows you to explore network traffic data and its usage.

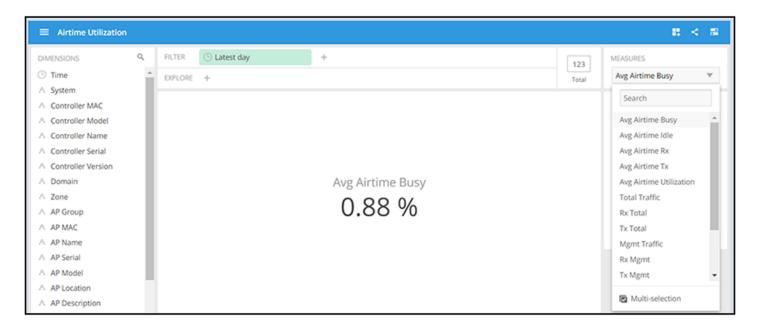
#### FIGURE 123 Data Explorer - Network



# **Airtime Utilization**

The Airtime Utilization cube allows you to explore the airtime utilization data in your system.

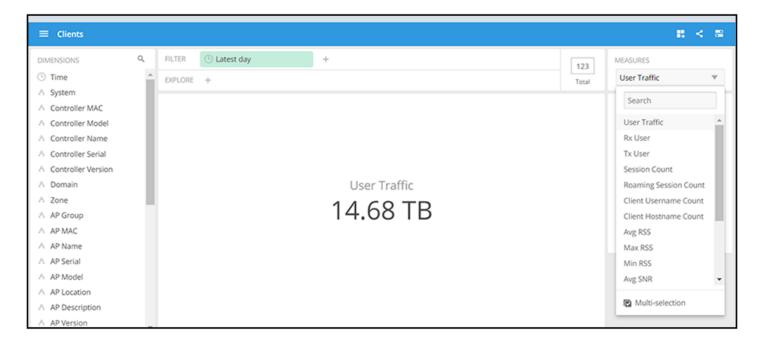
#### FIGURE 124 Data Explorer - Airtime Utilization



# **Clients**

The Clients cube allows you to explore client data for your system.

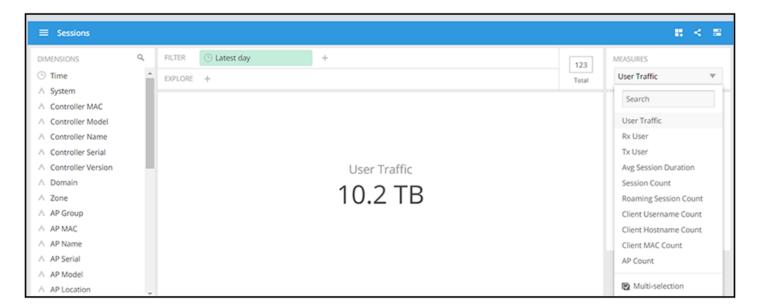
#### FIGURE 125 Data Explorer - Clients



### **Sessions**

The Sessions cube allows you to explore data about the various sessions in your system. .

#### FIGURE 126 Data Explorer - Sessions



### **Events**

The Events cube allows you to view data about events that have occurred in your system.

#### FIGURE 127 Data Explorer - Events



#### Data Explorer Dashboard

AP Inventory

#### NOTE

Refer to the SmartZone *Alarm and Event Reference Guide* based on the controller platform (SCG200/SZ300 and vSZ-H) or (SZ100 and vSZ-E) for details on alarms and events.

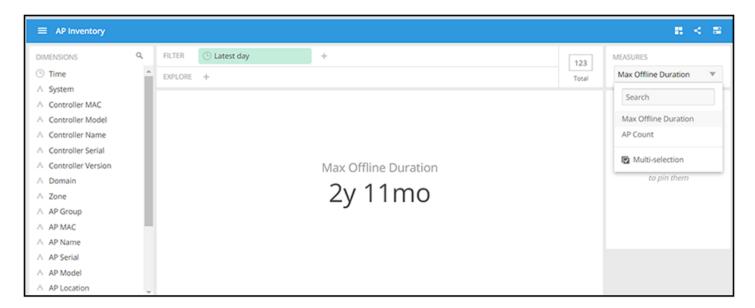
#### NOTE

Also, refer to the ZoneDirector Syslog Events Reference Guide.

# **AP Inventory**

The AP inventory cube allows you to view information about the various AP models your system uses.

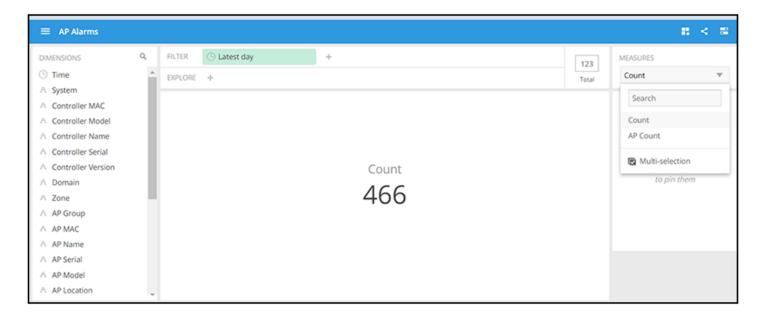
#### FIGURE 128 AP Inventory



## **AP Alarms**

The AP Alarms cube allows you to view information about alarms in your system.

#### FIGURE 129 AP Alarms



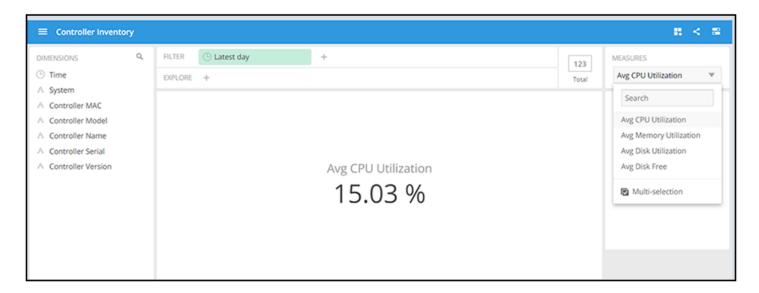
#### NOTE

Refer to the SmartZone *Alarm and Event Reference Guide* based on the controller platform (SCG200/SZ300 and vSZ-H) or (SZ100 and vSZ-E) for details on alarms and events.

# **Controller Inventory**

The Controller Inventory cube allows you to view CPU, memory, and disk utilization for the controllers in the system.

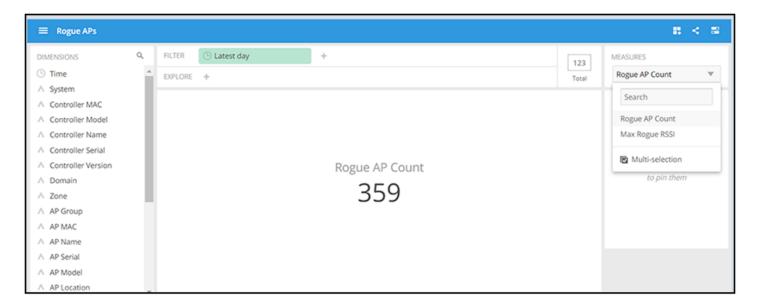
#### FIGURE 130 Controller Inventory



# **Rogue APs**

The Rogue APs cube allows you to view information about APs that have been flagged as "Rogue" because they cannot be identified by existing APs in your system.

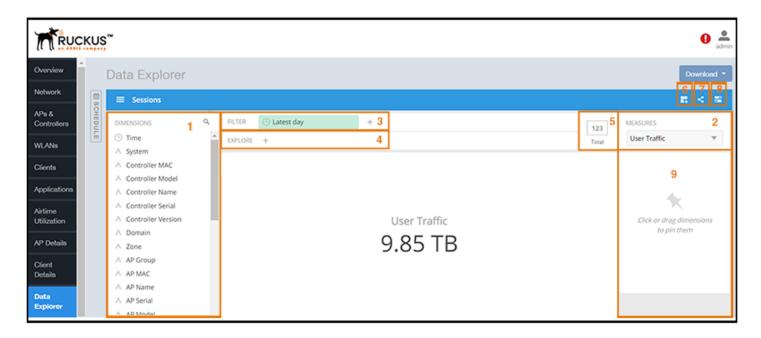
#### FIGURE 131 Rogue APs



# **Data Cube Filters**

Data cubes contain groups of data sets, some of which exist in multiple cubes. The data cube filters are common to all the data cubes and are explained in detail in the sections below.

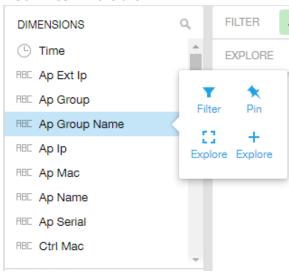
#### FIGURE 132 Data Cube Filters



The data cube filters are explained in detail in the sections below.

#### **Dimensions**

#### **FIGURE 133** Dimensions



Number 1 in Data Cube Filters. Lists industry standard details for Radio such as Time, AP name, System, and Zone name. You can use one or more dimensions to:

- Filter on one or more dimensions. The default dimension is Time.
- Explore on one or more dimensions. Every dimension used in Explore can be sorted by one or more selected measures, and the number to be listed in the table can be selected (5, 10, 25, 50, 100, 500 or 1000). You can also change the sorting order of the dimensions to be explored and pivot or change the hierarchy.
- Pin one or more dimensions on the Pinboard for easy reference.

You can use the scroll bar on the screen for each data cube to view the supported dimensions for that cube. The following table lists and describes all the dimensions that are supported on one or more data cubes in SCI:

**TABLE 5** Dimensions

Dimension name	Description	Supported Data Cubes
Alarm Code	Unique string assigned by the controller to an alarm.	AP Alarms
Alarm State	Indicates if the alarm is outstanding.	AP Alarms
Alarm Type	Description for access point and controller alarms.	AP Alarms
Alarm UUID	Unique string assigned by the controller to an alarm.	AP Alarms
AP Description	Description string of the access point that is configured in the controller.	<ul> <li>Applications</li> <li>Network</li> <li>Airtime Utilization</li> <li>Clients</li> <li>Sessions</li> <li>Events</li> <li>AP Inventory</li> <li>AP Alarms</li> <li>Rogue AP</li> </ul>

Dimension name	Description	Supported Data Cubes
AP External IP	External IP address of the access point.	<ul> <li>Applications</li> <li>Network</li> <li>Airtime Utilization</li> <li>Clients</li> <li>Sessions</li> <li>Events</li> <li>AP Inventory</li> <li>AP Alarms</li> <li>Rogue AP</li> </ul>
AP Group	AP Groups configured in the controller.	<ul> <li>Applications</li> <li>Network</li> <li>Airtime Utilization</li> <li>Clients</li> <li>Sessions</li> <li>Events</li> <li>AP Inventory</li> <li>AP Alarms</li> <li>Rogue AP</li> </ul>
AP Internal IP	Internal IP address of the access point.	<ul> <li>Applications</li> <li>Network</li> <li>Airtime Utilization</li> <li>Clients</li> <li>Sessions</li> <li>Events</li> <li>AP Inventory</li> <li>AP Alarms</li> <li>Rogue AP</li> </ul>
AP Latitude	Latitude of GPS coordinates	AP Inventory
AP Longitude	Longitude of GPS coordinates	AP Inventory
AP Location	Location string of the access point that is configured in the controller.	<ul> <li>Applications</li> <li>Network</li> <li>Airtime Utilization</li> <li>Clients</li> <li>Sessions</li> <li>Events</li> <li>AP Inventory</li> <li>AP Alarms</li> <li>Rogue AP</li> </ul>
AP MAC	Base MAC address of the access point.	<ul> <li>Applications</li> <li>Network</li> <li>Airtime Utilization</li> <li>Clients</li> <li>Sessions</li> <li>Events</li> <li>AP Inventory</li> </ul>

Dimension name	Description	Supported Data Cubes
		AP Alarms
		Rogue AP
AP Model	Description of the access point model type.	<ul> <li>Applications</li> <li>Network</li> <li>Airtime Utilization</li> <li>Clients</li> <li>Sessions</li> <li>Events</li> <li>AP Inventory</li> <li>AP Alarms</li> <li>Rogue AP</li> </ul>
AP Name	Name of the access point configured in the controller.	<ul> <li>Applications</li> <li>Network</li> <li>Airtime Utilization</li> <li>Clients</li> <li>Sessions</li> <li>Events</li> <li>AP Inventory</li> <li>AP Alarms</li> <li>Rogue AP</li> </ul>
AP Serial	Serial number of the access point.	<ul> <li>Applications</li> <li>Network</li> <li>Airtime Utilization</li> <li>Clients</li> <li>Sessions</li> <li>Events</li> <li>AP Inventory</li> <li>AP Alarms</li> <li>Rogue AP</li> </ul>
AP Version	Firmware version number of the access point.	<ul> <li>Applications</li> <li>Network</li> <li>Airtime Utilization</li> <li>Clients</li> <li>Sessions</li> <li>Events</li> <li>AP Inventory</li> <li>AP Alarms</li> <li>Rogue AP</li> </ul>
Application Name	Name of the application accessed by the WiFi client.	Applications
Authentication Method	The WiFi encryption and authentication method adopted.	<ul><li>Clients</li><li>Sessions</li></ul>
BSSID	Basic service set identifier	Network
Cable modem firmware	Firmware version of the cable modem.	AP Inventory
Cable modem IP	IP address of the cable modem.	AP Inventory

Dimension name	Description	Supported Data Cubes
Cable modem MAC	MAC address of the cable modem.	AP Inventory
Category	Category for access point and controller alarms or events.	Events     AP Alarms
Channel	The WiFi channel number used.	<ul><li>Network</li><li>Clients</li><li>Sessions</li></ul>
Client IP	Internal IP address of the WiFi client.	<ul><li>Clients</li><li>Sessions</li></ul>
Client MAC	MAC address of the WiFi client.	<ul><li>Applications</li><li>Clients</li><li>Sessions</li></ul>
Client Radio Mode	Possible values are: ac, n, a, g, b, or "unknown" (if SmartZone version is prior to 3.6).	<ul><li>Clients</li><li>Sessions</li></ul>
Connection Status	Connection status of the access point: Online, Offline, Discovery, Provisioned.	AP Inventory
Controller MAC	MAC address of the controller.	<ul> <li>Applications</li> <li>Network</li> <li>Airtime Utilization</li> <li>Clients</li> <li>Sessions</li> <li>Events</li> <li>AP Inventory</li> <li>AP Alarms</li> <li>Controller Inventory</li> <li>Rogue AP</li> </ul>
Controller Model	Description of the model of the controller.	<ul> <li>Applications</li> <li>Network</li> <li>Airtime Utilization</li> <li>Clients</li> <li>Sessions</li> <li>Events</li> <li>AP Inventory</li> <li>AP Alarms</li> <li>Controller Inventory</li> <li>Rogue AP</li> </ul>
Controller Name	Name of the configured controller.	<ul> <li>Applications</li> <li>Network</li> <li>Airtime Utilization</li> <li>Clients</li> <li>Sessions</li> <li>Events</li> <li>AP Inventory</li> <li>AP Alarms</li> <li>Controller Inventory</li> </ul>

Dimension name	Description	Supported Data Cubes
		Rogue AP
Controller Serial	Serial number of the controller.	<ul> <li>Applications</li> <li>Network</li> <li>Airtime Utilization</li> <li>Clients</li> <li>Sessions</li> <li>Events</li> <li>AP Inventory</li> <li>AP Alarms</li> <li>Controller Inventory</li> <li>Rogue AP</li> </ul>
Controller Version	Firmware version number of the controller.	<ul> <li>Applications</li> <li>Network</li> <li>Airtime Utilization</li> <li>Clients</li> <li>Sessions</li> <li>Events</li> <li>AP Inventory</li> <li>AP Alarms</li> <li>Controller Inventory</li> <li>Rogue AP</li> </ul>
Disconnect Time	Disconnect time of a session.	Sessions
Domain	Domains configured in the controller.	<ul> <li>Applications</li> <li>Network</li> <li>Airtime Utilization</li> <li>Clients</li> <li>Sessions</li> <li>Events</li> <li>AP Inventory</li> <li>AP Alarms</li> <li>Rogue AP</li> </ul>
Event Code	Code number for access point and controller events.	Events
Event Type	Description for access point and controller events.	Events
First Connection	First connection time of a session.	Sessions
Hostname	Hostname configured in the WiFi client.	<ul><li>Clients</li><li>Sessions</li></ul>
Last Status Change	Date and time of the last change in Connection Status of the access point.	AP Inventory
Manufacturer	Manufacturer information for the WiFi client.	<ul><li>Clients</li><li>Sessions</li></ul>
OS Type	OS information for the WiFi client.	<ul><li>Clients</li><li>Sessions</li></ul>

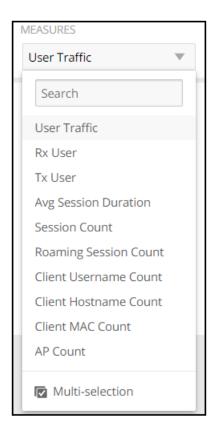
Dimension name	Description	Supported Data Cubes
Port	Port of the application accessed by the WiFi client.	Applications
Radio	Indicates the radio frequency band: 2.4GHz or 5GHz.	<ul><li>Applications</li><li>Network</li><li>Airtime Utilization</li><li>Clients</li><li>Sessions</li></ul>
Reason	Additional description for access point and controller alarms or events, if available.	<ul><li>Events</li><li>AP Alarms</li></ul>
Roaming Session ID	A unique session ID that is created when a client roams to multiple APs within a short-enough time span that the client is connected to these APs simultaneously.	<ul><li>Clients</li><li>Sessions</li></ul>
Rogue AP MAC	MAC Address of the detected Rogue AP.	Rogue AP
Rogue Channel	The WiFi channel that the rogue AP was operating on.	Rogue AP
Rogue Encryption	The WiFi encryption and authentication method adopted by the rogue AP.	Rogue AP
Rogue Radio	The radio band (2.4GHz or 5GHz) that the rogue AP was operating on.	Rogue AP
Rogue SSID	SSID of the detected Rogue AP.	Rogue AP
Rogue Type	Possible types are: ignore, known, rogue, and malicious	Rogue AP
Session ID	ID string assigned to a session.	<ul><li>Clients</li><li>Sessions</li></ul>
Session Type	Indicates whether the session is authorized or unauthorized.	<ul><li>Clients</li><li>Sessions</li></ul>
Severity	Severity level for access point and controller alarms or events.	<ul><li>Events</li><li>AP Alarms</li></ul>
SSID	Service set identifier (SSID) configured in the controller.	<ul><li>Applications</li><li>Network</li><li>Clients</li><li>Sessions</li></ul>
System	System ID of the controller or the SmartZone Cluster.	<ul> <li>Applications</li> <li>Network</li> <li>Airtime Utilization</li> <li>Clients</li> <li>Sessions</li> <li>Events</li> <li>AP Inventory</li> <li>AP Alarms</li> <li>Controller Inventory</li> <li>Rogue AP</li> </ul>
Time	Allows the data to be viewed in terms of data points with timestamps. Time granularity of 1	<ul><li>Applications</li><li>Network</li></ul>

# **Data Explorer Dashboard** Data Cube Filters

Dimension name	Description	Supported Data Cubes
	minute, 15 minutes, 1 hour, 1 day and 1 week can be chosen.	<ul> <li>Airtime Utilization</li> <li>Clients</li> <li>Sessions</li> <li>Events</li> <li>AP Inventory</li> <li>AP Alarms</li> <li>Controller Inventory</li> <li>Rogue AP</li> </ul>
Username	Username of the user account associated with the WiFi client.	<ul><li>Clients</li><li>Sessions</li></ul>
Zone	Zones configured in the controller.	<ul> <li>Applications</li> <li>Network</li> <li>Airtime Utilization</li> <li>Clients</li> <li>Sessions</li> <li>Events</li> <li>AP Inventory</li> <li>AP Alarms</li> <li>Rogue AP</li> </ul>

### **Measures**

#### FIGURE 134 Measures



Number 2 in Data Cube Filters with the drop-down list shown. Select one or more measures by which you want to sort the selected dimension.

Based on the selected cube, measures can vary.

You can use the drop-down lists on the screen for each data cube to view the supported measures for that cube. The following table lists and describes all the measures that are supported on one or more data cubes in SCI:

#### NOTE

For more information about traffic-related terms, refer to the Definition of Terms on page 9 section.

#### **TABLE 6** Measures

Measure name	Description	Supported Data Cubes
AP Count	Unique number of access points.	<ul><li>Applications</li><li>Network</li><li>Airtime Utilization</li></ul>
		<ul><li>Clients</li><li>Sessions</li></ul>
		<ul><li>Events</li><li>AP Inventory</li><li>AP Alarms</li></ul>

#### **TABLE 6** Measures (continued)

Measure name	Description	Supported Data Cubes
AP Uptime	Uptime percentage for an access point.	AP Inventory
Avg Airtime Busy	Average of the airtime busy metric.	Airtime Utilization
Avg Airtime Idle	Average of the airtime idle metric.	Airtime Utilization
Avg Airtime Rx	Average of the airtime receive metric.	Airtime Utilization
Avg Airtime Tx	Average of the airtime transmit metric.	Airtime Utilization
Avg Airtime Utilization	Average of the total airtime utilization.	Airtime Utilization
Avg CPU Utilization	Average CPU utilization for the controller.	Controller Inventory
Avg Disk Free	Average free disk space for the controller.	Controller Inventory
Avg Disk Utilization	Average disk utilization for the controller.	Controller Inventory
Avg Memory Utilization	Average memory utilization for the controller.	Controller Inventory
Avg Noise Floor	Average noise floor power in dBm.	Clients
Avg RSS	Average received signal strength of the access point in dBm.	Clients
Avg Session Duration	Average time duration for a session.	Sessions
Avg SNR	Average signal to noise ratio at the access point in dB.	Clients
Avg Throughput Estimate	Average throughput estimate for the WiFi client.	• Clients
Client Hostname		<ul><li>Clients</li><li>Sessions</li></ul>
Client MAC Count	Unique number of WiFi clients.	<ul><li>Applications</li><li>Clients</li><li>Sessions</li></ul>
Client Username		<ul><li>Clients</li><li>Sessions</li></ul>
Count		<ul><li>Events</li><li>AP Alarms</li></ul>
Failed Associations	Number of failed associations.	Network
Failed Authentications	Number of failed open authentications	Network
Mgmt Traffic	Traffic volume, which is transmitted and received in IEEE 802.11 control and management frames. This includes all unicast, multicast and broadcast traffic.	Network     Airtime Utilization
Max Offline Duration	The maximum offline duration within the selected time range.	AP Inventory
Max Rogue SNR	The maximum detected SNR of the rogue AP.	Rogue AP
Max RSS	Maximum received signal strength of the access point in dBm.	Clients
Max SNR	Maximum signal to noise ratio at the access point in dB.	Clients
Min RSS	Minimum received signal strength of the access point in dBm.	Clients
Min SNR	Minimum signal to noise ratio at the access point in dB.	Clients
Reboot Count		Events

#### **TABLE 6** Measures (continued)

Measure name	Description	Supported Data Cubes
Roaming Session Count	The number of roaming sessions for a specific client. A roaming session occurs when a client roams quickly enough to remain connected to multiple APs simultaneously. If you find a client that has a large number of roaming sessions, you can use various dimensions in Data Explorer to obtain details about the APs.	<ul><li>Clients</li><li>Sessions</li></ul>
Rogue AP Count	The number of Rogue APs detected by all the APs in your network.	Rogue AP
Rx Failures	Receive packets which failed to be processed due to insufficient buffer in AP.	Network
Rx Management	Traffic volume, which is received by AP (Access Point) in IEEE 802.11 control and management frames. This includes all unicast, multicast and broadcast traffic.	<ul><li>Network</li><li>Airtime Utilization</li></ul>
Rx Total	Sum of the Rx user and management traffic.	<ul><li>Network</li><li>Airtime Utilization</li></ul>
Rx User	Traffic volume, which is received by AP (Access Point) in IEEE 802.11 MAC Service Data Unit (MSDU) data frames. This includes all unicast, multicast and broadcast traffic.	<ul><li>Applications</li><li>Network</li><li>Airtime Utilization</li><li>Clients</li><li>Sessions</li></ul>
Session Count	Number of unique sessions.	<ul><li>Clients</li><li>Sessions</li></ul>
Successful Associations	Number of successful associations.	Network
Successful Authentications	Number of successful open authentications	Network
Successful Authentication Ratio	Ratio of number of successful open authentications over total number of open authentications.	Network
Total Traffic	Sum of the user and management traffic.	<ul><li>Network</li><li>Airtime Utilization</li></ul>
TxBroadcastFrames	Number of broadcast packets transmitted by the network.	Network
TxDropDataFrames	Tx data frames that are dropped by the message queue.	Network
Tx Failures	Transmit packets which failed to be processed due to insufficient buffer in AP.	Network
Tx Management	Traffic volume, which is transmitted by AP (Access Point) in IEEE 802.11 control and management frames. This includes all unicast, multicast and broadcast traffic.	<ul><li>Network</li><li>Airtime Utilization</li></ul>
TxMulticastFrames	Number of multicast packets transmitted by the network.	Network
Tx Total	Sum of the Tx user and management traffic.	<ul><li>Network</li><li>Airtime Utilization</li></ul>
TxUnicastFrames	The number of data packets transmitted by the network that are not broadcast or multicast packets.	Network

#### Data Explorer Dashboard

Data Cube Filters

#### **TABLE 6** Measures (continued)

Measure name	Description	Supported Data Cubes
Tx User	Traffic volume, which is transmitted by AP (Access Point) in IEEE 802.11 MAC Service Data Unit (MSDU) data frames. This includes all unicast, multicast and broadcast traffic.	<ul><li>Applications</li><li>Network</li><li>Airtime Utilization</li><li>Clients</li><li>Sessions</li></ul>
User Traffic	Traffic volume, which is transmitted and received in IEEE 802.11 MAC Service Data Unit (MSDU) data frames. This includes all unicast, multicast and broadcast traffic. User Traffic = Rx User + Tx User	<ul><li>Applications</li><li>Network</li><li>Airtime Utilization</li><li>Clients</li><li>Sessions</li></ul>

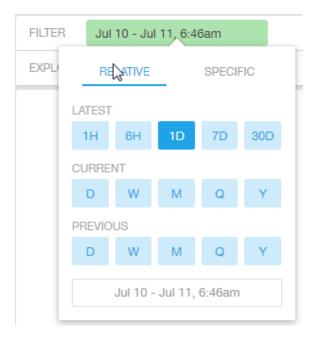
## **Filter**

#### FIGURE 135 Filter



Number 3 in Data Cube Filters. Segregates the data by dimensions such as Time Range, and other dimensions. You can filter on one or more dimensions, and change the sorting hierarchy as required. You can also define the dimensions based on specific properties of the dimension, for example, Time has relative and specific settings. The default dimension is Time, as the databases are very large and can crash the system without this filter.

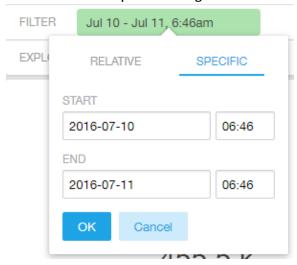
#### FIGURE 136 Time - Relative Settings



You can specify the following:

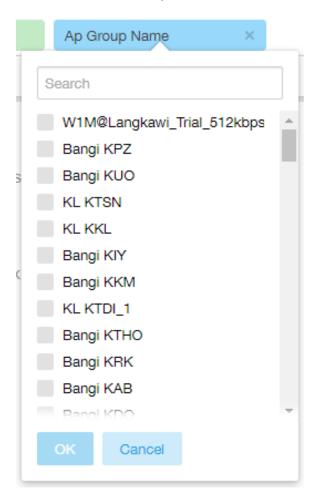
- Latest time of 1 hour, 6 hours, 1 day, 7 days, or 30 days.
- Current time of day, week, month, quarter, or year.
- Previous time of day, week, month, quarter, or year.

#### FIGURE 137 Time - Specific Settings



You can specify the start and end dates and times and click **OK** to save the details.

#### **FIGURE 138** Dimension Options



You can search the list of the dimension and choose specific entries. By default all the data that matches the dimension is listed.

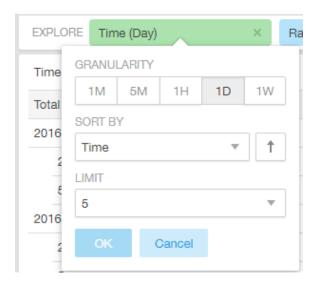
# **Explore**

#### FIGURE 139 Explore



Number 4 in Data Cube Filters. Enables visualization based on dimensions and time (data granularity).

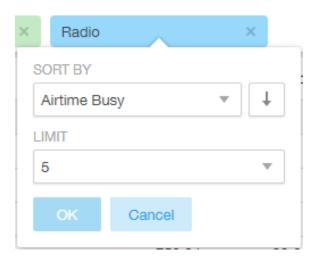
#### **FIGURE 140** Explore Time



#### Use this filter to:

- Set the data granularity to 1 minute, 5 minutes, 1 hour, 1 day, or 1 week.
- Sort by any of the measures related to the dimension.
- Limit the number of rows displayed for the dimension to 5, 10, 25, 50, 100, 500 or 1000.

#### FIGURE 141 Sort Dimension by Measure



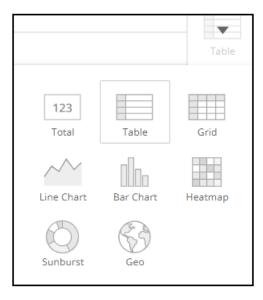
#### Use this filter to:

- Sort by any of the measures related to the dimension.
- Limit the number of rows displayed for the dimension to 5, 10, 25, 50, 100, 500 or 1000.

You can explore on one or more dimensions using a methodology similar to pivot tables, and change the sorting hierarchy as required. You can define the number of rows to be listed on the screen.

# **View Outputs**

#### **FIGURE 142** View Outputs



Number 5 in Data Cube Filters. Create outputs from visualization in the forms shown above. The default view is Totals.

## **Add to Dashboard**

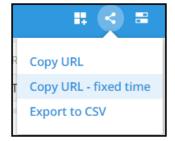
FIGURE 143 Add to Dashboard



Number 6 in Data Cube Filters. Allows you to add a tile you are currently developing to an existing dashboard or to a dashboard that you want to create.

## **Share Link**

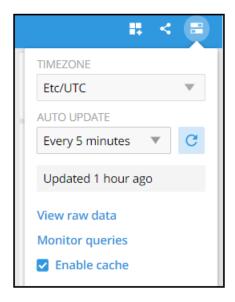
FIGURE 144 Share Link



Number 7 in Data Cube Filters. You can share the URL, Export to CSV, View raw data, or download the information.

# **Options**

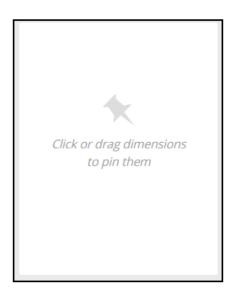
#### FIGURE 145 Options



Number 8 in Data Cube Filters. Allows you to set the time zone as well as to perform the other functions shown.

## **Pinboard**

#### FIGURE 146 Pinboard



Number 9 in Data Cube Filters. Click or drag dimensions and pin them on the pinboard. Retain the dimensions for ready reference during visualization.

# **Creating a Data Explorer Dashboard**

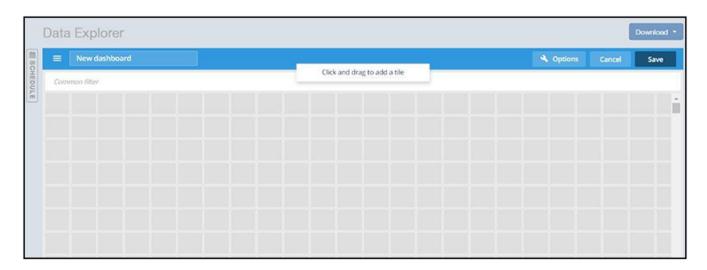
You can create custom dashboards in the Data Explorer portion of SCI to focus on data you are interested in that encompasses any or all of the nine existing data cubes. These dashboards can be saved so that you can create reports for this unique data set whenever you wish.

The steps below guide you through an example of creating a dashboard in Data Explorer.

1. Click + Dashboard in the upper-right portion of the Data Explorer page in SCI.

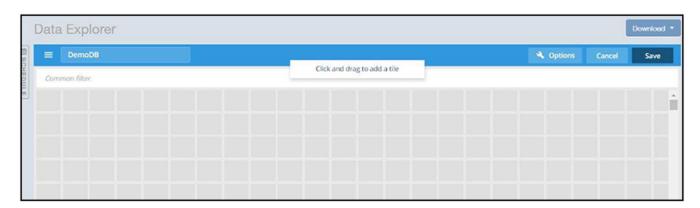
The **New dashboard** screen is displayed:

#### FIGURE 147 New dashboard screen



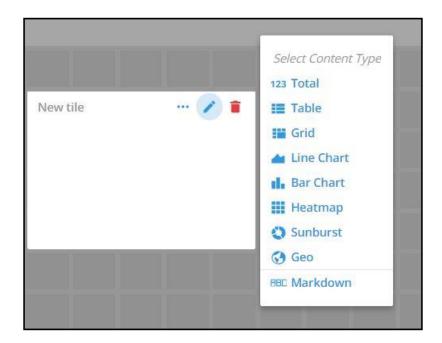
2. Highlight the "New dashboard" text and give the dashboard a name (DemoDB in this example):

#### FIGURE 148 Naming the New Dashboard



3. Drag your cursor to highlight any number of small boxes on this screen. A popup configuration window appears, as shown in the following figure:

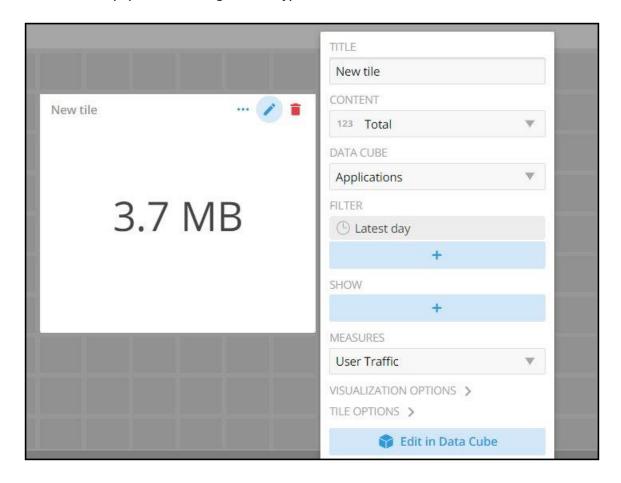
FIGURE 149 Adding a Tile to Your Dashboard by Using the Popup



4. Using the popup and the icons, continue to build your tile. For example, you could select the following the Content Type **123 Total**.

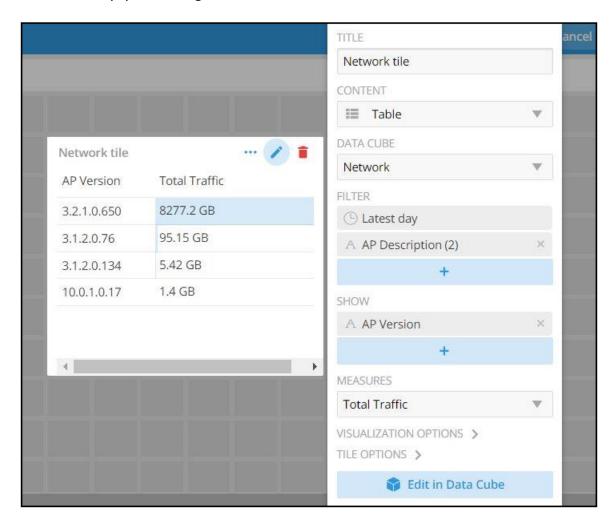
The following popup appears:

FIGURE 150 New-Tile Popup After Selecting Content Type of 123 Total



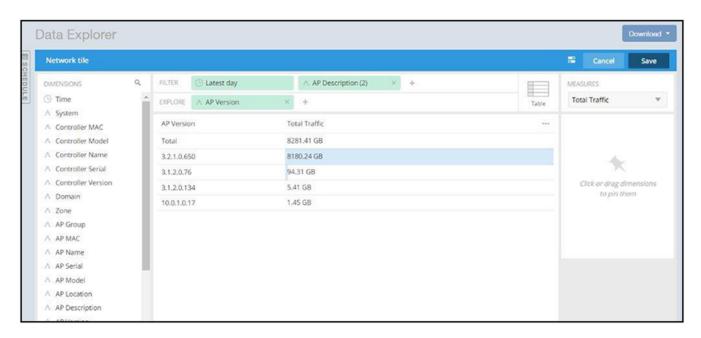
5. Next, you can customize this tile by making the selections you want, as shown in the following example:

FIGURE 151 New-Tile Popup After Doing Some Customization



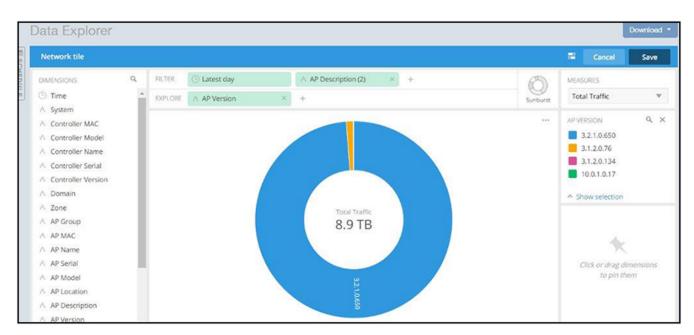
6. You could then click the option to Edit in Data Cube, which brings you to the following mode:

FIGURE 152 Editing New Tile in the Data Cube



7. You can continue to make edits to the tile. For example, you can hover over the Table icon and change the way the data is represented. The example below shows this data in a sunburst representation.

FIGURE 153 Sunburst Representation of Tile in Data Cube



- 8. When you are done with your selections for the first tile you are adding to your dashboard, click **Save** in the upper-right portion of the screen.
- 9. Using the steps demonstrated above, you can continue to add as many tiles as you want to your dashboard.

# **Actions You Can Perform on an Existing Dashboard**

You can perform many actions on an existing dashboard, such as adding or removing tiles, editing existing tiles, deleting tiles and deleting the entire dashboard.

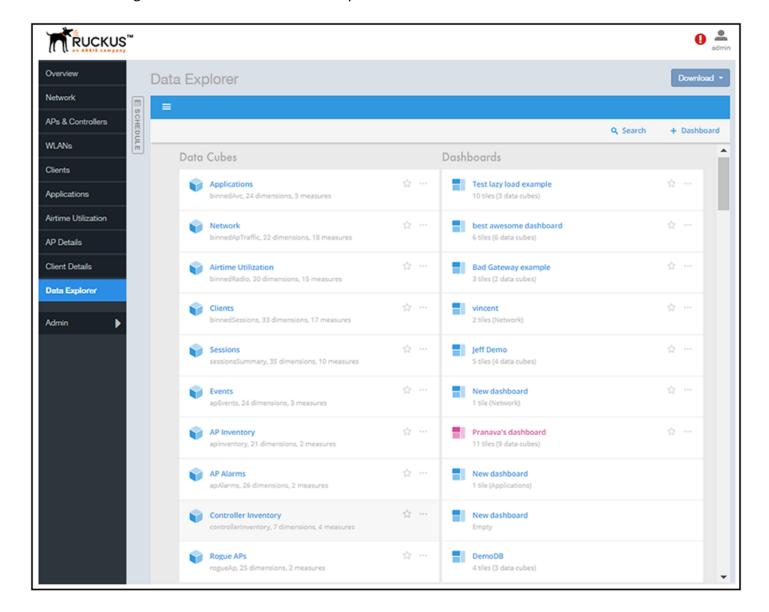
## **Opening a Dashboard**

When you click the Data Explorer tab in SCI, you get a display of all the data cubes on the left side of the window, and a list of existing dashboard on the right side. To open a dashboard, do one of the following:

- · Locate the dashboard you are interested in from the list on the right side of the screen, and click on it.
- Click the Options menu (the three horizontal-lines "hamburger" bar near the upper-left portion of the screen), then either use the Search area or locate the desired dashboard to open it.

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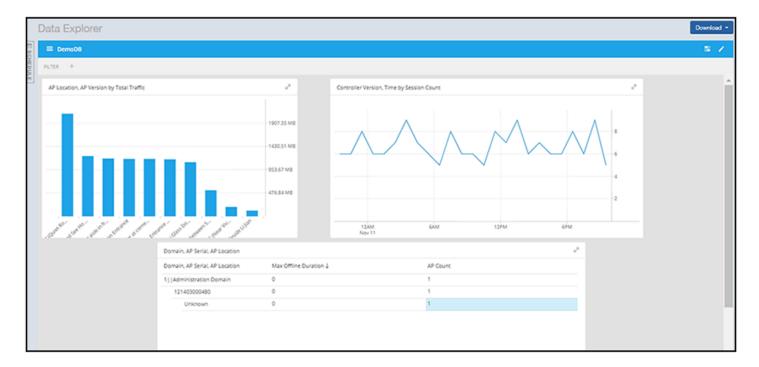
#### FIGURE 154 Existing Dashboards Listed on Main Data Explorer Window



# **Editing a Dashboard**

To perform various editing functions on a dashboard, first open the dashboard you want, as in the example below:

FIGURE 155 Dashboard example with three tiles



In the upper-right portion of the screen, the following icons are displayed:

#### FIGURE 156 Dashboard-Editing buttons



The following table identifies each icon and the actions you can perform:

**TABLE 7** Icons for Editing a Dashboard

Icon	Name of Icon	Actions You Can Perform
	Dashboard options	Clicking this icon allows you to change the following settings:  Time zone  Auto-update interval
		Enabling/disabling cache
	Edit this dashboard	Clicking this icon allows you to do the following:
		<ul> <li>Rearrange or resize the tiles by using your cursor.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Make changes to specific tiles within the dashboard by using the icons</li> </ul>

#### TABLE 7 Icons for Editing a Dashboard (continued)

Icon	Name of Icon	Actions You Can Perform
		that appear for each tile:
		🥕 📋
		<ul> <li>Use the three dots to duplicate the tile.</li> <li>Use the Pencil icon to add or remove dimensions and measures for the tile as well as to change the representation of the data for the tile.</li> <li>Use the garbage-can icon to delete the tile from the dashboard.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Click on the <b>Options</b> tab in the upper-right portion of the screen:         This invokes another screen containing general information about the dashboard. From there, there are two tabs - one called "General" and one called "Sharing." In the <b>General</b> tab, you can do the following:     </li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Rename the dashboard</li> <li>Add or modify a description of the dashboard</li> <li>Change the color theme</li> <li>Decide whether to enforce the time filter</li> <li>Delete the dashboard.</li> </ul>
		In the <b>Sharing</b> tab, you can set who you want to view and edit the dashboard.
		<b>NOTE</b> Remember to click <b>Save</b> to save your changes.

# **Exporting Raw Data Using the SCI Virtual Machine Command Line Interface**

You can use the SCI VM command line interface to export larger amounts of raw data than can be obtained with the user interface. This data can come from any data cubes, dimensions, filters, etc. that you want.

Follow these steps to export the raw data you are interested in.

#### **NOTE**

It is recommended to never run more than one export command at a time because data could accidentally be overwritten.

1. Log in to your SCI VM.

2. Navigate to the following directory:

```
/storage/ rsa-api/ export /configs
```

- 3. Locate the file called config-template.yml
- 4. Open the file using a text editor.

The file contains instructions on what to do. You will need to either comment out certain lines or un-comment certain lines in the file, as directed, and will need to fill in the desired values of data cubes, dimensions, and other items as directed.

5. Once you have made the changes in the config-template.yml file, be sure to save it under a different name that is meaningful to you, while leaving the original config-template.yml file in tact for future use.

#### NOTE

If you are using SFTP, place the key file in the following directory:

```
/storage/rsa-api/ export /keys
```

6. Run the following command to export the raw data:

```
sudo docker exec -it rsa-api yarn export-raw <config-file-name>
```

where <config-file-name> is the name of your customized .yml file.

The raw data should be returned to the command line interface. Refer to the following topics for more information:

- Template File for Exporting Raw Data on page 133
- Raw Data Output for Dimensions and Measures on page 135

# **Template File for Exporting Raw Data**

This is the example config-template.yml that you can copy and edit according to the desired output.

```
# This is an example configuration file in YAML format. Lines starting with '#' are comments.
# Refer to http://www.yaml.org for detailed specification. Please change values accordingly.
# All attributes are required unless specified as 'Optional'.
# Version: 1.0
# Date:
          17 Oct 2017
  # The data source name (case-sensitive). Refer to detailed API reference guide regarding how to
  # retrieve the actual value of data source name. Alternatively you may get it from URL
  # while accessing a particular Data cube via Data Explorer.
  # Example: access Data cube 'Clients' by accessing URL (replace {HOST} with your SCI master node
  # IP address, authentication may be required):
     https://{HOST}/report/dataExplorer#/d/binnedSessions/Clients
  # The 'dataSource' of 'Clients' is 'binnedSessions' in this example
  dataSource: 'foo'
  # ISO 8601 timestamp (e.g, yyyy-MM-ddTHH:mmZ)
  # Examples:
    (1) '1970-01-01T00:00Z' for UTC
    (2) '2017-01-01T00:00+0300' for UTC +3
(3) '2017-01-01T00:00-0800' for UTC -8
     (4) '2017-01-01T00:00+0530' for UTC +5:30
```

#### Data Explorer Dashboard

Exporting Raw Data Using the SCI Virtual Machine Command Line Interface

```
# Make sure that 'startTime' is before 'endTime'.
  startTime: '2017-01-01T00:00:00Z'
  endTime: '2017-02-01T00:00:00Z'
  # Optional (comment out if it does not apply)
  # In the format of '<key>': [a list of values], e.g., 'system': ['foo', 'bar']
  # The key name refers to the actual case-sensitive value (not display name) of a particular
  # dimension of a data cube. Refer to detailed API reference quide regarding how to retrieve the values of
  # dimensions. Alternatively, you may export a few rows (i.e., 1 minute) without filter and check
  # out the title of the CSV file for all filter dimension names
  # For a particular filter, results match any of the values specified in the list for that specific
  # key would be returned. If multiple filters specified, only results match all of them would be
  # returned.
  # Example:
  # (1) Get all rows for 'system' equals to 'foo' or 'bar'
  # filters:
     'system': ['foo', 'bar']
  # (2) Get all rows for 'system' equals to 'foo', AND 'ctrlMac' equals '99:F6:66:2A:B2:80'
  # filters:
      'system': ['foo']
     'ctrlMac': ['99:F6:66:2A:B2:80']
  # Uncomment and change the following lines to apply filters
  # filters:
 # '<key1>': ['value1', 'value2']
# '<key2>': ['value1', 'value2']
destination:
 # 'ftp' or 'sftp' only (case-sensitive)
protocol: 'ftp'
  # The hostname or IP address of the FTP server
 host: 'localhost'
  # FTP login username
  # For 'sftp', it refers to the SSH login username
  user: 'ftp-username'
  # Required by 'ftp' protocol only
  # FTP server login password
 password: 'ftp-password'
  # Required by 'sftp' protocol only
  # File name only of the SSH public key. The file must exist in directory
  # '/storage/rsa-api/export/keys' on 'SCI' master host
  # privateKey: 'changeme.pem'
  # Apply to 'sftp' protocol only
  # Passphrase for 'privateKey' if any, leave it with empty value '' or remove it otherwise
  # passphrase: 'changeme'
  # The prefix for exported file names. If it contains path of sub-directories (e.g.,
  # 'path/to/dir/example'), those directories (i.e., 'path/to/dir') must exist on FTP server
  # beforehand
 prefix: 'example'
```

# **Raw Data Output for Dimensions and Measures**

The output you generate from raw data contains dimensions and measurements for the various data cubes.

Refer to the following tables:

- Table 8
- Table 9

The following table lists and describes all the dimensions that can be displayed in the raw-data output you generate.

#### **TABLE 8** Dimensions

Dimension name	Description	Supported Data Sources
alarmCode	Unique string assigned by the controller to an alarm.	AP Alarms
alarmState	Indicates if the alarm is outstanding.	AP Alarms
alarmType	Description for access point and controller alarms.	AP Alarms
alarmUUID	Unique string assigned by the controller to an alarm.	AP Alarms
apDescription	Description string of the access point that is configured in the controller.	<ul> <li>Applications</li> <li>Network traffic</li> <li>Airtime Utilization</li> <li>Clients</li> <li>Sessions</li> <li>AP Events</li> <li>AP Inventory</li> <li>AP Alarms</li> </ul>
apExtIp	External IP address of the access point.	<ul> <li>Applications</li> <li>Network traffic</li> <li>Airtime Utilization</li> <li>Clients</li> <li>Sessions</li> <li>AP Events</li> <li>AP Inventory</li> <li>AP Alarms</li> </ul>
apFwVersion	Firmware version number of the access point.	<ul> <li>Applications</li> <li>Network traffic</li> <li>Airtime Utilization</li> <li>Clients</li> <li>Sessions</li> <li>AP Events</li> <li>AP Inventory</li> <li>AP Alarms</li> </ul>
apGroupName	AP Groups configured in the controller.	<ul> <li>Applications</li> <li>Network traffic</li> <li>Airtime Utilization</li> <li>Clients</li> <li>Sessions</li> <li>AP Events</li> </ul>

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Dimension name	Description	Supported Data Sources
		<ul><li>AP Inventory</li><li>AP Alarms</li></ul>
aplp	Internal IP address of the access point.	<ul> <li>Applications</li> <li>Network traffic</li> <li>Airtime Utilization</li> <li>Clients</li> <li>Sessions</li> <li>AP Events</li> <li>AP Inventory</li> <li>AP Alarms</li> </ul>
apLocation	Location string of the access point that is configured in the controller.	<ul> <li>Applications</li> <li>Network traffic</li> <li>Airtime Utilization</li> <li>Clients</li> <li>Sessions</li> <li>AP Events</li> <li>AP Inventory</li> <li>AP Alarms</li> </ul>
арМас	Base MAC address of the access point.	<ul> <li>Applications</li> <li>Network traffic</li> <li>Airtime Utilization</li> <li>Clients</li> <li>Sessions</li> <li>AP Events</li> <li>AP Inventory</li> <li>AP Alarms</li> </ul>
apModel	Description of the access point model type.	<ul> <li>Applications</li> <li>Network traffic</li> <li>Airtime Utilization</li> <li>Clients</li> <li>Sessions</li> <li>AP Events</li> <li>AP Inventory</li> <li>AP Alarms</li> </ul>
apName	Name of the access point configured in the controller.	<ul> <li>Applications</li> <li>Network traffic</li> <li>Airtime Utilization</li> <li>Clients</li> <li>Sessions</li> <li>AP Events</li> <li>AP Inventory</li> <li>AP Alarms</li> </ul>
арр	Name of the application accessed by the WiFi client.	• Applications
apSerial	Serial number of the access point.	Applications

Dimension name	Description	Supported Data Sources
		<ul> <li>Network traffic</li> <li>Airtime Utilization</li> <li>Clients</li> <li>Sessions</li> <li>AP Events</li> <li>AP Inventory</li> <li>AP Alarms</li> </ul>
AuthMethod	The WiFi encryption and authentication method adopted.	<ul><li>Clients</li><li>Sessions</li></ul>
category	Category for access point and controller alarms or events.	<ul><li>AP Events</li><li>AP Alarms</li></ul>
channel	The WiFi channel number used.	<ul><li>Network</li><li>Clients</li><li>Sessions</li></ul>
clientlp	Internal IP address of the WiFi client.	<ul><li>Clients</li><li>Sessions</li></ul>
clientMac	MAC address of the WiFi client.	<ul><li>Applications</li><li>Clients</li><li>Sessions</li></ul>
connectionStatus	Connection status of the access point: Online, Offline, Discovery, Provisioned.	AP Inventory
ctrlFwVersion	Firmware version number of the controller.	<ul> <li>Applications</li> <li>Network traffic</li> <li>Airtime Utilization</li> <li>Clients</li> <li>Sessions</li> <li>AP Events</li> <li>AP Inventory</li> <li>AP Alarms</li> <li>Controller Inventory</li> </ul>
ctrlMac	MAC address of the controller.	<ul> <li>Applications</li> <li>Network traffic</li> <li>Airtime Utilization</li> <li>Clients</li> <li>Sessions</li> <li>AP Events</li> <li>AP Inventory</li> <li>AP Alarms</li> <li>Controller Inventory</li> </ul>
ctrlModel	Description of the model of the controller.	<ul><li>Applications</li><li>Network traffic</li><li>Airtime Utilization</li><li>Clients</li><li>Sessions</li></ul>

#### Data Explorer Dashboard

Exporting Raw Data Using the SCI Virtual Machine Command Line Interface

Dimension name	Description	Supported Data Sources
ctrlName	Name of the configured controller.	<ul> <li>AP Events</li> <li>AP Inventory</li> <li>AP Alarms</li> <li>Controller Inventory</li> <li>Applications</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Network traffic</li> <li>Airtime Utilization</li> <li>Clients</li> <li>Sessions</li> <li>AP Events</li> <li>AP Inventory</li> <li>AP Alarms</li> <li>Controller Inventory</li> </ul>
ctrlSerial	Serial number of the controller.	<ul> <li>Applications</li> <li>Network traffic</li> <li>Airtime Utilization</li> <li>Clients</li> <li>Sessions</li> <li>AP Events</li> <li>AP Inventory</li> <li>AP Alarms</li> <li>Controller Inventory</li> </ul>
disconnectTime	Disconnect time of a session.	• Sessions
domains	Domains configured in the controller.	<ul> <li>Applications</li> <li>Network traffic</li> <li>Airtime Utilization</li> <li>Clients</li> <li>Sessions</li> <li>AP Events</li> <li>AP Inventory</li> <li>AP Alarms</li> </ul>
eventCode	Code number for access point and controller events.	AP Events
eventType	Description for access point and controller events.	AP Events
firstConnection	First connection time of a session.	• Sessions
hostname	Hostname configured in the WiFi client.	<ul><li>Clients</li><li>Sessions</li></ul>
lastStatusChangeTime	Date and time of the last change in Connection Status of the access point.	AP Inventory
manufacturer	Manufacturer information for the WiFi client.	<ul><li>Clients</li><li>Sessions</li></ul>
memoryUtilization	Percentage of memory being used by the controller.	Controller Inventory
osType	OS information for the WiFi client.	• Clients

Dimension name	Description	Supported Data Sources
		• Sessions
port	Port of the application accessed by the WiFi client.	• Applications
radioMode	Indicates the radio frequency band: 2.4GHz or 5GHz.  Possible values are: ac, n, a, g, b, or	<ul> <li>Applications</li> <li>Network traffic</li> <li>Airtime Utilization</li> <li>Clients</li> <li>Sessions</li> <li>Clients</li> </ul>
- Tadio Mode	"unknown" (if SmartZone version is prior to 3.6).	• Sessions
reason	Additional description for access point and controller alarms or events, if available.	<ul><li>AP Events</li><li>AP Alarms</li></ul>
roamingSessionId	A unique session ID that is created when a client roams to multiple APs within a short-enough time span that the client is connected to these APs simultaneously.	<ul><li>Clients</li><li>Sessions</li></ul>
sessionId	ID string assigned to a session.	<ul><li>Clients</li><li>Sessions</li></ul>
sessionType	Indicates whether the session is authorized or unauthorized.	<ul><li>Clients</li><li>Sessions</li></ul>
severity	Severity level for access point and controller alarms or events.	<ul><li>AP Events</li><li>AP Alarms</li></ul>
ssid	Service set identifier (SSID) configured in the controller.	<ul><li>Applications</li><li>Network traffic</li><li>Clients</li><li>Sessions</li></ul>
system	System ID of the controller or the SmartZone Cluster.	<ul> <li>Applications</li> <li>Network traffic</li> <li>Airtime Utilization</li> <li>Clients</li> <li>Sessions</li> <li>AP Events</li> <li>AP Inventory</li> <li>AP Alarms</li> <li>Controller Inventory</li> </ul>
timestamp	Timestamps are represented in UTC timezone format.	<ul> <li>Airtime Utilization</li> <li>Network traffic</li> <li>Applications</li> <li>AP Events</li> <li>AP Alarms</li> <li>AP Inventory</li> <li>Clients</li> <li>Controller Inventory</li> <li>Sessions</li> </ul>

#### Data Explorer Dashboard

Exporting Raw Data Using the SCI Virtual Machine Command Line Interface

#### **TABLE 8** Dimensions (continued)

Dimension name	Description	Supported Data Sources
username	Username of the user account associated with the WiFi client.	• Clients
		• Sessions
zoneName	Zones configured in the controller.	Applications
		Network traffic
		Airtime Utilization
		• Clients
		• Sessions
		AP Events
		AP Inventory
		AP Alarms

The following table lists and describes all the measures that can be displayed in the raw-data output you generate.

#### **TABLE 9** Measures

Measure name	Description	Supported Data Sources
airtimeBusy	Average of the airtime busy metric in percentage form.	Airtime Utilization
airtimeldle	Average of the airtime idle metric in percentage form.	Airtime Utilization
airtimeRx	Average of the airtime receive metric in percentage form.	Airtime Utilization
airtimeTx	Average of the airtime transmit metric in percentage form.	Airtime Utilization
airtimeUtilization	Average of the total airtime utilization in percentage form.	Airtime Utilization
count	A count for each event and alarm type.	AP Events
		AP Alarms
cpuUtilization	Average CPU utilization for the controller in percentage form.	Controller Inventory
disconnectDuration	Indicated how many milliseconds an AP has been disconnected.	AP Inventory
diskFree	Average free disk space, in bytes, for the controller.	Controller Inventory
diskUtilization	Average disk utilization, in percentage, for the controller.	Controller Inventory
failedAssoc	Number of failed associations.	Network
diskTotal	Total amount of disk space, in bytes, on the controller.	Controller Inventory
firstRss	First received signal strength of the access point in dBm.	• Clients
firstSnr	First signal to noise ratio at the access point in dB.	• Clients
lastRss	Last received signal strength of the access point in dBm.	• Clients
lastSnr	Last signal to noise ratio at the access point in dB.	• Clients

#### **TABLE 9** Measures (continued)

Measure name	Description	Supported Data Sources
licenseCount	Total number of licenses available on the controller?	Controller Inventory
licenseUtilization	Percentage of available licenses currently being used on the controller.	Controller Inventory
maxRss	Maximum received signal strength of the access point in dBm.	• Clients
maxSnr	Maximum signal to noise ratio at the access point in dB.	• Clients
memoryUtilization	Average memory utilization for the controller, given in percentage form.	Controller Inventory
mgmtRxBytes	Traffic volume, which is received from AP (Access Point) in IEEE 802.11 control and management frames. This includes all unicast, multicast and broadcast traffic.	<ul><li>Network traffic</li><li>Airtime Utilization</li></ul>
mgmtTraffic	Traffic volume, which is transmitted and received in IEEE 802.11 control and management frames. This includes all unicast, multicast and broadcast traffic.	<ul><li>Network traffic</li><li>Airtime Utilization</li></ul>
mgmtTxBytes	Traffic volume, which is transmitted by AP (Access Point) in IEEE 802.11 control and management frames. This includes all unicast, multicast and broadcast traffic.	<ul><li>Network traffic</li><li>Airtime Utilization</li></ul>
minRss	Minimum received signal strength of the access point in dBm.	• Clients
minSnr	Minimum signal to noise ratio at the access point in dB.	• Clients
noiseFloor	Average noise floor power in dBm.	• Clients
newAssoc	Number of successful associations.	Network
rxFail_r	Receive packets which failed to be processed due to insufficient buffer in AP.	Network
rxBytes	Sum of userRxBytes and mgmtRxBytes.	<ul><li>Network traffic</li><li>Airtime Utilization</li><li>Applications</li><li>Clients</li><li>Sessions</li></ul>
Session Count	Number of unique sessions.	<ul><li>Clients</li><li>Sessions</li></ul>
sessionDuration	The length of a session, given in milliseconds.	• Sessions
throughputEstimate	Average throughput estimate for the WiFi client.	• Clients
traffic	Sum of the user and management traffic.	<ul> <li>Network traffic</li> <li>Airtime Utilization</li> <li>Applications</li> <li>Clients</li> <li>Session</li> </ul>
txBcastFrames_r	Number of broadcast packets transmitted by the network.	Network

#### Data Explorer Dashboard

Exporting Raw Data Using the SCI Virtual Machine Command Line Interface

#### **TABLE 9** Measures (continued)

Measure name	Description	Supported Data Sources
txDropDataFrames_r	Tx data frames that are dropped by the message queue.	Network
txFail_r	Transmit packets which failed to be processed due to insufficient buffer in AP.	Network
txBytes	Sum of userTxBytes and mgmtTxBytes.	<ul><li>Network traffic</li><li>Airtime Utilization</li><li>Applications</li><li>Clients</li><li>Sessions</li></ul>
txMcastFrames_r	Number of multicast packets transmitted by the network.	Network
txUcastFrames_r	The number of data packets transmitted by the network that are not broadcast or multicast packets.	Network
userRxBytes	Traffic volume, which is received by AP (Access Point) in IEEE 802.11 MAC Service Data Unit (MSDU) data frames. This includes all unicast, multicast and broadcast traffic.	<ul><li>Applications</li><li>Network traffic</li><li>Airtime Utilization</li><li>Clients</li><li>Sessions</li></ul>
userTraffic	Traffic volume, which is transmitted and received in IEEE 802.11 MAC Service Data Unit (MSDU) data frames. This includes all unicast, multicast and broadcast traffic. User Traffic = Rx User + Tx User	<ul><li>Applications</li><li>Network traffic</li><li>Airtime Utilization</li><li>Clients</li><li>Sessions</li></ul>
userTxBytes	Traffic volume, which is transmitted by AP (Access Point) in IEEE 802.11 MAC Service Data Unit (MSDU) data frames. This includes all unicast, multicast and broadcast traffic.	<ul><li>Applications</li><li>Network traffic</li><li>Airtime Utilization</li><li>Clients</li><li>Sessions</li></ul>

# **PII Hashing**

•	Hashing Data-Source Attributes	. 14	43
•	Template File for PII Hashing	14	43

# **Hashing Data-Source Attributes**

You can use the SCI VM command line interface to hash various data-source attributes.

Follow these steps to hash the attributes you are interested in.

- 1. Log in to your SCI VM.
- 2. Navigate to the following directory:

```
/storage/rsa-api/hashing/configs
```

- 3. Locate the file called config.template.yml
- 4. Open the file using a text editor.

The file contains instructions on what to do. You will need to either comment out certain lines or un-comment certain lines in the file, as directed, and specify the desired data-source attributes that you want hashed.

- 5. Once you have made the changes in the config.template.yml file, be sure to save it under a different name that is meaningful to you, while leaving the original config.template.yml file in tact for future use.
- 6. Run the following command to perform hashing on the desired attributes:

```
sudo docker exec -it rsa-api yarn configure-hashing <config-file-name>
```

where <config-file-name> is the name of your customized .yml file.

# **Template File for PII Hashing**

Use the example config.template.yml file to copy and edit according to the desired attributes to hash.

```
# This is an example configuration file for PII data hashing in YAML format.
# Lines starting with '#' are comments. Refer to http://www.yaml.org for detailed specification.
# Please change values accordingly. It expects content in the following format:
# <datasource>: [<attribute>]
# where <datasource> refers to the data source name and <attribute> refers to the field to be hashed.
# Multiple attributes are separated by comma. Note that only data sources with `clientMac` dimension
# are hashable.
# !!! WARNING !!!
# Values of attributes given in this configuration file will be hashed to meaningless strings and
# they are NOT reversible. Resetting hash for those attributes only affect future values.
# Version: 1.0
          18 Jan 2018
# Date:
# Example:
example: ['attr1', 'attr2', 'attr3']
# Hash `clientMac`, `hostname`, `username` and `clientIp` for data source `binnedSessions`
```

#### PII Hashing

Template File for PII Hashing

```
# Uncomment to apply changes. You may add or remove one or more attributes.
#binnedSessions: ['clientMac', 'hostname', 'username', 'clientIp']

# Hash `clientMac` for data source `binnedAvc`
# Uncomment to apply changes. You may add or remove one or more attributes.
#binnedAvc: ['clientMac']

# Hash `clientMac`, `hostname`, `username` and `clientIp` for data source `sessionsSummary`
# Uncomment to apply changes. You may add or remove one or more attributes.
#sessionsSummary: ['clientMac', 'hostname', 'username', 'clientIp']
```

# **Admin Dashboard**

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	Diagnostics. Diagnostics.	
	Settings.	
	License	
	PCI Profiles	
	Users and Roles	

# **Admin Console**

The Admin pages provide options for configuring SCI's administrative settings, performing diagnostics and system updates, and defining user roles and creating resource groups.

The Admin section is divided into the following pages:

- Status and Updates
- Diagnostics
- Settings
- License
- PCI
- Users & Roles

#### **NOTE**

For information on SCI installation, refer to the SCI Installation Guide, available from support.ruckuswireless.com

# **Status and Update**

The Status & Update page lists the active SCI nodes, alerts you to any important notifications, and displays the current firmware version.

### **Nodes**

The following illustration shows an example of the Status and Update screen when the **Node** tab is selected.

#### FIGURE 157 Status and Update Screen with Node Tab selected



The Nodes section lists the active SCI nodes, and includes the following information on each node:

- Node ID: The ID number of the node
- Node IP: The IP address of the node
- **Node Token:** The Token number or SSH password of the node. This token number is required for a node to connect to another node. The number is available on the UI so that it is a ready reference to the user who wants to connect to a specific node.
- **Node Type:** The type of node. There are two types of nodes, namely master and data nodes. One or more data nodes are required as the system scales and grows larger.
- Node State: The node state is green when in use and red when disconnected and not in use.

### **Notifications**

The following illustration shows an example of the Status and Update screen when the Notifications tab is selected.

#### FIGURE 158 Status and Update Screen with Notifications Tab selected



If any notifications are present in this section of the SCI UI, a red notifications icon appears in the upper-right portion of the SCI user interface next to the admin icon. (This icon disappears once the issue has been handled.)

#### **NOTE**

The only current "level" of notification at this time is *critical*, as shown in the screen above.

In addition, an email notification is sent out every 15 minutes to the email address provided in the **My Account screen > Profile** section of the SCI UI, which you open by clicking on the admin icon in the upper right of the SCI user interface, as shown in the following figure.

#### FIGURE 159 Email Address to Receive Notifications



To receive notifications, you must also be sure that you have configured the outgoing mail server (SMTP) in the Admin dashboard > Settings section.

The following table lists examples of the two types of notifications that you could receive, along with possible solutions.

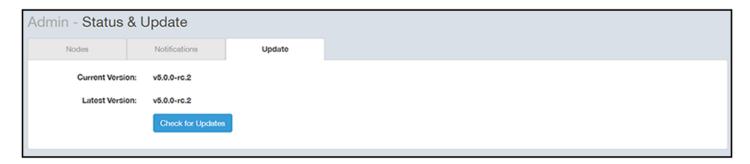
**TABLE 10 Notifications and Possible Corrective Actions** 

Notification	Description	Action(s) to Try
Your master node (IP: 10.x.y.1) has reached 83 percent disk usage.	This notification appears whenever one of the SCI nodes has a disk usage of 80% or more. This notification indicates that you could potentially run out of disk space on SCI.	<ul> <li>Reduce the data retention period by going to the Admin &gt; Settings screen, "Data Retention" section. For more information, refer to the Settings on page 150 section, "Data Retention" portion.</li> <li>Copy your data to a new SCI with more disk space. If you need assistance, contact Ruckus support.</li> <li>Add new data nodes. Because the Hadoop Distributed File System (HDFS) replication factor is two, you need at least two data nodes in your SCI cluster.</li> </ul>
Your Spark cluster (Spark master IP: 10.x.y.2) was unable to accept a job submission.	This notification appears when an ETL Spark job is taking a long time, and SCI is unable to submit the next job. This could mean that SCI is unable to ingest data from the controllers and that SCI is unable to continue to collect data.	Go to Admin > Diagnostics > Spark Master. Search for "Running Applications." If this section shows more than one job running, check again in a half hour. If there is still more than one job shown running in the "Running Application" section, contact Ruckus customer support to ensure that you are not losing data.

## **Update**

The following illustration shows an example of the Status and Update screen when the **Update** tab is selected.

#### FIGURE 160 Status and Update Screen with Update Tab selected



The Update section contains the details of the current version of SCI that you are running and the latest version of SCI that is available (if any).

# **Diagnostics**

The Diagnostics admin page provides links to external tools that can be used to troubleshoot issues in database storage and data transformation.

The following links to diagnostic tools are provided:

• **Data ingestion and ETL jobs:**The Spark Master UI provides details of workers, running applications, running drivers, completed applications and completed drivers.

For more details, see http://spark.apache.org/docs/latest/spark-standalone.html

• **Data lake and raw data storage:**The HDFS or Hadoop system provides details of datanodes, datanode volume failures, snapshot summaries, startup progress, and utilities such as logs and browsing the file system.

For more details, see https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Apache Hadoop

• **Data warehouse:**The Druid Coordinator or Console provides details of the data sources, cluster and indexing services.

For more details, see http://druid.io/docs/latest/design/coordinator.html

### FIGURE 161 Diagnostics

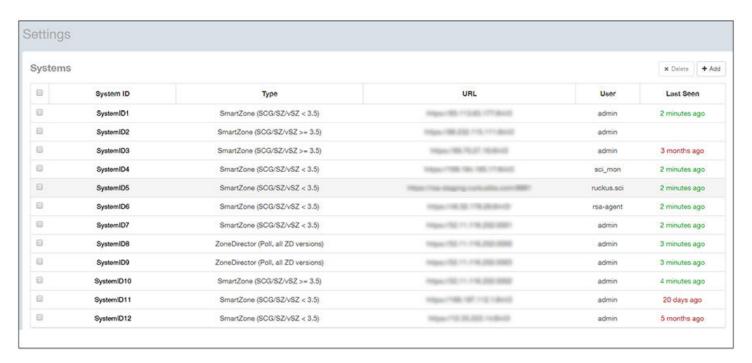
Diagnostics			
Data ingestion and ETL jobs  Spark Master UI			
Data lake and raw data storage  HDFS			
Data warehouse			
Druid Coordinator Druid Overlord			

# **Settings**

The Settings area of the Admin Console is the location to store and update settings required for various features of SCI.

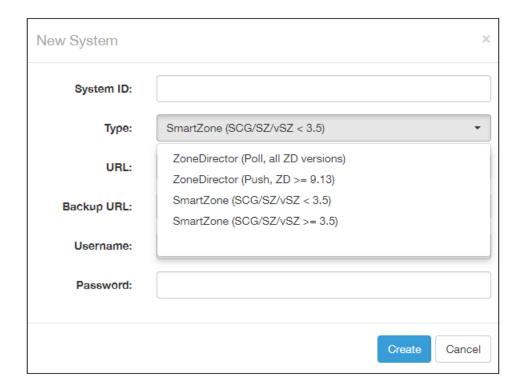
## **Controller Settings**

#### FIGURE 162 Controller Settings



To add a controller, click the **Add** button in the upper right of the Settings screen; a drop-down menu appears for you to select the controller type, as shown in the figure below.

#### FIGURE 163 Adding a New Controller Popup



#### NOTE

For instructions on adding the different types of controllers as well as instructions on deleting or editing controllers, refer to the *SmartCell Insight Installation Guide*, "Configuring SCI" chapter, "Adding and Managing Controllers" section.

## **SMTP Settings**

SCI requires certain settings to enable different areas of the functionality. These settings are listed in this section.

#### FIGURE 164 SMTP Settings

Outgoing Mail Server (SMTP)						
Host:	email-smtp.us-west-2.amazonaws.com					
Port:	587					
Username:	User123					
Password:	Leave blank to remain unchanged					
Encryption:	STARTTLS					
From Email:	rsa@ruckuslbs.com					
	Update Send Test Email					

You can configure the SMTP mail server to send or receive e-mail messages to or from SCI. The SMTP settings section contains the configuration details:

- **Host**: Enter the name of the host. The system now checks the SMTP connectivity and displays an error if the authentication is not successful.
- Port: Enter the port number.
- **Username**: Enter the user name required to access the SMTP mail server.
- **Password**: Enter the password required to access the SMTP mail server.
- **Encryption**: Select the encryption method from the drop down list. You can also disable the encryption by selecting **Disabled** from the drop down list.
- **From email**: Enter the email ID that the messages are sent from.

To save your changes, click **Update**.

You can test your settings by sending a test email. Follow these steps:

1. After you have configured SMTP and saved your changes, click **Send Test Email**. The following popup should appear:

#### FIGURE 165 Send Test Email Popup

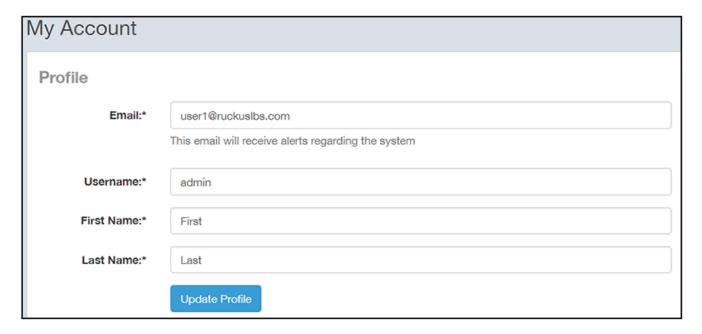


- 2. Click Send.
- 3. Check that you receive an email to confirm that SMTP is working properly. The subject of the email that you receive should be: "Test email from your Ruckus SmartCell Insight." The body of the email should be: "Hi there, this is a test email."

#### NOTE

You should receive the email almost instantly. The email will be sent to the email address that is configured in the My Account screen > Profile section, which you open by clicking on the admin icon in the upper right of the SCI user interface, as shown in the following figure:

FIGURE 166 Email Address to Receive SMTP Test Email Reply from Ruckus



### **Data Retention**

You can configure the time, in months, that you want SCI to retain all your raw and indexed data.

By default, this setting is 12 months, as shown in the screen below:

#### FIGURE 167 Data Retention section of Admin Dashboard



This means that SCI will delete any data older than 12 months. This action takes place on the 1st of each month.

If you want to change the data-retention time, follow example the steps below:

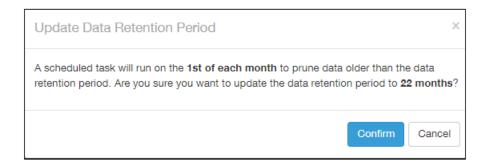
1. Slide the bar to the desired time in months (from 1 to 60) for which you want to retain data. For example, if you want to retain data for 22 months, slide the bar as follows:

#### FIGURE 168 Retaining Data for 22 Months



2. Click **Update**. A confirmation popup appears:

#### FIGURE 169 Data Retention Confirmation Popup window



3. Click Confirm. SCI will now flush data every 22 months, starting on the first of the upcoming month.

#### NOTE

Once data is deleted from SCI, the data cannot be recovered.

## **Instantly Pruning Old Data**

If you need to purge data immediately instead of waiting until the first of the month, run the following script as root user: **sudo/root/cronscripts/prune-data.sh** 

The length of time that the script runs depends of the amount of data to remove. Any data older than the data-retention period specified in **Admin > Settings** of the SCI user interface is immediately purged.

## License

SCI supports a trial license that you can use to try out the product before you purchase it. SCI also supports a permanent SCI license.

SCI has a built in trial license that is valid for three months. You must update this license to the permanent license before the trial license expires to prevent you from being locked out of SCI.

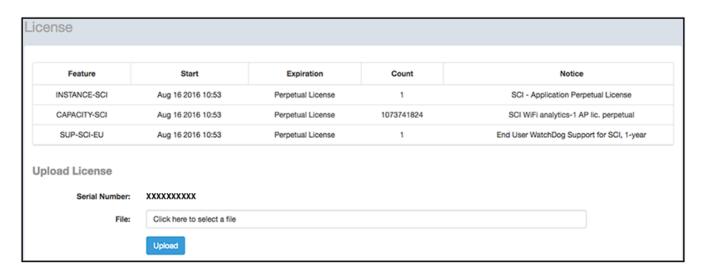
#### NOTE

When your license has expired, you cannot log in to SCI. Instead, you receive a message that your trial license has expired, along with a link to the License page to upload your permanent license.

Follow these steps to upgrade to the permanent license:

- 1. In the SCI web UI, click Admin > License.
- 2. Generate a serial number for the SCI product.
- 3. Use the serial number to purchase and activate a license from the Ruckus support website. The Ruckus website provides a license file that you can download.
- 4. Upload this file to SCI on the License page. The following illustration is example of how the License Page appears, providing status of your licenses:

FIGURE 170 Page to Upload Your License and Obtain Status of Licenses



## **PCI Profiles**

You can generate reports in SCI to determine if your WLANs are compliant with the Payment Card Industry (PCI) Data Security Standard v3.2.

When you navigate to **Admin > PCI** in the left pane of the SCI user interface, the main PCI Profiles screen appears, as shown in the following example.

#### FIGURE 171 PCI Profiles Screen



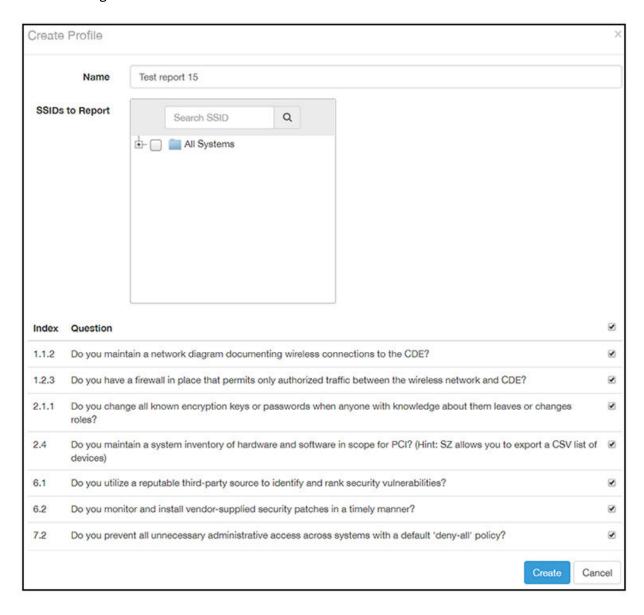
This screen lists the names of the various reports that have been run, the SSIDs on which each report has been run, the date of each report, and whether the overall report passed or failed the PCI compliance test. You can click on the red "Fail" or green "Pass" to observe the detailed report.

### **Creating a PCI Profile**

You can create a PCI profile to run a report that indicates if a WLAN is in compliance with the PCI Data Security Standard v3.2. Follow the steps below to create a PCI profile:

From Admin > PCI in the SCI user interface, click the Create button in the upper left of the screen.
 The Create Profile screen is displayed.

#### FIGURE 172 Creating a PCI Profile



#### Admin Dashboard

**PCI** Profiles

- 2. Complete the screen configuration as follows:
  - Name: Enter any descriptive name for your PCI profile.
  - SSIDs to report: Use the Search area and the + buttons to locate all the SSIDs you want to include in the report, then click the box next to each desired SSID.

#### NOTE

When an SSID is selected for the PCI report, this SSID is identified as part of the cardholder data environment (CDE). Unselected SSIDs in the same zone are considered non-CDE SSIDs. The system will compare the security settings of CDE and non-CDE SSIDs to ensure that the network complies with PCI requirements. Only the zone(s) of selected SSIDs are evaluated for each PCI report.

• Index/Question: Checkmark the compliance questions that you want included in your report. SCI will pull data directly from the controller to check the compliance of each question against the PCI Data Security Standard.

#### **NOTE**

Not all questions are shown in the screen example above.

3. Click **Create** at the bottom right of the screen.

The result of the report (Pass or Fail) appears in the list of PCI profiles on the main PCI Profiles screen, an example of which is shown in Figure 171 on page 156.

### **Opening and Downloading a PCI Profile Report**

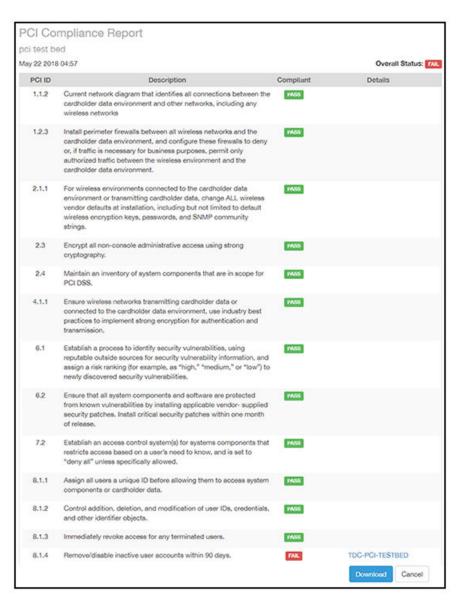
The PCI Profile report gives you an overall status (Pass of Fail) as well as a breakdown of all categories you requested when you created the PCI profile.

Follow the steps below to view and download a copy of your PCI report.

1. From the main PCI Profile screen, an example of which is shown in Figure 171 on page 156, click on either the green "Pass" or red "Fail" button, depending on the report you wish to view.

The report is displayed, as shown in the following example, where both the overall status is provided (in the upper right) as well as the compliancy of each individual item you chose when you created the PCI profile.

#### FIGURE 173 PCI Report Example



2. Click the **Download** button (lower right) to obtain a PDF copy of the report.

## **Editing or Deleting a PCI Profile**

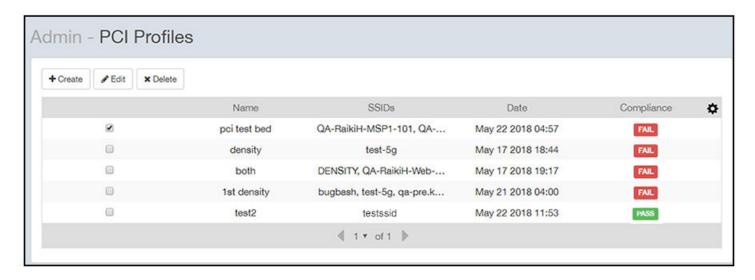
You can edit or delete any PCI profile, as desired.

To edit or delete a profile, check the box or boxes next to the PCI profile, then click the applicable button - either **Edit** or **Delete** - to perform the desired actions.

#### **NOTE**

You can select and delete multiple profiles simultaneously if desired.

#### FIGURE 174 Edit or Delete PCI Profiles



## **Users and Roles**

The Users and Roles page of the Admin dashboard allows you to define who can control the various wifi resources in your system.

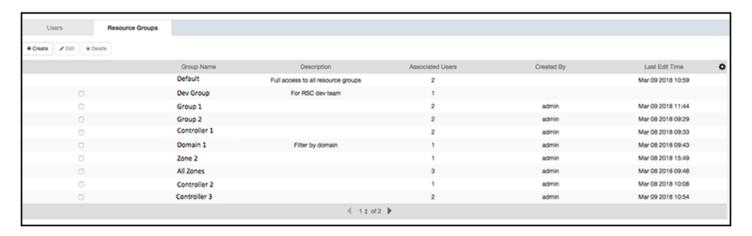
At its most basic level, you perform the following steps to define who has control over these resources:

- 1. Create resource groups. For each group that you create, you select the Access Points, SSIDs, and other assets that you want to belong to that group. This procedure is described in Creating Resource Groups on page 162.
- 2. Create users, then give the user a role, then assign the user to an resource group. The Super Admin role automatically is assigned to all resource groups. This procedure is described in Creating Users and Roles on page 164.

## **Resource Groups**

The following screen shows an example of several configured resource groups:

#### FIGURE 175 Resource Groups Screen



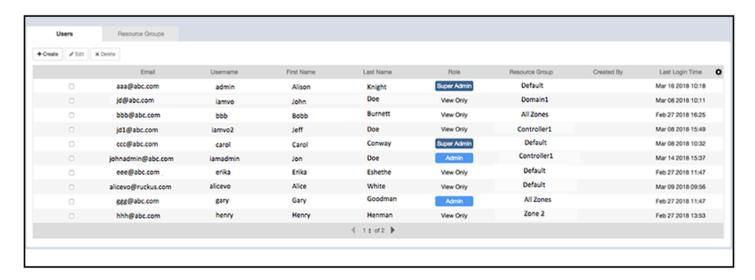
A resource group is made up of your selection of a subset of the wifi assets available in SCI. The filters provided during resource-group selection allow you to select any systems, controllers, domains, zones, AP groups, SSIDs, or individual APs. A resource group allows the Super Admin to confine access for a group of users to a restricted set of wifi assets. Therefore, a resource group is equivalent to a tenant.

SCI contains a **Default** resource group. This group corresponds to the entire set of wifi assets. The **Default** resource group cannot be edited or deleted.

### **Users and Their Roles**

The following screen shows an example of several configured users and their roles:

#### FIGURE 176 Users and Roles Screen



Users are uniquely defined by their email address and their username. and each user must be assigned to only one of three possible roles: Super Admin, Admin, and View Only. The following figure shows the access rights of each role.

#### FIGURE 177 Access Rights for Each User Role

	View Data	Manage Saved Filters	Manage Schedules	Manage Users	Manage Resource Groups	Manage Cluster
Super Admin	~	~	~	~	~	~
Admin	~	~	<b>~</b>	<b>~</b>	×	ж
View Only	~	×	×	×	×	ж

Note the following information about the Super Admin and Admin roles:

- Super Admin: This role can be assigned *only* to the **Default** resource group. The Super Admin has full access rights to all functionality in SCI. The Super Admin is the only role that can exist within the default resource group.
- Admin: This role exists within a resource group. However, a resource group *can* exist without anyone assigned to the role of Admin.

## **Creating Resource Groups**

You can create resource groups and then assign user roles who can manage various wifi resources in your system.

It is recommended that you first create a resource group, and then create users and roles to assign to the resource group. The reason is that, during user creation, you are required to assign a user to a resource group.

### Creating a New Resource Group

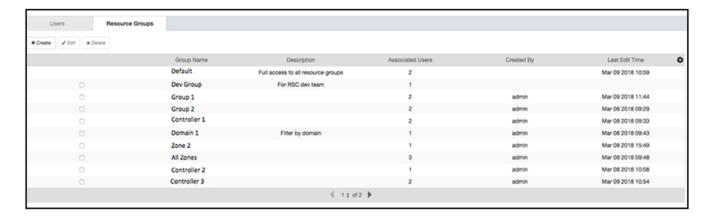
Follow these steps to create a new resource group:

1. In SCI, navigate to **Admin > Users & Roles**.

#### 2. On the **Users & Roles** screen, click the **Resource Groups** tab.

A screen such as the following appears, assuming that some resource groups have already been configured.

#### FIGURE 178 Resource Groups Screen Example



#### 3. Click Create.

A popup appears, such as in the example below:

#### FIGURE 179 Create Resource Group Popup



#### Admin Dashboard

Users and Roles

- 4. In the **Create Resource Group** popup, do the following:
  - a) In the **Name** field, enter a universally unique name for the resource group.
  - b) In the **Description** field, enter a useful description of the group for your own information.
  - c) In the **APs** section, use the filters to select the desired wifi assets.
  - d) Once you select one or more APs, the SSID dropdown is activated, and you can select desired SSIDs.
  - e) To complete the configuration of the new resource group, click **Create**.

The newly configured resource group should now appear in the list of resource groups on the **Users & Roles** screen under the **Resource Groups** tab.

### Editing a Resource Group

To edit a resource group, do the following:

- 1. Click the box to the left of the group you want to edit.
- 2. Click Edit.
- 3. In the popup, make the desired changes, then click **Update**.

### **Deleting One or More Resource Groups**

To delete resource groups, do the following:

- 1. Click the box to the left of the group for each group that you want to delete.
- 2. Click Delete.

#### NOTE

All users associated with these groups are also deleted.

## **Creating Users and Roles**

Once you create resource groups, you can create users, assign roles to these users, and assign users to manage one or all resource groups.

It is recommended that you first create a resource group, and then create users and roles to assign to the resource group. The reason is that, during user creation, you are required to assign a user to a resource group.

### **Creating a New User**

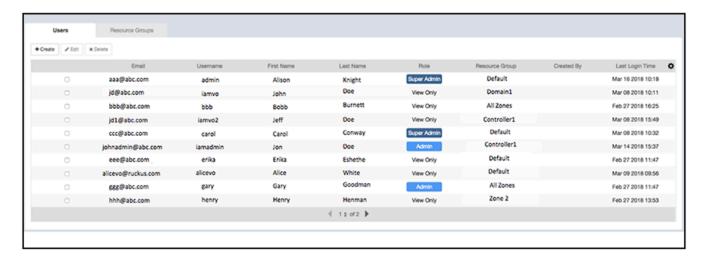
Follow these steps to create a new user:

1. In SCI, navigate to Admin > Users & Roles.

2. On the **Users & Roles** screen, click the **Users** tab.

A screen such as the following appears, assuming there are already configured users and resource groups:

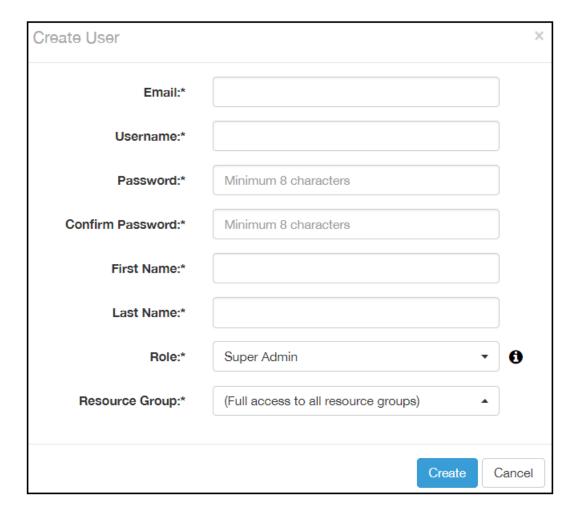
#### FIGURE 180 Users Screen Example



#### 3. Click Create.

The Create Users popup appears:

#### FIGURE 181 Create User Popup



- 4. In the **Create Users** popup, fill out all the information, taking into account the following:
  - All fields are mandatory.
  - Users are uniquely defined by their email address and their username. Therefore, no two users can share the same email address and/or username.
  - The **Role** field has three possible roles: **Super Admin**, **Admin**, and **View Only**. If you select **Super Admin**, then this user automatically has full access to all resource groups, as shown in the popup above. Therefore, a Super Admin is assigned to the **Default** resource group because that group contains the entire set of wifi assets in the system. However, if you select either the **Admin** or **View Only** role for the user, you then need to select only one group from the **Resource Group** dropdown.
- 5. Click **Create**.

The newly configured user should now appear in the list of users on the **Users & Roles** screen under the **Users** tab.

### Editing a User

To edit a user, do the following:

- 1. Click the box to the left of the user whose configuration you wish to edit.
- 2. Click **Edit**.
- 3. In the popup, make the desired changes, then click **Update**.

### **Deleting One or More Users**

To delete users, do the following:

- 1. Click the box to the left of the user for all users that you want to delete.
- 2. Click **Delete**.

#### NOTE

Only a Super Admin can delete another Super Admin. However, a Super Admin cannot be demoted to Admin or View Only roles. The only way to demote a Super Admin is to delete the Super Admin user, then recreate the user with the desired role.

